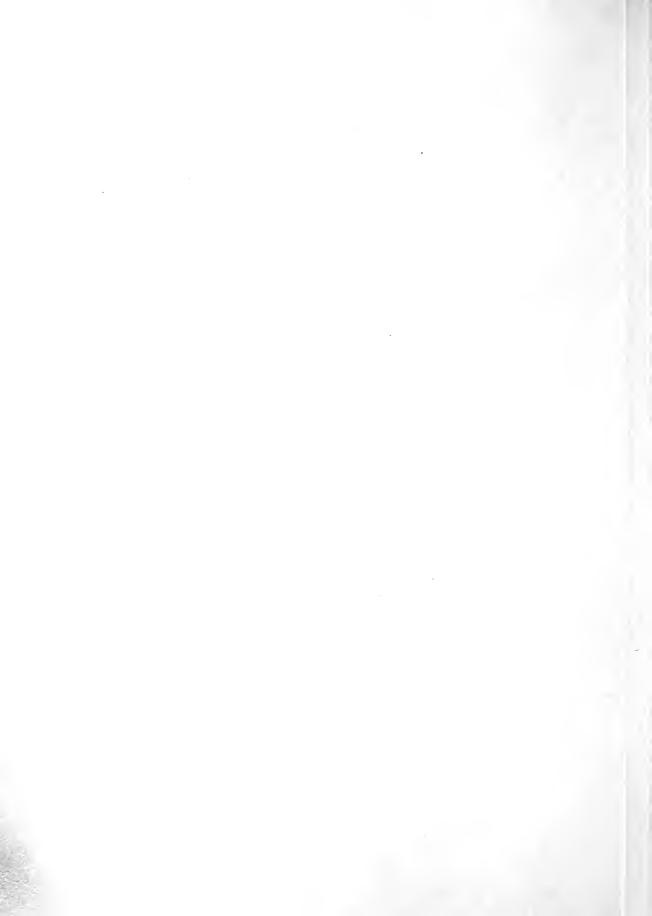
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Premium White Spine Cucumber

Beautiful Dark Green Color, Prolific Yielder, Excellent Quality.

HALL'S Premium Seeds

1929

HATTI, STATI COMIDANS

INCORPORATED

219-221 EUS! Jeffeysom) Opposite gardener's market

Louisville. Kentucki

It Will Stay Green

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 40c; 1 1b., \$1.25.

NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED	PRIC	Œ
AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD		
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<u> </u>		
If you will kindly send us below names and addresses of your friends and neighbors who buy Seeds or Poultry Supplies, we will take pleasure in mailing each of them our catalogue.		
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	AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD	AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD If you will kindly send us below names and addresses of your friends

22,500 Square Feet Floor Space

Convenient

Location



Quality—Service Courteous Treatment

Experienced Practical Salesmen

Modern Equipment The Store with A Heart

OUR NEW HOME

219-221 East Jefferson Street

Opposite Gardeners Market

GENERAL DIRECTIONS TO CUSTOMERS

ORDER YOUR SEEDS AT ONCE. Read this catalogue through carefully and make up your order while you have plenty of time. Planting time will soon slip around and you want to be ready with the seeds on hand. SEND US YOUR ORDERS WHILE OUR STOCKS ARE COMPLETE.

WRITE PLAINLY YOUR FULL NAME AND ADDRESS, state quantity of each variety wanted carry out prices as given in catalogue and state how you want the order sent:—By Mail, Express, or Freight Give Post Office and number of Rural Route, also Express and Freight office.

WE PAY POSTAGE on Packets, Ounces, Quarter Pounds and Pounds at catalogue prices, add postage for larger quantities if ordered by Parcel Post.

OUR PRICES are f. o. b. Louisville, Ky., subject to market changes and previous sales.

PARCEL POST. Seeds, Bulbs, Plants and all other garden supplies, except poisons and liquids, can now be sent through the mails. Parcels weighing 8 ounces or less containing seeds, bulbs or books only, the postage rate to all zones is 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction; over 8 ounces the Parcel Post rate applies. Your Postmaster can give you the zone which you are in with reference to Louisville.

HOW TO SEND CASH

We prefer that you send stamps or Post Office Money Order for small amounts. Send Post Office Money Order, Express Money Order or Certified Checks or Bank Draft on Louisville for larger amounts. Your Rural Carrier or Postmaster will make out the Money Order for you.

WE DO NOT SEND G. O. D., as the cost of collecting return charges is quite an unnecessary item of expense, and the prices being given, we can conceive of no necessity to warrant goods being so sent.

GORRESPONDENCE. We try to give prompt attention to all proper letters of inquiry, etc. We ask, as a favor, that all questions be stated clearly and briefly, and not on order sheets.

ERRORS. We exercise the utmost care in filling orders striving to do a little more than we offer; yet in the press of business, errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please keep copies of all your orders for comparison.

HALL'S PREMIUM SEEDS are just the kind of seeds we would plant in our own garden either for home use or the market and we are very particular.

THE VARIETIES OF GARDEN SEED offered in this catalogue are the BEST for this latitude. They have been tried out and have proven to be the best. We have tried to confine our stock of seeds to those varieties that really have merit and are best suited to our local market. If you are in doubt about which varieties to plant, we sincerely hope this catalogue will help you to decide. We will cheerfully give you any further information that we can.

LARGE ORDERS. Any dealer, market-gardener, institution, or any individual wishing seeds in large quantities is requested to mail us a list of what is wanted and we will promptly return it to them with the very lowest prices marked. A letter of inquiry may save you dol'ars if you want to buy in quantity.

ABOUT WARRANTING SEEDS. While we use great care, both for our own and our customers' interest, to supply and furnish the best seeds that it is possible to obtain, there are so many conditions—weather and other causes—affecting the growth of seeds and the out-turn of crops, that it must be distinctly understood that all our seeds are sold under the conditions in regard to non-warranty of seeds, which have been generally adopted by the seed trade and which are as follows:

"We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crops."

HALCO BRAND FERTILIZERS

Write for Prices Before Placing Your Order.

High Grade Vegetable Grower

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$2.50

Ammonia Phosphoric Acid Potash	8	to 10%	
1 000011	•	0- 0,0	

The Best for Quick Growing Crops, Early Vegetables, Cabbage, Onions, Potatoes, Corn, etc. Use 500 to 1,000 pounds to the acre broadcast or in row.

Tobacco and Potato Grower

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$2.00

Ammonia	2	to	3%
Phosphoric Acid	8	to	10%
Potash	3	to	40%

A complete Plant Food for the Tobacco or Potato Crop. Tankage and tobacco stems are used as a part of the mixture, which insures the best mechanical condition possible. For Potatoes use 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre in the row. For Tobacco use 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre broadcast.

Corn and Wheat Grower

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$1.75

	•	-,	, .	
Ammonia Phosphoric Acid .				

A very popular meduim-priced fertilizer for any grain crop. Use 200 to 400 pounds per acre.

Raw Bone

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$3.25

Ammonia 4	to	5%
Phosphoric Acid22	to	24%

The best for Grass and Grain Crops and building up the il. Use 200 to 500 pounds to the acre broadcast.

Bone Meal

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$3.00

Ammonia ... 3 to 4% Phosphoric Acid ... 27 to 30%

This steamed bone is pure and nicely ground. A splendid plant food for Grass and Grain Crops. Use 200 to 500 pounds to the acre broadcast.

Asparagus Seed

One Ounce will produce about 200 roots; 3 lbs. will produce enough roots for one acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING—The most suitable soil for growing Asparagus is a light, sandy loam, reached by an abundance of sunshine, and kept in a good state of cultivation. Sow the seed in the Spring, in rows about 18 inches apart, using about 15 to 20 seeds to a foot of row, cover with about one inch of soil. By the following Spring the roots will be ready for setting in the permanent bed.

MARY WASHINGTON RUST-PROOF—This variety is without a doubt the most popular Asparagus available today. It was introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture and has proved to possess remarkable rust-resisting qualities. Produces long, straight stalks of a rich green color running darker at the tips. While it has the thickness desired in Asparagus, you will find it the most tender and deliciously flavored that you have ever tasted. For vigor and hardiness, Mary Weshington cannot be excelled. The original plant is still producing after fifteen years.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75. PALMETTO—The large, thick, dark green stalks of this variety have made it a favorite with many gardeners. Produces early and throws an abundance of excellent quality tips, which are distinctly pointed.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

GIANT ARGENTEUIL—A vigorous growing and prolific variety that usually commands a good price on the market. The heads are slightly pointed and closely set with scales; stalks grow to a mammoth size, sometimes weighing as much as four ounces. Its green color gives it a good appearance.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Asparagus Roots

Choice 2-year-old Stock.

Asparagus roots are planted in trenches 1 foot wide and 6 inches deep. Lay the roots 18 inches apart taking care to spread the roots well with the crown up. Then cover them

. We Can Quote Attractive Prices on Car Lots.

Halco Super Phosphate

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$1.75

Halco Acid Phosphate

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$1.50

Phosphoric Acid16 to 18%

Burley Tobacco Grower

Guaranteed Analysis. Bag, 125 lbs., \$2.50

Ammonia	
Phosphoric Acid	. 8 to 10%
Potash (from Sulphate)	. 6 to 8%

A high grade plant food for the Tobacco crop. Made of materials that gradually feed the plants through the entire season. Potash from Sulphate does not spot the leaves.

Halco Special Mixtures

CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN

Ammonia	Phos. Acid	Potash	Price Per Bag, 125 lbs.
2	16	2	\$2.50
4	10	4	2.75
4	16	4	3.00

Pulverized Limestone

Lime is necessary on all acid soils to sweeten them and make them productive; lime makes soluble and available as plant food the immense store of inert and insoluble potash and phosphoric acid already in the soil. Lime combines with the ammonia in manure and in the soil, conserves it in a stable form that is immediately available as plant food.

Ground Raw Rock Phosphate

All soil when cultivated for a number of years becomes deficient in Phosphorus. Raw Rock Phosphate will supply the needed Phosphorus without the bad effect of the Sulphurio Acid contained in Acid Phosphate, at the same time furnishing Lime which most soils need so much. We can furnish Ground Raw Rock Phosphate in carlots of about 30 tons at \$6.50 per ton bulk, F. O. B. cars. Phosphate fields in Tennessee

with about 4 inches of soil. As the plants begin to grow, gradually fill in the trenches to the surface. They may be planted in either single-row or double-row beds, allowing about 3 to 4 feet between beds in either case. 2-year-old plants, set out in the Spring, will yield tips for use the following Spring; however, it is best to cut sparingly the first season. One-year-old plants should not be cut until the second season. MARY WASHINGTON—25c per doz.; \$1.75 per 100; \$15.00 per 1000.

PALMETTO-25c per doz.; \$1.75 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000.

Broccoli

One ounce will produce 2,000 p'ants; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound will plant an acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING—Closely allied to the cauliflower but inferior in quality, though much hardier. The heads are taller and more divided. Sow the seed during April and transplant in May into rich ground. Make the rows 2½ feet apart and allow 18 inches between each plant in the row.

LARGE WHITE CAPE—(125 days). Surpasses all others for earliness and quality. Good for forcing. The head is large, firm and white, finely grained.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$2.25; lb. \$7.00.

Brussels Sprouts

One oz. will produce 1500 plants or sow 500 feet of row; 6 ozs. per acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING—Sow the seed outdoors in June, and when the plants are advanced set them out in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, allowing one foot between each plant. The seed may also be sown thinly in rows and thinned out without transplanting. Brussels Sprouts resemble miniature cabbages and grow thickly along the entire length of an upright stalk. Cooked and served like cabbage.

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED—(125 days). Produces a large crop of sprouts of delicious quality. This variety can be grown under less favorable conditions than others and is superior in quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

BEANS—Dwarf or Bush Green Podded Sorts

CULTURE—If planted at intervals of two or three weeks, commencing after the ground has become dry and warm and continuing until the latter part of August, a supply can be had all through the season. Sow in drills 2 in. deep and 18 in. to 2 ft. apart dropping beans 3 in. apart in the drill. Hoe or cultivate often and very shallow, keeping ground stirred well until they begin to bear. Do not hoe or cultivate while leaves are wet. Pick pods as soon as they are large enough for use. One quart will plant about 125 ft. in drill. Two bushels per acre. Dwarf Beans Very Scarce. Shortest Crop in Years.

EARLY BOUNTIFUL—This is the earliest sort we catalogue, and we recommend it for first planting. The plant is of thrifty growth and practically rust and mildew proof. Pods are large, thick, broad, flat, extra long, very uniform in shape, having a delicious flavor exclusively their own, ready for picking in about 6 weeks.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gal., \$3.00; pk., \$5.50; bu., \$21.00

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gai., \$3.00; pk., \$5.50; bu., \$21.00

BLACK VALENTINE—Few days earlier than Red Valentine; hardier than other green pod varieties. Pods long, round and straight.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE—Most popular. Vines grow erect; darkgreen leaves, pods medium length, round and saddled back, only slight strings; seeds pink, marbled with red.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

TENNESSEE GREEN POD—This is a splendid Extra Early variety for market and more especially home use, being a very heavy producer of large, flat, green pods of the finest flavor, which is in some respects similar to that of a pole bean. It continues to blossom and bear for several weeks after the first setting of pods.

Pkt., 100; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—A valuable round pod bean absolutely stringless; pods are long, fleshy and tender, of a vigorous rapid growth and extremely early. Most popular of all snap stringless varieties for marmily use.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gal., \$2.50; pk., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00 ket or family

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gal., \$2.50; pk., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00

GIANT STRINGLESS—An exceedingly productive and very handsome sort.

The pods mature a few days later than the Burpee's Stringless Green Pod and are a little longer and more nearly straight. The quality is very good; leaves small and light green; seed yellow, long and slender.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gal., \$2.50; pk., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00

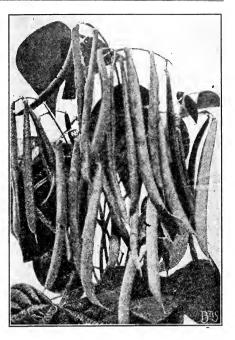
FULL MEASURE—A splendid variety and becoming more largely planted every year. Plants are hardy and prolific, bearing large round stringless, slightly creasebacked pods, which are ready to pick in about seven weeks.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; gal., \$3.00; pk., \$5.50; bu., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00

This Bean offer be absolutely the ever offered. The galways been free galways been free of Red Valentine.



DWARF HORTICULTURAL OR ITALIAN



Hall's Prolific Red Valentine

This Bean offered by us for the first time in 1920 has proven to be absolutely the best and most profitable Dwarf Green Pod Bean ever offered. The plants are very vigorous and healthy and have always been free from diseases which appear in the regular stocks of Red Valentine Beans. The pods are just about twice the length of the regular old time Valentine. The pods are almost straight just slightly curved, but not nearly so crooked as the pods of the regular Red Valentine.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

DWARF HORTIGULTURAL OR ITALIAN—A popular sort with Louisville market gardeners. Pods medium light striped, splashed with crimson or yellowish brown; seeds pale pink, speckled with bright red. Can be used as a shell bean green or dried Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

Wax Podded Sorts

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX—One of the most popular of the Wax varieties. A heavy producer of medium size, round pods, clear and of a waxy white. Used in many instances for pickling; also a very desirable snapbean.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

GOLDEN WAX—Early, vigorous and a bountiful yielder of beautiful tender pods. The vine grows 1½ feet high, holding the pods well off the ground. The pods are shapely, flat and large. Pkt., 100; 1 lb., 500; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX—A splendid variety for main crop. The plants are strong growing and bear their long pods well up from the ground. Pods are long, nearly straight, broad, light golden yellow color. Splendid for canning.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

DAVIS WHITE WAX—A well known market sort, much used for shipping, plants are very vigorous. Pods are long, handsome, nearly straight, light yellow color. The white dry beans are excellent for baking.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

Dwarf Varieties for Shelled Beans

WHITE KIDNEY—Being white, is very popular for soup purposes.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; bu., \$15.00

RED KIDNEY—A well-known shelled bean.
Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; bu., \$12.00

WHITE NAVY—A splendid table variety and very prolific.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; bu., \$10.00

Hall Seed Co., Louisville, Ky. Dear Sirs:

Dear Sirs:
I ordered from you in August one bushel Early Red Valentine
Beans. They were almost 100 percent true to name. If all your
seed are as true to name as your beans were you may be able to
do a good business with growers here the coming season.

E. F. CARPENTER.

BEANS—Pole or Running

CULTURE.—Plant after the soil has become well warmed, using poles six to eight feet long, in rows four feet apart each way. Put five or six beans around each pole and thin to three plants to a pole; or, if preferred, plant in hills a foot apart along a trellis (of poultry netting). Cultivate frequently. Pole beans do best in very rich soil. They do not mature as rapidly as the bush beans, but are more productive. Often planted in a corn field.

IMPROVED KENTUCKY WONDER—Also known as Old Homestead. We believe this is the most extensively planted green-podded pole bean, suitable for use as snaps. It is an early, very prolific sort, with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching 9 or 10 inches, nearly round and crisp, when young. Our stock is fine quality.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$1.00

WHITE KENTUCKY WONDER OR BURGERS STRINGLESS—A splendid variety, early, prolific, bearing handsome pods 6 to 7 inches long. Round, slender and straight, very tender and fleshy, color dark green.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00 KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—One of the earliest of the pole wax sorts. Pods 8

to 9 inches long, thick, decidedly creasebacked, very fleshy, brittle but stringy, attractive and fair quality; color light yellow.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00 TENNESSEE WONDER—A good variety for either pole or cornfield, bears very large green pods, are excellent shell beans.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

white Greaseback or fat Horse—Extremely early; bears in about 45 days. Pods round and borne in clusters which mature about the same time.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

HORTICULTURAL POLE—The pods are of immense size, striped and splashed with brilliant crimson, and the beans, when dry, are colored and marked the same way as the pods.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

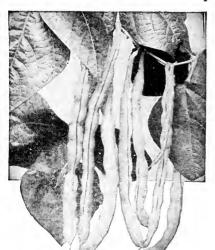
RED SPECKLED GUTSHORT—An old variety, very popular for planting among corn. Vines medium size; snap pods, medium green, short, 3 to 3½ inches in length, straight flat to oval; fleshy and of good quality.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00 LAZY WIFE—One of the most productive and easiest gathered of the pole beans. Green pods, 4 to 5 inches long, and are borne in large clusters. Beans White. Very desirable for shelling.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.60; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$11.00

KENTUCKY CORNFIELD—One of the best varieties as a general purpose late green shell bean for either home or market. The vines are vigorous with large, light colored beans. The pods are medium length, about five inches, pale green when young, becoming as they mature yellowish green striped or splashed with red. The beans are large, oval, flesh colored, splashed and spotted with wine red and of the highest quality, either green or as a dry shell bean. Many like this sort better than Limas. Try some of them. We think you will like them.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00 MC GASLAN POLE—The McCaslan is a pole snap bean that no Southern home



McCASLAN POLE BEAN

garden can afford to be without. It's the one pole bean for any Southern garden and you will never regret planting it. It is unbeatable. The large size pods fill perfectly and in the "snap" stage are deep green in color, meaty, stringless, and of delicious flavor. Vines continue to bear throughout the season if kept closely picked. When allowed to right the shell bears of

ripen the shell beans of pure white color are most excellent for winter use.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00



KENTUCKY WONDER POLE BEAN



GROW PLENTY OF BEANS

Woodbine, Ky., May 27.

Hall Seed Co., Louisville, Ky.

Gentlemen: Ship by P. P. ten lbs. Ky. Cornfield Bean Seed. I don't know whether you know it or not, but this Bean is known as Fall Bean, and is the best Bean on the Market. I planted last year eight lbs., sold \$47.50 worth of Beans besides what three families used and canned.

Yours truly, R. H. PERKINS.

Plant for a continuous supply of "snaps" from early June until frost and also for dry beans for winter use. They can largely take the place of meat and are much more wholesome.

Bush Lima Beans

CULTURE—Lima beans are not as hardy as snap beans, and should not be planted quite as early. They do best in good rich, loamy ground, and should be planted in rows two or three feet apart and from three to four inches apart in the row, covering about two inches deep. Cultivate often, only when leaves are dry.

NEW FORD HOOK BUSH LIMA—An improved bush lima of the Dreer type. The plants stand erect and of a true bush lima growth. The pods are well filled with from 3 to 5 large fat beans; is more prolific than any of the other large varieties and earlier than Burpee's Bush Lima. Being easily shelled market gardeners will profit by planting this bean.

Pkt., 15c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.50; pk., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA-Produces a magnificent crop of pods, which measure from 5 to 6 inches long by one and one-quarter inches wide. Compared with Burpee's Bush Lima both pods and beans are much larger, while the beans, either green or dry are nearly twice as thick. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods that are truly enormous in size. The luscious green beans are larger than any bush lima ever known. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; bu., \$15.00

WOOD'S PROLIFIC BUSH LIMA-Similar to Henderson's Bush Lima, only larger and more productive, and just as early.

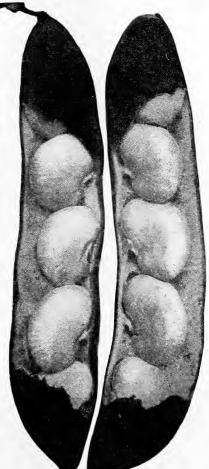
Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA-Enormously productive; earlier than Pole Lima; pods are small, but well filled. (Crop Short).

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA-A dwarf variety of large white beans.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00



HALL'S GIANT PODDED POLE LIMA BEAN

NEW WONDER BUSH LIMA-Similar to Burpee's Bush. Plant is more dwarf and inclined to make runners, pods are broad and flat.

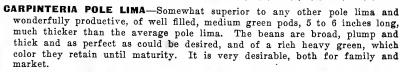
Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; gal., \$2.50; pk., \$4.75; bu., \$18.00

Pole Lima or Butter Beans

HALL'S GIANT PODDED POLE LIMA-The largest podded and heaviest cropper of all Lima Beans. The pods often measure 8 inches in length by 11/2 inches in width. The beans are extra large and

thicker than most other sorts. Dark green in color and finest flavor. The pods borne in clusters of from four to eight, stands out well from the foliage and are very easy to pick.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00



Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

EXTRA EARLY JERSEY-Week or ten days earlier than other pole lima. We recommend it to be a very profitable lima bean.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

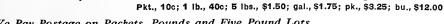
KING OF THE GARDEN-A medium early variety; large pods. A general favorite with market gardeners.

Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00 FORD'S MAMMOTH PODDED-The pods of this bean grow in clusters and

obtain an average length of 6 inches, with 5 to 7 beans to the pod. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

LARGE WHITE LIMA—Best for a general crop. A little later than other lima beans. Very productive.

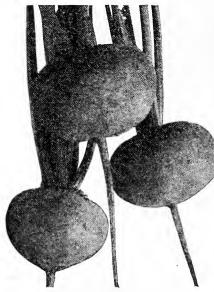
SMALL LIMA OR SIEVA-Heavy cropper; pods small, but well filled. Commonly called Butter Bean. About ten days earlier than other pole varieties.





BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA BEAN

We Pay Postage on Packets, Pounds and Five Pound Lots



CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN BEET PREMIUM STOCK

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN (Premium Stock)— The most largely used variety for early planting outdoors for bunching, leaves planting outdoors for bunching, leaves medium green, tinted red. The roots are flattened globe shaped and very smooth, the exterior color of the beet is bright red, the flesh of our strain is bright vermilion red, very sweet, tender and of excellent quality. Our Premium Stock is a decided improvement over the stocks usually offered. It is extra selected, exceptionally uniform shape and color. We recommend our Premium Stock for the most critical market gardners trade.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

Mangels and Sugar Beets

MAMMOTH LONG RED—The largest of all Mangels and the heaviest cropper. They grow to an immense size, weighing sometimes 20 pounds.

Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

GOLDEN TANKARD — Large, cylinder shape; immensely productive. Flesh yellow, zoned with white.

Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

ORANGE GLOBE — Flesh orange yellow, sweet, fine grained; very productive.
Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

KLEIN WANZLEBEN (Sugar Beet)—Probably the best variety for sugar making. A heavy yielder,
Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

Cauliflower

CULTURE—Sow seeds in hot-bed in December or January. When plants are three inches high, transplant into cold frames, 2 to 3 inches apart, and plant out into field in March or April for heading. Set the plants in rows 2 feet apart and about 19 inches apart in rows. Cultivate the same as cabbage. The soil must be very rich and well worked. worked.

EARLY SNOWBALL—A most popular variety for early planting, heads good size, compact and very white.

Pkt. 20c · 1/4 oz. 85c; oz. \$3.00.

EARLY DWARF ERFURT—Best for inexperienced growers. Heads where others fail. Plant dwarf, small leaved.

Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 75c; oz. \$2.50.

Choice Table Beets

CULTURE—For very early crop sow such varieties as Extra Early Dark Red or Crosby's Egyptian in hotbeds in January or February, and transplant. For general crops, sow in freshly prepared soil as soon as the ground will permit, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, covering about an inch deep, and pressing the soil firmly over the seed. When the plants are well established, cut to three or four inches apart. One ounce will sow 50 feet. Drill six to seven pounds to the acre.

EXTRA EARLY DARK RED—This variety is exactly what its name implies, an extra Early Dark Red Beet of splendid quality for either forcing or first early crop outdoors, small tops, beets beautiful dark red color, very smooth, uniform in shape and size, small top root. A field of these beets mature so evenly that every beet can be pulled in two weeks, about five days earlier than Crosby's Egyptian.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN BLOOD TURNIP—This is the best variety for forcing, it is also excellent for first early crop outdoors, being very early, with small tops. The leaves are dark green, shaded and veined with dark red. The roots are very dark red, moderately thick, a little rounded on top, distinctly flat on the bottom, and about two inches in diameter when mature. The flesh is dark purplish red, zoned lighter shade; firm, crisp and tender.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

EARLY ECLIPSE—Second early variety, very desirable for outside planting for bunching, tops somewhat larger than Crosby's Egyptian, the beets are bright deep red, smooth, round or slightly top shaped. Very sweet, crisp and tender, comes in about five days later than Crosby's Egyptian.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

DETROIT DARK RED—We believe this variety is unquestionably the best Beet for main crop, especially for sowing in the field in August. Leaves are dark green, shaded with red. The Beets are medium sized, globular or nearly round. very smooth and of dark blood red color. The inside flesh is deep vermilion red, with zones of a slightly lighter shade. A desirable variety for bunching or packing in crates, on account of its uniformly deep rich red color. We especially recommend this variety for canning. canning. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

ARLY BLOOD TURNIP (Improved) — The old standard table beet, roots nearly round, bright red, zoned of good quality. Tops are larger and coarser than other sorts. A good variety for Summer and Autumn planting.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lbs. 30c; lb.85c.



EXTRA EARLY DARK RED BEET



DETROIT DARK RED BEET

SWISS GHARD (Luculius)—An improved type, leaves dark green, much crumpled and curled; mid-rib and veins white; stalks thick, broad and flat. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

Celery Seed

One ounce will produce 3000 plants; 1/4 lb. will plant an acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING-Celery may be started early in cold frames DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING—Celery may be started early in cold frames or indoor boxes, or when the weather becomes warm, plant outdoors in rows 8 to 10 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch. When plants are advanced, thin out to 5 or 6 inches apart until ready for transplanting into trenches. In July set the plants in shallow trenches 3 feet apart, plants 6 inches apart in the row. Draw the earth around plants gradually to blanch, but avoid getting dirt into the heart and do not work while wet.

GOLDEN PLUME, OR WONDERFUL—Resembles Golden Self Blanching in appearance, crispness and fine nutty flavor, though somewhat earlier, larger and of ranker growth. Blanches quickly with a full heart and rich, golden-yellow color. Apparently more disease resistant than other yellow celeries. A very desirable sort.

Pkt. 20c; oz. \$1.50; 1/4 lb. \$5.00.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING (Selected Stock)—Our strain of this variety is unexcelled and absolutely reliable; this sort is without doubt the finest early celery in cultivation. Plants compact and stocky, with yellowish-green foliage; stalks perfectly solid; of a fine nutty flavor, attains a good size; blanches a handsome golden yellow color.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

IMPROVED WHITE PLUME—A very early, handsome variety; leaves light, bright green; easily blanched a beautiful silvery-white color. A popular sort for first early market.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

GIANT PASCAL—A compact, vigorous, productive variety and one of the best for winter use; leaves upright, short and dark green; stalks short, thick and very broad; blunches a beautiful yellowish-white

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

WINTER QUEEN—Of medium height, broad, light green stalks; very solid and crisp; blanches well.

Pkt 10c; oz 30c; 1/. lb 75c; lb \$250 Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

CABBAGE

CULTURE—The Early sorts should be sown in hotbeds the last of November to first of February, and transplanted in open ground in March or April. The second early sorts can be sown in open ground in March and transplanted in April, and the late varieties sown in open ground in May and transplanted in June. Good, rich mellow, sandy soil is best for cabbage. Cultivate often and draw the earth to the plants as they advance in growth. One ounce will produce about 2,500 plants.

Hall's True Wakefield Cabbage

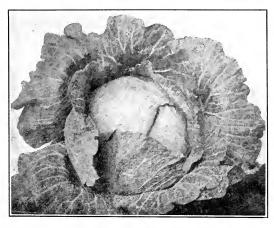
A MONEY MAKER FOR THE MARKET GARDENER

After thorough trials we recommend Hall's True Wakefield Cabbage as the largest and earliest strain of the Wakefield family. It matures about as early as Extra Early Jersey Wakefield and the heads are as large as Charleston Wakefield. If you want a better Wakefield than you have been using order Hall's True Wakefield, Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; lb. \$5.00.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—This variety is the earliest and surest heading of first early Cabbages, heads medium sized, pointed, compact, solid, excellent quality, plants are exceedingly hardy, not only in resisting cold but other unfavorable conditions. Compact with few outer leaves, can be set close together in rows. Our stock is Long Island grown and very choice.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

CHARLESTON OR LARGE WAKEFIELD—About a week later than Jersey Wakefield. Heads are larger, fully as solid, a little less pointed at the top but very broad at base. Our stock is Long Island grown and produces uniformly fine marketable Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.



HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION—A Second early variety for summer use. The plants are vigorous and strong growing with a short stem and have numerous rather short outer leaves which are somewhat filled. Heads are large, deep, firm and will remain in good condition for several days. The Seeds we offer is Long Island grown from carefully selected stock.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

GOLDEN ACRE CABBAGE

GOLDEN AGRE (NEW)—An extra early selection of the Copenhagen type, and the earliest of the round headed cabbages, maturing with Jersey Wakefield. Plant small, dwarf and compact, with few outer leaves; heads of medium size, round as a ball, hard, solid and very uniform.

Pkt. 20c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

GOPENHAGEN MARKET—The earliest large round-headed cabbage of which we know, it is as early or earlier than Charleston Wakefield, the plants are vigorous, with short stem and few outer leaves, the heads mature nearly all at one time, and will stand longer than the Wakefield before bursting. Our stock is from one of Europe's most careful growers.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN-Excellent medium early, short stemmed, foreign variety, heads large, round, and very solid, with few outer leaves. One of the most uniform and desirable varieties, suitable alike for garden or field cul-Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00. ture.

DANISH BALL HEAD—One of the very best winter sorts and one of the most hardy; heads round and very solid. Our selected stock of this cabbage is uncoulded. is unexcelled.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

RIZE HEAD LATE FLAT DUTCH—One of the largest and considered one of the best late market sorts. Heads large and solid, and keep bet-Heads ter than most any other kind.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c;

HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER—An excellent, second early, somewhat flattened cabbage, valuable for the home garden and takes well on the market. It is also well adapted for kraut. The plants are vigorous and strong growing.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

SOLID SOUTH—A magnificent cabbage in which we take special pride and which we cannot recommend too highly. Resembles the Early Summer, but is earlier, larger, more uniform, has fewer outside leaves, and is less liable to run to seed when sown in the fall.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

EARLY DRUMHEAD—Very popular throughout the South and well deserves its popularity, for it makes a most excellent sure-heading second early cabbage of as fine quality as anyone could wish. The heads are large, flattened on top, solid, crisp and tender. Especially adapted for the home garden.

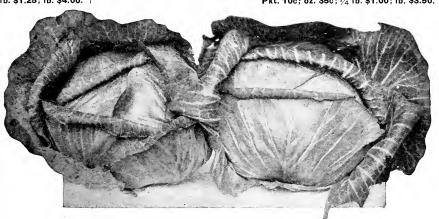
Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c; lb. \$2.50.

adapted for the home garden. PKL 10C; 02. 25C; 1/2 10. 50C; 10. 92.50. EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH—The plants of this valuable second early sort are short steinmed, compact and upright with comparatively few and short leaves. Outer leaves are slightly waved and serrate at the edges. Heads are large for size of plant, nearly round or somewhat flattened, close, firm and very solid. Mature a little earlier than Early Summer, is extensively used for the home garden and market.

LOUISVILLE DRUMHEAD—Home Grown—This variety surpasses all other for late Summer or Autum planting. The plants are very vigorous and stands our hot dry weather better than any other variety. Heads are very large, round, deep and excellant quality, especially fine for kraut. Our strain of this seed is very carefully selected, being grown locally by experts. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

CHINESE CABBAGE-PE TSAI—This new salad plant resembles Cos Lettuce rather than cabbage. It is extremely tender, and with a delightful, mild cabbage flavor. Sow the seed in July and when the plants are large enough transplant them one foot apart, setting the plants deeply in the soil. When the plants are nearly matured they may be blanched by tying them closely with burlap.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.



LOUISVILLE DRUMHEAD-KENTUCKY GROWN



LOUISVILLE MARKET CARROT

Carrots

CULTURE—For the table use, sow the early kinds just as soon as the ground can be worked in spring, in rich sandy soil well fertilized. Sow in rows, 16 to 18 inches apart and thin out to six and eight to the foot. For field culture and winter use sow the seeds in June in rows 18 inches apart in rows. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. Sow from two to three pounds to the acre.

LOUISVILLE MARKET—Introduced by us 20 years ago, today the favorite with our market gardeners. A most excellent medium early half long variety, a very vigorous grower, and heavy cropper. Roots are thick, about six inches in length when matured, uniformly half long or stump rooted, but tapering slightly, smooth deep orange in color, easily harvested. The flesh is very crisp and tender, of fine flavor. Although a medium early sort the roots are suitable for use nearly as early as the Extra Early sorts. We heartly recommend this carrot as the best all around variety either for forcing or main crop. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50

GUERANDE OR OX HEART—Especially desirable for soll so hard and stiff that longer rooted sorts would not thrive in it. The tops are comparatively small. The mature roots are 4½ to 5 inches long, very thick, ending abruptly in a small tap root. The flesh is bright orange, fine grained and sweet. When young the roots are desirable for table use as a medium early carrot and when matured they are equally good for stock feeding.

DANVERS HALF LONG—Grown largely on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all classes of soil, it is a desirable second early Carrot for field culture. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

CHANTENAY—Suited to either garden or field culture. It makes a good yield and is often used for stock feed. It has a medium sized top, small neck, stump root, and a broad thick shoulder. The roots are of an orange color, and the flesh is of good quality.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—A large, long, smooth-pointed variety of deep orange color, requires light, deep soil and the whole season for it to mature. A splendid sort for stock feeding.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

Cucumbers

CULTURE—In February or March, plant seeds in hotbeds, and when there is no more danger of frost plant out in rich ground, in hills from four to five feet apart; or plant seed in open ground as soon as the weather is warm, in hills four feet apart. Plant about 10 to 12 seeds in a hill and cover one-half inch deep with fine soil. Hoe often and when out of danger of insects, thin out plants, leaving four to a hill. For pickling plant from June to August.

PREMIUM WHITE SPINE—After years of selection and improvement we have here the choicest type of White Spine Cucumber we have ever seen, it is early, very vigorous, productive and disease resistant. Fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; flesh white, very firm and crisp, with very few seeds; extra fine for slicing, delightful flavor, color rich dark green which does not turn yellow or fade when shipped a long distance. The Market Gardeners Favorite.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c: 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

WHITE SPINE (STAY'S GREEN)—A very fine strain of White Spine. Fruits very rich dark green, symmetrical, thick and nearly square ended; plant healthy, vigorous and productive. Popular in the South as a shipping variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

EARLY FORTUNE—One of the finest types of White Spine yet produced. Early, very productive and disease-resistant; fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; very firm and crisp, with very few seeds; color rich, dark green, which does not fade when shipped a long distance. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

DAVIS PERFECT—A long dark green type of white spine, a splendid variety for shipping as it retains its dark green color and good qualities long after being picked. Handsome fruits long, smooth, and tapering at both ends; flesh crisp, solid, with few seeds. A splendid sort for growing in greenhouse.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00 Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

KLONDIKE—A medium early, very good strain of White Spine; fruit attractive, full, uniform, rather thick, short and blocky, tapering abruptly at both ends; color very dark green, which it holds well; only fairly productive. 7 x 2% inches.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

LONG GREEN IMPROVED—A standard late, well known table sort, 12 to 14 inches long, they are uniformly slender, more or less warted, and of beautiful dark green color, a splendid variety for slicing, also pickles.

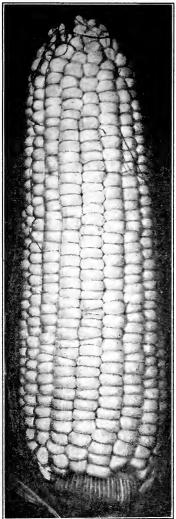
Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

SNOW'S PERFECTED PICKLE—The best for pickling, fruits are early, small and uniform; dark green color, they are square ended which makes them fine for bottling. Our stock is very select. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

-Grown exclusively for pickles. Fruits very small, oval and covered with spines; green. The seed is slow to germinate, usually requiring about twenty days. color light green. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50



PREMIUM WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER



STOWELL'S EVERGREEN

Egg Plant

CULTURE-Sow in hotbeds early CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds early in spring and transplant the young plants when they are 2 or 3 in, high in another bed, 3 in. apart. At the end of April or first of May, plant them in very rich soil, 2 ft. apart. Hoe often, and draw soil towards plants. One ounce will produce 1,000 plants. Use Slug Shot to prevent bugs. prevent bugs.

prevent bugs.

EARLY BLACK BEAUTY—Some earlier than the New York Improved: is a rich glossy dark purple, smooth and perfectly shaped. Very desirable for market.

Pkt.. 40c; oz., 40c; ½ lb., S1.25; lb., \$4.00

FLORIDA HIGH BUSH—Strong, upright growth, holding its fruit well above ground: fruit similar.

upright growth, holding its fruit well above ground: fruit similar in form and size to New York Purple, though not so dark in color. Pkt., 40c; 0z., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

NEW YORK IMPROVED PUR-PLE (Spineless)—Favorite mar-ket variety. Plant large, spread-ing and spineless, producing 4 to 6 large oval fruits of dark purple color. Pkt., 40c; oz., 40c; ½4b., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

CORN Sweet or Table Varieties

CULTURE—Plant as soon as danger of frost is over, in drills three to three and one-half feet apart, and drop from 12 to 18 inches in rows. If planted in hills, put three or four kernels in a place, having hills from three to three and one-half feet each way. The soil should be well pulverized and worked deep before planting. As soon as two or three inches high, cultivate thoroughly. After corn is knee high, cultivate with small-tooth cultivator and continue until tassels bloom. For succession, plant every two or three weeks. About 1 lb. to 250 hills; 10 lbs. per acre.

tivate with small-tooth cultivator and continue until tassels bloom. For succession, plant every two or three weeks. About 1 lb. to 250 hills; 10 lbs. per acre.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS—The earliest variety we offer and extremely hardy. Roasting ears are ready for use about first of July.

Pkt., 100: lb., 300: 5 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$3.00; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$2.00; bu., \$6.00

EARLY ADAMS—About ten days later than Extra Early Adams and larger.

Pkt., 100: lb., 250: 5 lbs., \$50: 25 lbs., \$2.75; gal., \$50; pk., \$1.60; bu., \$5.00

BLACK MEXIGAN—We consider this the second early sort where tenderness and sweetness are the qualities most desired. The ripe grains are bluish black.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 400: 5 lbs., \$1.25: 25 lbs., \$4.00: gal., \$1.25; pk., \$2.25

BANTAM EVERGREEN—A cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen and a most excellent sort of fine quality. Ears \$ inches long, 12 to 14 rowed; matures with Howling Mob: grain rather broad and deep. of a rich golden-yellow color.

Pkt., 100: lb., 400: 5 lbs., \$1.50: gal., \$1.50: pk., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$4.50

WHIPPLE'S EARLY—Very early variety with the deep grain of the Evergreen type. About 5 days earlier than Early Crosby. Stalks 5 to 6 ft. high, of vigorous growth; ears produced 1½ ft. from the ground. often two to the stalk, are 8 in. long, rather "blocky" in form, 16 to 18 and often 20 rowed, filled to the end with rather narrow, deep, wedge-shaped grains of pearly whiteness and high sugar content.

Pkt., 100: lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gk., \$1.50; pk., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$4.50

GOLDEN BANTAM—An excellent early Sugar Corn with golden yellow grains and a delicious flavor all its own. Our stock has been carefully selected.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$4.00; gal., \$1.25; pk., \$2.25

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—The standard main crop variety of Sugar Corn. Ears long, deep grained, and remains in roasting ear condition on the stalks longer than any other variety.

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EXTRA EARLY NORTHERN FIELD—A week or ten days earlier than the regular Northern Field.

Pkt., 100; lb., 300; 5 lbs., 75c; gal., 85c; pk., \$1.60; bus., \$5.00

EARLY NORTHERN WHITE FIELD—An excellent early field variety which is more largely planted than any other variety for the market around Louisville. Our stock is selected and unexcelled.

Pkt., 100; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 60c; gal., 60c; pk., \$1.00; bus., \$3.50

TRICKERS FAVORITE—A late variety of the Adams type: ears very large. hand-

TRUCKERS FAVORITE—A late variety of the Adams type; ears very large. handsome, a splendid sort for the market.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 75c; gal., 75c; pk., \$1.65; bus., \$4.50

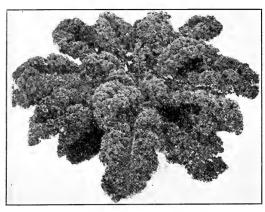
Endive

CULTURE—Sow from May to August in drills and cover lightly. When the plants are up, thin out from 8 to 10 inches apart. When the leaves are 8 inches long, bleach them by tying them together near the top. One ounce will sow 20 feet square. LARGE GREEN CURLED—The leaves are crisp, tufty and full, mid-rib pure white, with large tender white heart.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50



NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE (SPINELESS) EGG PLANT



BLUE CURLED SCOTCH KALE

Lettuce

Kale

CULTURE—Sow middle of April until last of August, broadcast Kale is very hardy and is best when touched by frost. One ounce will produce 2,500 plants. Two pounds to the acre.

SPRING OR SMOOTH—The best for sowing in the early spring. Makes a quick growth of large, smooth leaves.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; lb., 25c.

IMPROVED CURLED SIBERIAN—One of the best known and largely used varieties. Very hardy.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH—Grows very dwarf. Largely used variety. Leaves are light green and nicely curled. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

BLUE GURLED SCOTCH—EXTRA FANCY—Leaves blue green, very showy, hardy. An improved dwarf curled strain.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00

Kohl Rabi

CULTURE—Sow from March to July and treat same as cabbage only in hoeing be careful not to heap too much soil about them. Plant in rows one foot apart and eight to ten inches apart in the rows. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA—Best for main crop. Bulbs are large, white, and of best quality. Re-

mains tender longer than any other sort. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00

Leek

CULTURE—Sow in early spring in drills and when two inches high thin out to one inch apart. When the plants are 6 inches high, transplant in rows one foot apart and six inches apart in rows. Hoe often and draw the soil up to them as they grow. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

LARGE FLAG—Popular old sort.
Makes large round stalks. Very hardy.

Pkt., 10; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00



LOUISVILLE MARKET LETTUCE

CULTURE—Lettuce is the most popular of all salads. Boiled, it is quite equal to spinach, and it is also sometimes used in soups. Lettuce requires good ground and an abundance of moisture. The simplest way is to sow in the open ground early in the spring in rows one foot apart, as the plants begin to crowd, gradually thin out and use as required, so the plants will stand about 10 inches apart in the rows; should be hoed frequently to reach full development quickly. Beginning early in the spring, lettuce should be sown every two or three weeks until the middle of August. This will supply fresh, tender lettuce during the entire season. Lettuce in the ground out of doors, will stand some freezing, but is killed by prolonged frost or frequent freezing and thawing, and to have it at its best should be grown as rapidly as possible, hence the soil should be rich. One-half ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill, which will produce about 1,000 plants.

LOUISVILLE MARKET—We introduced this splendid variety in this market 25 years ago and it has been growing in favor, ever since, and is now being planted by fully 90% of the gardeners in this section. In general appearance it resembles the well known variety of Black Seeded Simpson. However, the leaves are much thicker and will not wilt as easily nor rot off or disease as quickly in greenhouses or hot-beds as the Simpson. It is extra fine for forcing and field planting, has large curled leaves, light green outside, blanching to a light yellow inside; very crisp and tender and of fine flavor.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ b., 60c; b., \$2.00

GRAND RAPIDS—For greenhouse forcing this variety stands undoubtedly at the head of the list. Owing to its habit of growth, all of its leaves are carried well above the soil, which enables it to resist rust and rot better than any other sort. The plant grows in loose clusters, and is very attractive. Leaves are bright green color, savoyed, and finely crimped at the edges, they do not wilt quickly after cutting so that the variety will stand shippin

NEW YORK (Wonderful)—A very large, late, globular heading variety; leaves broad of thick texture, fairly blistered and crumpled, and the borders frilled; color clear dark green; quality good. Known in California and the west as "Los Angeles," and shipped to eastern markets under the misleading name of "Iceberg".

Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00

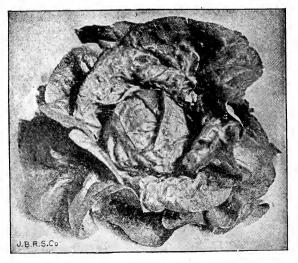
ICEBERG—A large, late, crisp cabbage-heading variety; heads very firm, hard and well blanched; leaves unusually broad very firm, hard and well blanched; leaves unusually broad and quite blistered and crumpled, borders finely frilled; color medium green with faint brown tracing on the border; quality good. Too brittle to be a good shipping variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER—A reliable heading variety; forms a solid head of rich cream color.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

TRIANON COS (Romaine)—Medium large, strictly self-closing lettuce, making a well blanched, firm loaf-shaped head. Color medium dark green. Excellent quality. Also called "White Paris Cos." Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; '4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00



PREMIUM BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

PREMIUM BIG BOSTON—In this variety we offer our extra select strain of this very popular and widely planted lettuce for outdoor culture or cold frames. The plants are large, very hardy and vigorous, the outside leaves in color are bright, light green, and being strong protect the heart when shipping. The inner leaves blanch to an attractive greenish white tinged with light yellow. The heads are solid and very heavy. We recommend our Premium Stock to particular buyers.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

Musk Melon or Cantaloupe

CULTURE—Plant during May and June in hills five to six feet apart. Select high ground if possible, most preferably a sandy loam. If soil is not very fertile, use well rotted manure in hills. Cultivate shallow and very often and continue cultivation as long as practical. Put from 10 to 12 seeds in each hill and after plants are two or three inches high and free from danger of destruction by insects, thin out to three or four. One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.



ROCKY FORD—One of the most popular and most cultivated of all musk melons. Slightly oval in shape, flesh thick, green, very sweet and of finest flavor.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50 Pkt., 100; 0z., 150; ½ 10., 300; 10., \$1.00; 0 10., \$4.00.

GOLD LINED ROCKY FORD—A select strain which is becoming more largely planted each season, the flesh is beautiful light green with gold lining next to the seed cavity which is very small. Delightful flavor and showy. The melons are well netted, good sized and mature earlier than regular type Rocky Ford. Don't fail to plant some of this variety.

Pkt., 10c; 0z., 15c; ½ 1b., 40c; |b., \$1.50

ALE'S BEST—Salmon fleshed Rocky Ford. This is a new variety developed by careful selection from Eden Gem. Absolutely the best variety for shipping. Hale's Best has the deepest flesh, smallest seed cavity and more salmon color than any other type of salmon fleshed Rocky Fords. HALE'S BEST-Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb., \$2.00

HONEY DEW-You will find this variety the bill of fare in all the best restaurants. some extent the flavor is an acquired one, but judging from the increased demand for this melon, a large number of people are acquiring The rind is light green, the flesh the taste. very sweet and of a darker green color. A splendid keeper and shipper.

Pkt., 10c; cz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

TIP TOP- The most popular and largely planted variety for late crop. In shape varies from round to slightly oblong; skin pale green, dis-tinctly ribbed and fairly well covered with shallow netting. The melons are rather large. Flesh is deep yellow, rich and highly flavored, becoming more popular every year with our growers for a market melon. The seed we offer is select and will produce uniform melons. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

BANANA—Long, smooth, yellow skin and flesh, of good flavor; solid and good keeper.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

BENDER'S SURPRISE (The Bender Melon)—A very popular variety. A selection from Surprise and a close kin to Tip Top, differing from that variety in being more oblong, more full and rounded at the ends, not quite as well netted or as early; skin light greenish yellow when ripe. A very delicious, large, salmon-fieshed melon with superior shipping and bending qualities. and keeping qualities.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

PREMIUM GEM—Absolutely the best strain of the green fleshed netted Rocky Ford type.

Melons are about one-third larger and come in about 10 days earlier than Rocky Ford.

Fruit is distinctly ribbed and closely netted, flesh sweet, solid and good flavor. Seed cavity small, vines are very vigorous; immune from blight, rust and other diseases. For a first early Cantaloupe our Premium Gem is best.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

HEARTS OF GOLD—A splendid small, mid-season variety developed from the Hoodoo, being larger and more uniform; fruit round, with tendency to heart-shape, distinctly ribbed and covered with a fine gray netting; flesh very thick, deep salmon color, and of high quality; a good shipping melon.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

HAGKENSAGK (TURK'S CAP)—Fruit large, round, flattened at the ends, deeply and irregularly ribbed, coarsely and heavily netted; flesh green, thick and of fine quality.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

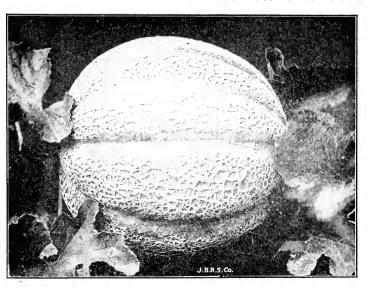
Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

HAGKENSACK, EXTRA EARLY IMPROVED—An early selection from the old Hackensack, maturing from a week to ten days earlier; somewhat smaller and not so deeply ribbed, but otherwise similar to the old type.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

POLLOGK'S 10-25—Best described as a salmon fleshed Rocky Ford, being identical in every way except color of flesh. It is rapidly superseding the green fleshed variety in the large melon growing districts of the South and West.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25



BENDER'S SURPRISE MUSK MELON

WATERMELONS

CULTURE—A hill of watermelons spreads over a large space and should be planted in hills from eight to ten feet each way in order to give them plenty of room. Mix thoroughly with the soil for each hill a forkful of well rotted manure and put about one inch fresh earth over the manured soil. The seed should not be planted until the ground becomes warm and dry. Put 10 or 12 seeds to the hill. After plants are good and strong, thin out to 3 or 4 to the hill. Cultivate often, keep weeds down.

Hall's Wonder Melon or **Improved Kleckley Sweet**

This improved strain has the same red flesh, delicious sweetness and all the other splendid qualities that made Kleckley's Sweet such a favorite. The improvement has been along the line of size and shipping qualities. It is not at all unusual to have them weigh 75 pounds, yet the rind is thin, but so tough that Improved Kleckley's Sweet qualifies for long-distance shipping. distance shipping.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb, \$1.25

STONE MOUNTAIN (New)—This new variety created quite a sensation last year. It is absolutely the best variety introduced recently for home use and nearby markets. It is too large and fine for shipping long distances. It has very few seeds. Good all the way through, almost all heart and absolutely the most delicious melon you ever tasted. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50



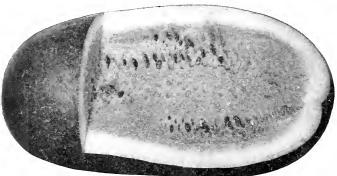
KLECKLEY'S SWEET WATERMELON

KLEGKLEY SWEET—For home use and nearby market this popular variety is unquestionably the leader and favorite. The melons are medium to large, oblong, tapering slightly toward the stem end, dark green, very attractive. Flesh bright rich red; extra sweet, ripening right up to the thin rind which is so little and tender that it will not stand shipping, the fruit bursting open if subjected to even a slight jar. Our stock is unexcelled.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50

IRISH GRAY—In sweetness it is like Kleckley's Sweets; in shipping quality, uniformity in shape, size and in productiveness it compares with Tom Watson. The thin rind is so tough it will not burst from rough treatment in transit; its keeping quality will appeal to shippers who have experienced losses on account of glutted markets. The color is a distinct mottled greenish grey; the flesh is red, sweet, crisp and free from stringiness. An unusual melon, for although a grand shipper it is equally fine for the home garden.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50



EXCEL WATERMELON



HALBERT HONEY WATERMELON

HALBERT HONEY—Very similar to Kleckley Sweet except the Melons are more evenly shaped, and the rind will average darker green in color with a slight tracing or indentation, has all the good qualities of Kleckley Sweet and for home use or nearby market you cannot beat the Halbert Honey. Our Seeds are very select.

Pkt., 10c; 0z., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50

HARRIS EARLIEST—The earliest variety grown, uniformly of long, oval shape, beautifully striped with dark green and gray; flesh red, sweet and crisp.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE—Fruit oblong of light green color, distinctly striped and blofched with a darker shade. One of the largest and most popular sort.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

SWEETHEART—Popular for market. Large, heavy fruits of oval or round form; skin pale green, with distinct netted lines of a darker shade: fiesh is deep rich red and bears shipping well.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

FLORIDA FAVORITE—A splendid large, oblong melon, with dark green skin, faintly striped with still deeper shade, and its solid, juicy, bright crimson meat is deliciously sweet to the thin rind.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50

ICE GREAM OR PEERLESS—Light Green, oval shaped and medium sized; rind very thin, light red flesh.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50



TOM WATSON WATERMELON

TOM WATSON-This variety holds first place as a OM WATSON—This variety holds first place as a combination all purpose melon; is more largely planted than any other variety. It is a splendid melon for shipping, for nearby markets and for home use, a large, long melon, medium green color and companyance the flesh is rich red. and handsome appearance the flesh is rich red, sweet and tender, the rind is thin and tough, making it especially adapted to shipping. The seed we offer is selected and will produce melons of marked uniformity.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50

EXCEL—A large, long dark green melon with faint stripes. Flesh red, crisp, solid and a wonderful Stripes. Flesh red, crisp, solid and a wonderful shipper. White, black and brown seeds. Rivals Tom Watson as a leader in the South.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.50

PREMIUM SEEDS

MUSTARD

CULTURE—Mustard is largely used as a salad or boiled like spinach. Sow early in spring; or, for succession, sow every few weeks till autumn. Sow broadcast or in drills.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—Leaves large, light green, tinged with yellow crimped and frilled at edges.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.50

FORDHOOK FANCY—The plants are of vigorous growth and have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like fine ostrich plumes. It is a handsome variety, of strong growth, yielding a large quantity of greens. The plants stand a long time before bolting to seed. The flavor is mild and the leaves are excellent for garnishing and salads. It is a favorite variety in quite a few sections. Does well even during hot weather.

Pkt., 10c: 0z., 15c: 1/4 [b... 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 [bs., \$4.00; 10 [bs., \$7.50]

Onion Seeds

CULTURE—The ground for onions should be a light loamy soil, and should be ploughed very deep and well fertilized. Sow the seeds in drills 10 to 12 inches apart, about one inch deep. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. One ounce of seed will sow a 50-foot row. It takes 3 to 5 pounds to sow an acre to make large onions, and 40 to 50 pounds to the acre for sets.

YELLOW DANVERS—The best known and most used yellow onion, color bright orange-yellow. A good keeper and of good size.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

WHITE SILVERSKIN—The most popular variety for extensive set growers. Sets are of a flattish shape. Our stock of this variety is extra select.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

RED WETHERSFIELD—The standard variety of red onions.
Bulbs large, flattened; skin deep purple red.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50

RIZETAKER—One of the largest onions grown and the mildest; is productive and a sure cropper; bulbs are globeshaped and of a light straw color. Our seed is American grown and very superior.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00

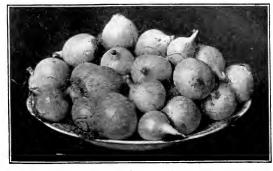
SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—Of the true Southport Globe form with a thin, delicate skin of purest paper whiteness; flesh is very crisp, fine-grained, snowy-white in color and exceedingly mild; usually commands the highest price in market.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00

market. 10c; oz., 30c; ½ 10., \$1.00, 10., \$2.00

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE—The most largely grown yellow market onion and the most profitable. The bulbs are a true deep globe, having a small neck and a heavy, thick skin which makes it an excellent storage sort; the color is a deep yellow or golden-brown, quite distinct from most stocks of this variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ½ 1b., 60c; lb., \$2.00



WHITE SILVERSKIN ONION SETS

EBENEZER OR "JAPANESE"—The Onions are not unlike Yellow Globe Danvers in shape and size, but are superior in Yellow Globe Danvers in shape and size, but are superior in flavor and keep longer. They are firm, solid, have a thin skin, and are agreeably mild. Also planted extensively to produce small sets for the following season.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75

Onion Sets

CULTURE—Plant very early in the spring, if large onions are wanted for winter use; plant in rows four inches apart, half an inch deep and 12 to 14 inches between the rows. Do not entirely cover the set. Cultivate often, but not very deep. Plant potato onions sets in the fall in rows 12 to 15 inches and 6 to 9 inches apart in the row. In order to grow the small green onions for early spring, plant the large potato onions. If the large onions are wanted for winter uses, plant the small green or sets. the small onions or sets.

YELLOW DANVER SETS—Extensively planted in this section for dry onions They keep well and are very mild. Also used for green spring onions. Ask for price on large quantities.

1 b. 30c; 4 lbs., \$1.00; 8 lbs., \$1.60

white Silverskin Sets—A medium sized onion of mild flavor with a beautiful clear white skin; preferred by many when young as a salad or bunching onion.

1 lb., 40c; 4 lbs., \$1.50; 8 lbs., \$2.50

JAPANESE OR EBENEZER—This onion excels all other onions grown from sets in its wonderful yielding and wonderful keeping qualities. Its keeping quality is really extraordinary and the growers claim it will double the yield of any other onion. It matures early, ripens down well, is of good size, hard, firm and mild, and sends up but few seed stalks.

1 lb., 40c; 4 lbs., \$1.50; 8 lbs., \$2.50

RED WETHERSFIELD-1 lb., 40c; 4 lbs., \$1.50; 8 lbs., \$2.50



DWARF GREEN OKRA

Okra

CULTURE-Plant about the middle of spring, after the ground has become warm in drills three feet apart, and thin out plants to about a foot apart in the rows. Hoe often and draw the soil up to the stem. The ground should be well fertilized. One ounce will sow about 20 feet of drill; five or six pounds to the acre.

PERKINS MAMMOTH POD-

The pods are from 4 to 5 inches in length when matured. Handsome green color and good quality.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

IMPROVED DWARF GREEN -Dwarf, stocky growth, pods short, thick and tender.

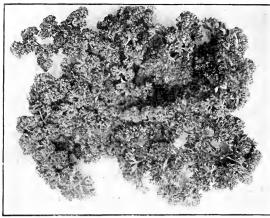
Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

WHITE VELVET-Tall variety, producing long, slender, smooth velvety pods.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 50c.



Sugar or Hollow Crown Parsnip



CHAMPION MOSS CURLED PARSLEY

Peppers

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in March or in seed, beds about the middle of spring, in light, warm soil. When the weather becomes warm transplant the plants, 15 to 18 inches apart each way and earth up a little when hoeing. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.

CALIFORNIA WONDER-Resembles Chinese Giant in the large size and "blocky" form of its fruit, but having an extremely thick flesh not possessed by that variety; crimson fruit. Measures 41/2 in. in length by 4 in. in diameter, mild and sweet; midseason. Pkt. 20c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00; lb. \$10.00.

HARRIS' EARLIEST—The earliest pepper we are acquainted with, being earlier than Neapolitan. Plant

very uniform in growth, dwarf and compact, seldom over 18 inches in height, and extremely productive. Fruits pendent, mild and sweet, similar to Bull Nose in form, three lobed, $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in height by $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. The best pepper for the home garden.

15c: Pkt 15c; oz. 75c; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; lb. \$7.00.

CHINESE GIANT-Largest in cultivation; pepper double the size of the Bell or Bull Nose. They grow four to five inches wide at the top and about the same length.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

CRIMSON GIANT 0R OHIO CRIMSON-Early

maturing large sweet pepper, similar in shape to Bull Nose, much larger and flesh thicker.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE-The best known variety. Pods extra large, mild, thick rind and fleshv. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

RUBY KING-A medium hot pepper, making large pods of ruby-red color.

BON-TON-Unquestionably the best general purpose pepper. An extra large pepper of the Bull Nose type, flesh very. thick and crisp, sweet, delicious flavor. Color, deep green when young; deep crimson when ripe, bright and glossy, the plants are of strong, stocky, erect growth. Try this variety, you will like it.

Pkt. 10c; oz, 50c; 1/4 lb, \$1.50; lb, \$5.00.

Parsley

CULTURE—Sow the seed in spring in drills one foot apart. If wanted for winter transplant in cold frames. Seed should be soaked in warm water a few hours before sowing, as it is very slow to germinate. One ounce will sow about seventy-five feet of drill; five or six pounds to the acre.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED-Leaves are crimped and curled most beautifully. Most popular variety.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00. PLAIN OR SINGLE-Plain leaves, very hardy and stronger in flavor than the curled.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Parsnips

CULTURE—Sow during spring in drills one inch deep, drill 12 to 18 inches apart, and when two or three inches high thin out from four to six inches apart in the rows. Hoe often. Soil should be deep and rich. One ounce will sow about one hundred feet of drill; four or five pounds to the acre.

SUGAR OR HOLLOW CROWN—A standard variety, making long, smooth, white roots, uniform in shape. Tender and well flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

LOUISVILLE SPECIAL-This variety is grown extensively in this vicinity. The extra deep hollow crown and being short and very thick shouldered, it commands the highest market price. The seeds we offer are Louisville grown.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

Peppers

PIMIENTO-A very thick fleshed, heart-shaped, smooth, mild, crimson variety, much used for salads; fruit pendent; 31/2 in. long by 21/2 in., greatest diameter; rather late in season.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00. LONG RED CAYENNE-Sometimes called Lady Finger. Long, hot, bright red pods.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.



BON-TON PEPPER



PEAS INOCULATE THIS SEED



CULTURE-Plant as soon as the ground can be worked. For a succession, plant at intervals of two weeks throughout the season. Plant in rows, the dwarf kind about two feet apart, and the taller kind from in rows, the dwarf kind about two feet apart, and the taller kind from four to five feet apart and about an inch apart in the rows and two inches deep. Hoe often. When well up, set brush along the rows corresponding with the height of pea cultivated. One pound will plant 30 feet of drill; 125 pounds to the acre. If preferred, a succession may be had with one planting, by using one each of the varieties, such as Extra Early Alaska or New Claudit for early Sutton's Excelsior or Gradus for medium, and Telephone or Summer Queen for late.

EXTRA EARLY ALASKA—The seed small, smooth and bluish-green in color; vines are uniform in growth and early maturity of pods, which are well filled with medium sized, bright green peas. They can be planted very early, as it will not rot as easily as the wrinkled variety

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.50; bu., \$9.00

EARLY MAY—Has about the same growth and size of the Extra Early Alaska, except the seed peas are white in color. It is a good producer of well-filled light green pods.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.50; bu., \$9.00

EW CLAUDIT—The best early pea for market or the family garden. The vines are vigorous and grow in height to about two and one-half feet, producing heavily, well filled, large size pods. The peas are of splendid quality and are ready for use in about 50 days from **NEW CLAUDIT**planting.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.00

PREMIUM GEM—A little later than American Wonder. Pods dark green, well filled; peas excellent quality, height of vines about one

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$11.00

DVANGER, IMPROVED—A well known, popular, second early variety, much in favor with the canning trade. A week to ten days earlier than Horsford's Market Garden. Height 2½ feet. Vine and foliage moderately heavy and dark green; pods light green, 3 inches long, straight, round and blunt ended and closely filled with six light green peas of good quality; very productive. ADVANCER.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.60; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

ALDERMAN—Of the Telephone type but with darker pods and peas. Height 4 feet. Vine strong and stout, medium green; pods 4% in. long, very broad, dark green, pointed, straight, though slightly curved at the point, containing nine large, medium green peas of finest quality.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.00

SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR—A fine variety of compact dwarf growth, pods are fully twice as large as American Wonder, maturing almost as early. Pods average 3½ inches in length, well filled with large peas of sweet flavor.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 40c: 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu, \$12.

gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.

SUMMER QUEEN—One of the finest of all large-podded summer varieties. Grows about 3½ feet high; rich dark green color, as are the large pods. Pods are 5 to 6 inches long and contain 8 to 9 large peas of fine flavor.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c: 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.

PRIDE OF THE MARKET—One of the best second early sort; produce large, broad, dark green pods, generally grown in pairs, well filled and of fine flavor.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 40c: 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.

TELEPHONE—An old standard,

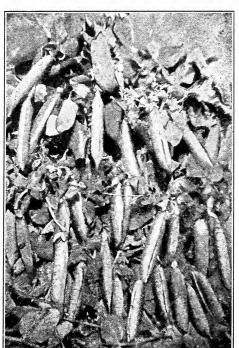
gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12. TELEPHONE—An old standard, high quality, large podded pea. Height 4 feet. Vine and foliage strong and heavy, medium green. Pods 4½ in. long, medium light green, straight, broad and pointed, containing 8 large light green peas, main crop, productive. Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.

gai., \$1.50; pk., \$2.75; bu., \$10.

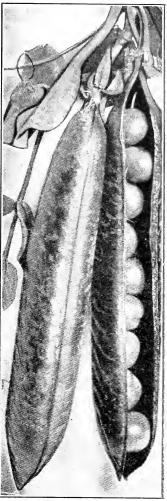
CHAMPION OF ENGLAND—One of the richest, best flavored late peas; well known and popular. Height 4 feet. Vine stout, deep green; pods often in pairs, medium green, 3½ in. long, straight, nearly round and blunt ended, containing 8 light green peas, productive. Season following Telephone.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 40c: 5 lbs., \$1.50.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; gal., \$1.40; pk., \$2.50; bu., \$9.



SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR PEAS



LAXTONIAN PEAS

LAXTONIAN—A very fine dwarf wrinkled variety; excellent for market or home use. The pods are dark green and very large, averaging five inches in length, crowded with six to eight very large peas of fine quality.

Pkt., 10c: lb., 50c: 5 lbs., \$2.00: gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$12.

GRABUS OR PROSPERITY-

The earliest of all wrinkled varieties. Pods are extra large and well filled with big, plump peas, sweet and luscious.

Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$11.

THOMAS LAXTON—Very popular variety among market gardeners. Height 2½ feet. Vines prolific and moderately stout. Pods medium green, 3 to 4 inches long, straight, nearly round and square ended, containing 6 to 8 dark green peas of superior quality. Same season as Gradus but more productive.

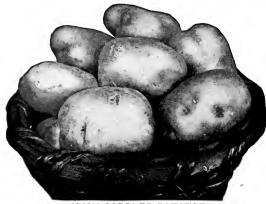
Pkt., 10c: lb., 40c: 5 lbs., \$1.75; gal., \$1.75; pk., \$3.25; bu., \$11.

WHITE MARROWFAT—A standard variety, and well known.
Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50;
gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.50; bu., \$9.

We Pay Postage on Packets, Pounds and Five Pound Lots

HALL SEED CO.Z

HALL'S SELECTED SEED POTATOES



IRISH COBBLER POTATOES

IRISH COBBLER—We believe we are safe in saying that 75 per cent of all the extra early potatoes planted today are Cobblers. It popularity is based principally on its extreme earliness, but is also based on its reputation as a reliable and uniform yielder. One of its strong characteristics is that it makes few if any very small potatoes, practically all being medium to large size, and you rarely see a knotty Cobbler, for they are generally plump, handsome potatoes with smooth skin. The tubers are round to oval in shape, slightly flattened, have strong, well-developed eyes; the flesh is pure white and cooks dry and mealy. A first-class potato in every respect, thoroughly dependable and well worth a place in every garden.

Northern Grown, Large Seed Size
Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.25
Northern Grown, Medium Seed Size.
Pk., 60c; bu., \$1.40; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.00

Ky. Grown Second Crop, Large Seed Size Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.25

Ky. Grown Second Crop. Laty St. 50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.26

Ky. Grown Crop, Small Seed Size

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.00

CERTIFIED IRISH COBBLERS—It is false economy to save fifty cents or a dollar a bag by buying poor common potatoes when certified seed can be had—the most successful potato growers use nothing but certified seed. Certification has done for potatoes what breeding has done for horses, cattle, hogs, etc. During the growing season the fields must be inspected at regular intervals to detect diseases. If the percentage exceeds the limit prescribed by law, the field is condemned. The small additional cost of certified seed over poor seed is not worth considering. There is less disease, more No. 1 potatoes and greater profit to the grower. Every ten-peck bag will carry the tag of the inspection authorities; this is an assurance that every safeguard has been applied to have them as pure as is humanly possible.

Per bag (150 lbs.), \$5.00

RED TRIUMPH—The earliest maturing potato that we offer. Very popular in the South. The Red Triumph is the right Potato for you to plant if you want an extra early and sure cropping potato of the very best quality.

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; 150-lb. bag, \$3.25

PUMPKIN

CULTURE—May be sown in among corn, \$ to 10 feet apart each way. Cultivate same as melons.

WHITE CUSHAW-Creamy white; otherwise about the same as the striped variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 85c; lb. \$1.25

STRIPED CUSHAW-Very large, with crooked neck. Creamy white, irregular striped with green; flesh light yellow, very thick and sweet. Delicious when sliced and baked. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb. \$1.25

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO-Finest of all pie pumpkins. Flesh extremely sweet and of deep, orange color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb. \$1.25

MAMMOTH OR POT IRON-Grow to an enormous size, sometimes weighing 90 to 100 pounds each. A fine keeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

KENTUCKY FIELD-Best for stock feeding. Grows very large, round and of yellow color.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50

CULTURE—Plant about four inches deep in rows 28 to 34 inches apart, and drop the potatoes 10 to 15 inches apart in the row. The soil should be well manured or well fertilized. A ridge should be thrown over the potatoes after planting and then level down just before the potatoes come through, and cultivate well until in bloom, and then ridge up again and leave alone until harvested. Use ASPINWALL POTATO PLANTERS AND DIGGERS.

HALCO BRAND FERTILIZER—Vegetable Grower, Potato and Tobacco Grower. 500 to 1,000 lbs. an acre in the row.

Spray Your Potatoes Potato planters who grow for market all recognize the value of spraying; they know from experience the increased yield and the better quality of the potatoes. For these same reasons, those who grow for their own use should spray. Spraying costs but little, but pays handsomely.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE is the recognized fungicide, preventing disease and stimulating the plants, invigorating them to yield better crops.

ARSENATE OF LEAD AND PARIS GREEN are the universally used insecticides to kill leaf-eating insects. Both can be put into Bordeaux Mixture and applied at a single spraying.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE. ASK FOR QUOTATIONS WHEN READY TO BUY

EARLY OHIO-A well known variety, generally planted for home use. The tubers are oval shaped and of good size, with only few eyes. The skin is tinted with pink. Eating qualities are excellent.

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; 150-lb. bag, \$3.00

PETOSKY-A favorite with most every one that has grown them, being early and uniform in growth, round, white potatoes, of the finest cooking qualities. They produce well on most any fertile soil. They should be used extensively for the family garden.

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.25

EARLY ROSE—One of the most popular for home use, of the Northern grown early potatoes. They grow long and have a pink skin. Cooking qualities very fine.

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; 150-lb. bag, \$3.00

GARMAN—A round, flattened, white potato, with extra heavy producing qualities. Generally planted for main and late crops. Record yields in this locality have been grown from this variety.

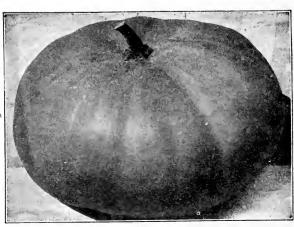
Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.00

BURBANK—A very heavy producer of oblong, good size white potatoes; however, not very early, but extensively planted.

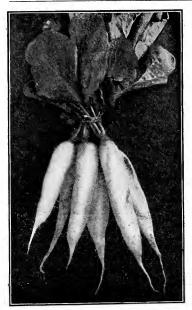
Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; 150-lb. bag, \$3.00

BULL MOOSE—A very heavy producing potato that was introduced a few years ago; has made enormous yields of pure white, oblong potatoes that have extra fine cooking qualities. The vines are very vigorous and stay green much longer than most varieties.

Pk., 75c; bu., \$1.50; bag (150 lbs.), \$3.50



KENTUCKY FIELD PUMPKIN



WHITE ICICLE RADISH

white strasburg—The best of all summer radishes. Grows about five inches long, about two inches in diameter at the top and tapering to a point. Keeps firm and solid longer than any other early variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$3.75

golden globe summer — A round, russet colored skin, with white flesh of good size. Very fine for summer, as it does not get pithy.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00

ROUND SCARLET CHINA—A large, nearly round radish of beautiful rose color; flesh snow white. Very firm and a good keeper.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00

ROSE CHINA WINTER—Bright rose color; roots grow longer and thicker at the bottom than they do at the top. A very desirable variety, and a good keeper.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$5.00

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—An excellent sort for winter. Skin black; flesh white, very compact and highly flavored.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

LONG WHITE SPANISH—A very late radish, with firm, crisp flesh, well flavored.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

LONG BLACK SPANISH—Roots rather long, thick, almost black, with white flesh. Adapted for late planting.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00: 5 lbs., \$4.50

RADISH

CULTURE—For early use sow in January in hotbeds, or sow the early varieties in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in light, rich soil, in shallow drills; and for a succession, sow at intervals of two weeks until May. From May to August sow the summer varieties, and from August until September sow the winter varieties. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; eight to ten pounds to the acre.

SCARLET TURNIP—White Tipped—Beautiful deep searlet radish with a white tip. A general favorite with the market gardener and large shipper. The strain we offer is exceptionally fine and is true to name. (See cut.)

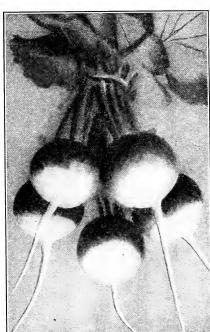
Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

SCARLET GLOBE—We have an exceptionally fine stock of this superb variety. It is one of the very earliest of the forcing radishes and does equally well out side; roots are of fair size, globe-shaped and with a very small top; always crisp and tender; color a bright searlet.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.00

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—A round, deep scarlet radish, with very small top; rich color; crisp and tender flesh. Very desirable for early outdoor planting.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50



SCARLET TURNIP-WHITE TIPPED

white stuttgart—Very large roots, often 4 inches in diameter, and top shaped. A good summer radish, but can also be planted for early fall market. Does not get pithy.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

FRENCH BREAKFAST — About two inches long, decidedly stump rooted. Fine for forcing. Beautiful bright rose in color, and white tipped.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

cincinnati market—One of the handsomest long scarlet radishes known; beautiful bright rose color, almost transparent; brittle and crisp. Matures in about 25 days from time of planting.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

NON PLUS ULTRA—An excellent extra early forcing radish. Root small, nearly round; color bright scarlet; tops very small; flesh white, crisp and well flavored.

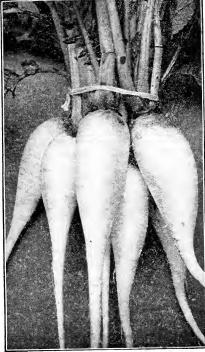
Pkt., 10c; cz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

WHITE IGICLE—A handsome long, pure white radish; extremely early. Ready to pull 25 days after sowing.

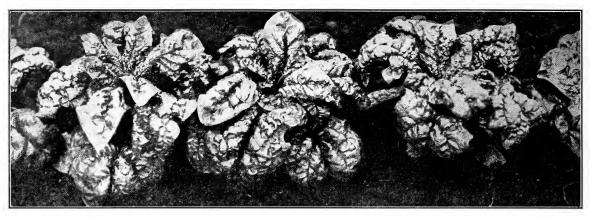
Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50

CHARTIER OR LONG ROSE WHITE TIPPED—The roots are long, scarlet-rose in color, and gradually taper and shape into white at tip.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50



WHITE STRASBURG RADISH



HALL'S BLOOMSDALE SPINACH (PREMIUM STOCK)

Rhubarb

CULTURE—Sow in the spring, in drills one inch deep, drills to be 12 inches apart, and thin the plants out to six inches apart. In the fall, or the next spring, transplant to three feet apart in well fertilized ground. One ounce will produce about 500 plants.

MYATT'S VICTORIA—Seed, Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00 MYATT'S VICTORIA—Roots. 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100

Salsify or Oyster Plant

When properly cooked it is a good substitute When properly cooked it is a good substitute for oysters and is very nutritious. A most palatable vegetable. Sow early in rows, 1½ feet apart and cover firmly 1 inch deep; thin to 3 inches apart in the rows. Salsify may remain in the ground through the winter. The roots are perfectly hardy; in fact, they are best after the frost has touched them.

One ounce of seed will sow 50 feet of drill; 8 pounds will plant an acre.

AMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—This splendid variety will average nearly twice the size of other sorts. Grows very uniformly; mild and delicious in flavor. A popular sort with all growers. See illustration. Pkt., 100; 02., 200; 1/4 lb., 600; lb., \$2.00

Squash

CULTURE—Sow early in drills 12 inches apart, one inch deep, and thin out to two inches in the rows. Keep clean from weeds and cultivate the same as parsnips. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 4 to 5 pounds to the acre.

EARLY WHITE BUSH—Very early. Light cream color; productive; medium sized and good shipper.
Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP—Similar to Early White Bush, though much larger, 10 to 12 inches in diameter, somewhat more warted and of a clear, waxy-white color.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

GOLDEN SUMMER GROOKNECK—Bright yellow; excellent flavor and very productive.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00

GIANT GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK—Are about double the size of the ordinary crooknecks. Same shape

Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25 MPROVED HUBBARD—The standard winter squash; fruits large, heavy and moderately warted; shell dark bronze-green, showing lightgreen markings toward blossom end, flesh bright orange-yellow, fine grained, thick and dry.

Pkt., 10c; 0z., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

For land's sake use Halco Brand Fertilizers and be sure of a good crop. 500 pounds in the row or 2,000 pounds broadcast.



MAMMOTH SANDWICH: ISLAND SALSIFY

Spinach

CULTURE—Sow early in spring, and for a succession at intervals of three weeks. In September and October sow for early spring greens, and cover lightly during the winter with straw. Sow about 12 pounds to the acre, broadcast.

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY—A very early variety and one of the best to plant in the fall for spring use. Plant of upright growth, with thick, glossy, dark green leaves which are crumpled or blistered like those of Savoy cabbage. Quite hardy but runs to seed quickly in warm weather. Used largely by marketgardners.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75

KING OF DENMARK—THE NEW EVER-GREEN SPINACH—It is fit for use in thirty days from time of sowing, and remains in good condition fully two weeks after other varieties have started seed-stalks. It has a beautiful crumpled, dark green, thick leaf of fine quality.

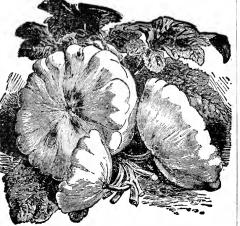
Oz. 10c: 1/c lb. 15c: lb. 50c: 5 lbe \$20c. fine quality.
Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.00

ROUND THICK LEAF—The market-gardner's favorite for fall or spring sowing, in all parts of the country, as it furnishes an abundance of heavy, broad, dark green leaves of finest quality and appearance. The leaves are attractive and of great substance.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75

VICTORIA—An excellent sort, whether grown for home use or market. It may be sown with equally good results, either in the spring or during late summer and fall. The plants are fit for use quite early. The leaves are very thick and juicy and have a delightfully distinct, mild flavor.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 b., 20c; lb., 50c.



WHITE BUSH SQUASH OR PATTY PAN CYMLING

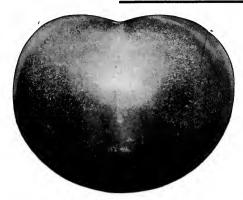
JULIANA — The originators of the Juliana, say that this is undoubted-ly the best second early variety. It is of the same early variety. It
is of the same
type as Victoria,
and very slow to
run to seed. Dark
green and has
short leaf stems.
Pkt. 10c; 0z.,
15c; 1/4 lb.,
25c; lb. 60c.

EW ZEALAND (Tetragonia Ex-pansa) Entirely NEW pansa) Entirely distinct from the true Spinach: plant tall and spreading with numerous side shoots; leaves medium green, rather small and pointed; grows well in hot wealeaves

ther.

Pkt., 10c; oz.,
15c; 1/4 lb.,
35c; lb., \$1.00

HALL'S PREMIUM TOMATOES



Wilt Resistant Tomatoes

If your ground is infested with wilt, your only hope of growing tomatoes is to plant one of the wilt-resistant varieties—no others one of the wilt-resistant varieties—no others can be grown on wilt-infested land. Spraying will not correct it, for it is a fungus that lives in the ground and invades the plant through the roots and kills it. The losses to Southern growers have been enormous—so serious that the United States Department of Agriculture has worked over the problem for years, and has developed several wilt-resistant strains. Norton and Norduke we regard as their best, and our seeds were grown from seed stocks supplied by them.

NORTON WILT RESISTANT—Norton was developed from the Stone, ripens at the same season, and can be classed as a wilt-resistant Stone, but a more abundant bearer and the fruits are more solid. It yields a heavy crop of large, smooth, solid red fruits that ripen slowly, therefore is a good keeper and a good shipper; it is also remarkably drought resistant. An excellent tomato for the home garden, for canning and for the late market.

Ptt. 100: 07. 600: 14 lb. \$2.00: lb. \$7.00

Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; 1/4 lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.00

NORDUKE WILT RESISTANT—The Norduke represents the best effort of the United States Department of Agriculture in wilt-resistant tomatoes. Not as late as in wilt-resistant tomatoes. Not as late as Norton, but makes large, smooth, red fruits that are borne in great abundance. It ripens more quickly than Norton, so does not ship as well, but is a fine tomato for the home garden and for canning. Splendid crops of Norduke have been grown in wilt-infested fields where the entire crop of non-wilt-resistant tomatoes was entirely killed by wilt.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; 1/4 lb., \$2.00; lb., \$7.00

Marglobe (New)

THE WILT AND NAILHEAD RUST-RESISTANT SORT

Developed by the Agriculture Department and thoroughly tested in sections where the above diseases are very destructive. The Marglobe was produced by crossing the Livingston Globe with one or more other varieties, and after seven years of careful selection, we are adding it to our list this season. It is a vigorous grower whether in greenhouse or field. A bright red in color, of large size, almost round, and very productive. It will take the place of many other varieties in greenhouses and sections of the country where wilt prevails. It will pay to try the Marglobe, even if you are not bothered with Tomato diseases. It is very promising.

The seed of Marglobe which we are offering was grown from planting stock supplied by the originator. The quantity is quite limited.

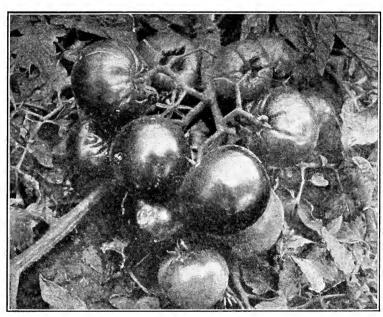
Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00

EARLIANA (Spark's)—The earliest and best of the very early tomatoes; very productive for an early sort; fruit of fair size, round, very smooth and solid, and produced in clusters in center of the plant; color bright scarlet. Our many years of selection on this stock has made it unequalled today.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00

CULTURE—For very early fruit, the seed should be sown in a hotbed about the first week in March, in drills five inches apart and one-half inch deep. Later sowings may be made until the last of April. (Sufficient plants for a small garden can be started by sowing a few seeds in a shallow box or flower-pot and placing in a sunny window in the house.) When the young plants are 3 to 4 inches high, they should be set 4 to 5 inches apart in another hotbed or coldframe, or transplanted into small pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. Expose to the air as much as possible to harden them for planting out. Water freely at the time of transplanting into the open ground and shelter from the sun a few days until the plants are thoroughly established. Cultivate thoroughly as long as the vines will permit, but the last two or three workings of the soil should be very shallow or the crop may be badly injured.

Tomatoes grow splendidly trained to stakes or trellises, and the fruit is much improved, not only in appearance, but in quality. This mode of cultivation is quite common among gardeners who grow for the early market, and at private places throughout the country; especially is this desirable where neatness and at the same time economy of space in the home garden is desired. The usual method is to set one strong plant to a stake 5 to 7 feet high, tying the plant up with wool or other strong, soft twine, and pruning quite freely as the vine advances in growth. By this method plants may set much closer than in the ordinary way. For fine, large specimens of high color and attractive appearance generally, grow the cluster of the fruit in paper sacks, as is commonly practiced by grape-growers. These paper sacks or bags should be put on when the Tomatoes are about three-fourths grown. That about 2,000 plants will be produced from one ounce of seed is a safe estimate.



HALL'S EARLY KING TOMATO

EARLY KING—The largest and best of the purplish-pink tomatoes. Vines are vigorous and immensely productive; fruits very smooth, uniform in size; nearly globe shaped. A profitable tomato for the market gardener.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00

Ten days earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel BONNIE BESTonnie BESI—Ten days earner than Chark's Early Jewer and an early as Earliana; a vigorous grower and enormously productive of smooth, round, globe-shaped fruits; color intense velvety, glowing scarlet. Tomatoes ripen evenly to the stem, without cracking or black spot.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

I. X. L.—One of the earliest varieties. Is very smooth, of good size; color very bright red; ripens uniformly, and is an extra fine tomato for the market. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

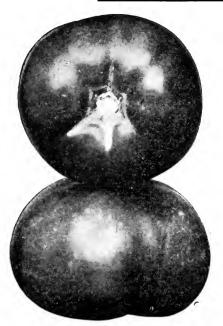
JOHN BAER—This tomato was introduced several years ago, and has proven to be one of the earliest and most profitable varieties, having globe shaped fruit, of a bright scarlet color, good size and smooth, very solid; free from core and with few seeds. The vine is vigorous and continues to bear good size fruits much longer than most other early sorts.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—One of the very best early tomatoes yet introduced. Fruits deep scarlet red, nearly round; large, smooth and of excellent quality.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; //2 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.60

HALL'S PREMIUM TOMATOES Cont'd



RED HEAD TOMATO (New)

DWARF CHAMPION—A purple-fruited variety, forming a strong, erect, bushy plant that needs no support. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

JUNE PINK—Heads the list of all earliest, smooth round purple tomatoes. The fruit, for an extra early sort, grows large; the flavor and quality is exceptionally fine. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00

GULF STATE MARKET— This is the earliest good purple tomato. The fruits are almost true globe shaped and are entirely purple tomaw. The globe shaped and are entirely free from cracks or blemishes about the blossom end. Fruits ripen uni-

formly.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 1/4 lb.,

\$1.75; lb., \$6.00

AVON EARLY—This new extra early scarlet fruited variety which we are offering this year for the first time is the result of several years of careful selection. Fruits are large for so early a variety, round or slightly flattened, deep scarlet red color, smooth, free from cracks and of fine quality. Produces ripe fruit as early as Earliana and continues to yield marketable fruit for a longer period than the other first early varieties. longer period than the other first early varieties. Vines are vigorous and Vines are vigorous and very productive.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 60; 1/4 lb., \$2.25; lb., \$8.00

RED HEAD (NEW)—An exceptionally fine, large, bright red variety, as early as Chalk's Jewel and nearly as large as Stone and as productive; fruits nearly globe-shaped, very solid; vine of medium growth: an excellent canning variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00

ACME EARLY—A well known, hardy, early and productive sort; fruits of fair size, round and smooth; color purplish-pink.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.56

LIVINGSTON'S GLOBE—A large, purplish pink, globe-shaped or very nearly round tomato of excellent quality. It is extensively used for shipping. The vines are very vigorous and productive. The fruits are rather uneven in size but are very smooth and mature a little earlier than most mid-season or main crop varieties.

Pkt., 10c; 0z., 50c; ½ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00

LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY—One of the best and smoothest of the large purple sorts. Heavy bearer and uniform in size. A general favorite with the market gardeners.

kt., 10c; oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., 85c; lb., \$3.50 **EARLY DETROIT**—A very fine, early, large-fruited, purple variety; a little larger than Beauty, and somewhat earlier, fruits nearly globe-shaped, smooth and solid.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE—We recommend this for late planting. A heavy cropper; bears fine, large purple-colored fruit. Very smooth and firm. Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

BUCKEYE STATE—Fruits are exceptionally large, nearly globe-shaped and rather late in maturing; always smooth and solid; purplish-pink in color.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ½ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

PONDEROSA—Largest tomato in cultivation. Not in favor with market gardeners, as it does not grow smooth and is too large. Rich crimson in color; and has very few seeds.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00

early, large, smooth, solid; color golden Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00 GOLDEN QUEEN-Ripens

-Main crop, productive, red fruited variety of the popular with canners.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50 GREAT BALTIMOREthe Matchless type; quite popular

RED ROCK—A fine selection of the Matchless type; medium early, round, smooth and bright red; makes a good canning variety.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50

SUCCESS—Fine second early tomato. Fruit sets in clusters. Bright scarlet, perfectly smooth; excellent for market or home use.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50

MATCHLESS—Deep red color. of uniform size. Good canning tomato. Fruits large and Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00

STONE—Best main crop for canning. Fruit is large, uniform, smooth and of bright red color. Medium early.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50

YELLOW PEAR SHAPE—Used for preserves and to make tomato figs. Fruit golden yellow; distinctly pear shaped and of excellent flavor.

Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50



FAMOUS BRIMMER TOMATO—In size, solidity, meatiness, productiveness and especially in quality, no tomato can compare with Brimmer. ity, no tomato can compare with Brimmer. Fruits weighing from 1 to 1½ lbs. are not regarded as particularly large, for they frequently weigh over 2 lbs. They are practically all meat, have no core and very few seeds. They are free from acid and can be enjoyed by those who can not eat acid fruits.

Pkt., 15c; oz., 75c; 1/4 lb., \$2.50; lb., \$8.00

TURNIP

CULTURE—For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked. The ruta bagas sow early in July, and the other winter turnips sow from the middle of July to the middle of August. Turnip seed is generally sown broadcast, but can also be sown in drills 12 inches apart, and can be cultivated; in this manner they will produce a large crop.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN—Of medium size, very sweet, of ivory white both inside and out.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00 EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH—Pure white and flat. Best for spring planting. Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

RED OR PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED—For fall sowing and main crop this is the best variety. White flesh and purple top.
Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE-Best market turnip. Enormous producer and extensively grown for fall and winter use

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c. WHITE EGG—An early, oval or egg-shaped variety, roots of medium size, smooth and clear white; of the very best quality.
Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

AMBER GLOBE—One of the best yellow-fleshed sorts; roots globular and of large size; skin clear yellow except the top, which is tinged green.
Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

YELLOW ABERDEEN (Purple Top)—A late, medium sized long keeping variety; roots round, yellow with a purple top; flesh tender and sweet.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

YELLOW GLOBE—A round, smooth, light yellow variety of medium size and good quality.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

LONG WHITE COW HORN—Roots are often 12 to 15 inches long and 3 inches in diameter, round, carrot-like in form and slightly crooked; clear white in color except a shade of green at the top; quality good.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE—One of the largest and most productive; roots often grow to weigh 10 to 12 pounds, are globe-shaped, slightly flattened; skin smooth and white; for stock feeding.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.

SEVEN TOP-Grown exclusively for the tops, which are used for greens. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 60c.



PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE TURNIP

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA—A hardy, productive variety with small neck; roots are large, oblong or globular in form, with a very small tap root; color bright yellow with a purple top; flesh very solid, tender and sweet.

Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 60c.



grown direct from pure selection of the latest improved type of Stand-up White

Burley developed by the Kentucky Experiment Station. Cultivated, recleaned and tested in the same exacting, scientific manner, they represent the best represent the best in tobacco seed and produce crops that

produce crops that equal any grown, some of which average as high as 2,000 pounds to the acre. In originators sealed packages. 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.50

seeds are

These

TOBACCO

THE CROP THAT MADE

KENTUCKY FAMOUS

CULTURE—Seed is sown in February in a plant bed which is protected by a thin cotton cloth and set about June first in highly fertilized ground in rows three and a half by three feet. Cultivate often and worm and sucker as needed. One ounce sows 50 square vards.

sows 50 square yards, sufficient to set two or three acres.

RED BURLEY— This famous old variety has a host

of friends throughout the burley belt. It belongs to the stand-up strain, which holds the leaves well up off the ground and keeps them free from the dirt and grit that injures the quality of the cured leaf. The leaf is long, broad and tapering to a rather blunt point. It is well spaced on the stalk, and said to produce a very out the burley belt. to produce a very heavy grade of burley.



The Root-Rot Resistant Burley (left and right) and common variety of White Burley center), showing the difference in early growth of resistant and susceptible strains when grown on diseased soil.

Standard Burley Varieties

Pkt., 25c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.50

All our standard Burley varieties are selected for quality, weight, and color. They have been developed resistant to Root-Rot by the Kentucky Experiment Station, and are furnished us by reliable growers. Root-Rot that destructive Tobacco disease exists in over 60 per cent. of all our Burley soils, often unknown to the growers. Play safe, insure your crop by planting varieties of Burley that are grown from Root-Rot resistant strains.

Root-Rot resistant strains.

IMPROVED WHITE BURLEY—The stalks are large and strong, keeping the leaves above the ground. Easy to cure, and producing a heavy yield of rich bright leaves.

JUDY'S PRIDE TYPE OF WHITE BURLEY—This variety has won great popularity in certain sections of Kentucky and Tennessee and we think it a good stand-up burley. KELLEY—Type OF STAND-UP WHITE BURLEY—This is a splendid selection from the Stand-Up strain of burleys. We do not know of any burley tobacco that will make more money for the farmers than this variety.

WHITE TWIST BUD—A good variety of the old strain of burley. Leaf very long, medium broad, tapered to a sharp tip. As a rule leaves droop, showing prominent white ribs.

Dark, Heavy Tobaccos

FOR THE FIRE CURED DISTRICT

BIG ORONOKO—Broad, long leaf, of fine texture; dark color, good for fillers and strips for sun-cured tobacco.

BLUE PRYOR—A favorite heavy, dark tobacco for black strips, wrappers and fillers. Broad, long leaves.

ONE SUCKER—A popular variety of tobacco having leaves of good breadth and quality. Best planted in alluvial soil or rich red clay land.

SWEET ORONOKO—One of the best for fillers, smoking or homespun twist. It cures a rich red; has a long narrow leaf. IMPROVED YELLOW PRYOR—Makes fine plug wrappers, cutters, fillers and smoking tobacco. On rich land yields a heavy crop.

IMPROVED YELLOW ORONOKO—Fine yellow wrappers and splendid for cutters or smoking.

KENTUCKY YELLOW—A fine broad-leafed sort, suitable for strips; dark wrappers and fillers. Suitable for rich, alluvial

ALL ABOVE VARIETIES Pkt., 25c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.25; 1/4 lb., \$4.00

Flowers Make a Beautiful Home More Beautiful



PREMIUM FLOWER SEED MIXTURE

Our Flower Garden of Annuals has created a place for itself at the beginning of our flower pages-Yearly our friends find something new and fascinating in it which they include separately in their order the following year. We buy for this mixture surplus stock seed from our growers besides named varieties and separate colors of many flowers which are attractive and easily grown but little known. Indeed there are so many flowers produced from early until late in endless succession it is a continual surprise to the gardener. We suggest it for children's plots, vacant lots and in rows in the vegetable garden with the suggestion—do not plant too thickly. Oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.60.

The Soil best suited to flowers is a light rich loam, made as fine and smooth as possible. If heavy, mix with sand to lighten and make it friable. Many seeds are very small and require a fine seed-bed. A good plan is to cover the place where the seeds are to be sown with pine-tags, coarse manure, leaves and other litter, and allow it to remain for a few weeks. The soil will then be finely pulverized and in a splendid condition to start the seeds.

Sow the Seeds either broadcast or in rows, and cover lightly—a good general rule is to cover four to six times the size of the seeds—and press the soil firmly. Small seeds cannot come up if covered too deep. Very fine seeds should be sown on the surface and pressed into the soil. To have the earliest blooms, flowers that stand transplanting should be sown early in boxes indoors. Water with a fine spray, do not let the soil dry out, do not keep the young plants saturated, as they may damp off. When three or four leaves have formed transplant one inch apart in boxes or in the open ground if warm enough.

Our list of flower seeds will be found to contain only sorts of real merit. Many times varieties are listed which are so difficult to grow that unless one has every facility for propagation, disappointment is sure to follow. We want our seeds to give satisfaction and prefer not to have a very extended list, rather than to cause disappointment in any of the varieties procured. Cultural directions will be found on most of our seed packets.

ANNUALS are those flowers that bloom and ripen their seed the first year, then die. Among these are Asters, Balsams, Mignonette, Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums, Morning-Glories, and many other very brilliant and fragrant sorts.

BIENNIALS from seed, generally bloom the second year, then die. Some varieties, if planted early, bloom the first season and therefore are treated as annuals.

PERENNIALS are those that endure our winters with little or no protection and live and bloom several times in succession. A large majority of the perennials will bloom the first year if started early in the spring. Hollyhocks, Columbines, Larkspurs, Fox-gloves, Poppies, etc., are in this popular class.

Abronia (Umbellata Grandiflora) (Sand Verbena) Half-hardy annual. A charming trailing succulent plant, with verbena-like heads of fragrant flowers, of bright rose with white center. It delights in a dry, poor soil and sunny situations on rockwork.

Pkt, 10c.

Ageratum (Mexicanum) (Floss (Flower) A profuse bloomer, bearing clusters of feathery blooms the whole summer. Excellent for large beds and window-boxes in summer and as pot-plants in winter. Height 18 inches.

Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 20c; 1/2 oz. 35c.

Alyssum (Sweet) Hardy annual; covered with pure white fragrant blooms. The most popular of all border plants.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c.

SAXATILE COMPACTUM - (Basket of Gold) A pretty perennial Alyssum for rock gardens and borders. The plants spread freely, and produce masses of bright yellow flowers in early spring.



COLUMBINE

Amaranthus

Brilliant-foliaged annuals growing from 3 to 5 ft. high, some of the varieties bearing curious racemes of flowers. Useful in borders of tall plants, or for centers of large beds. Thrive best in a hot, sunny location and not too rich soil; must be given sufficient room to develop their full beauty.

SALICIFOLIUS—(Fountain Plant) 3 ft. Willow leaved. Graceful red and yellow foliage of drooping habit.

TRICOLOR SPLENDENS—(Joseph's Coat) Plant 3 feet high with brilliant leaves variegated red, yellow, green. Pkt. 10c.

MIXED. Many beautiful sorts.

Pkt. 10c.

Anchusa (Italica) (Dropmore variety). A hardy perennial bearing an abundance of rich gentian flowers. 3 to 5 ft. Pkt. 10c.

Aquilega (Co'umbine) Among the earliest flowering perennials. Favorite for border plantings and for cut flower. 2 to 3 feet. Special Mixture. Pkt. 10c.



Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) The Snapdragon has been wonderfully size of bloom, brilliancy of coloring and vigor of habit. Largely grown for cutting by florists and private gardeners the year round. Seeds sown indoors in a frame in March may be planted outdoors in May, and will give continuous bloom until November. Excellent for beds and borders. 11/5 to 3 ft. Grandiflorum Mixed.

MAXIMUM GIANT FLOWERED -

These are a wonderful advance in size

to 3 ft. Grandiflorum Mixed.

ASTER—THE OUEEN OF ANNUALS

There are few flowers that make a better show in the fall than the Aster. It is the most popular annual flower grown, and justly so on account of its ease of culture, season of bloom, and lasting qualities, both in the garden and as a cut flower. To be able to cut Asters abundantly and over the longest possible period, you should make several sowings of the early, midseason, and late-flowering types. Sow the seed in shallow boxes in the house or in the bothed in March translate the Asters abundance. hotbed in March; transplant the seedlings 2 inches apart in boxes, when they are large enough to handle; and plant to permanent beds in May. The second sowing can be made in the cold-frame the latter part of April. The third sowing should be made the latter part of May. Set the plants of early varieties 10 inches apart in the row, and those of the later varieties 15 to 18 inches apart. The richer the ground the better your flowers will be, and water is very necessary. Asters are wonderfully adaptable. They make fine single specimens, a perfect border, a gorgeous display in massed colors, and a graceful effect in shrubbery. It is interesting to know that many of the most beautiful sorts, the most effective both in form and color, are of American origin.

Early Branching or Royal Asters

May be classed as dwarf early branching, following the Queen of the Market. Height 2 feet.

Pkt.	
Lavender10c	Shell Pink10c
Purple10c	Pure White10c
Rich Rose10c	Mixed. All colors.
Rose Pink10c	1/4 oz. 50c10c

Special Collection, 6 pkts. separate colors for 50c.

Crego's Improved Giant Comet

The finest of this type with long, full fluffy flowers. Midseason. Hght. $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Pkt.	Pkt.
Crimson10c	Deep Lavender.10c
	Pure White10c
Light Blue10c	Mixed
Shell Pink10c	1/4 oz., 50c10c
Special Collection	a. 6 separate colors

Astermum Asters

for 50c.

Are of extraordinary size, a little earlier than Crego's and having a

chrysanthemum-like	e appear	ance.	4 I U.
Pkt. Lavender15c			Pkt.
Pink15c			

Special Collection, 1 pkt., each of the above 35c.

ASTER

King Asters

A distinct type of sturdy habit with large double flowers and attractive quilled petals. Height 18 inches.

Pkt.	1	Pkt.
Pkt. Crimson10c	Pure White	10c
Lavender10c		
Brilliant Rose10c	Mixed	
Violet10c	1 ₄ oz., 50	c10c
Special Collection,	6 separate co	lors 50c.

Superb Late Branching Asters

Plants 2½ to 3 feet high, of branching and robust habit. Flowers double and of

nne torm.	Pkt.
Pkt.	
Azure Blue10c	Shell Pink10c
Pale Lavender10c	Deep Rose10c
Crimson10c	Pure White10c
Deep Purple10c	Mixed
Rose Pink10c	½ oz., 50c10c
Special Collection, 8	3 separate colors 60c.



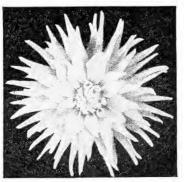
One of the finest late flowering classes, similar to Late Branching. Produce flowers 4 to 5 inches across, borne on long, strong stems; excellent for cutting. 3 feet.

Pkt.	
Carmine Rose15c	Purple
Lavender15c	White
Shell Pink15c	Fancy Mixed15c
	each of 5 colors 60c.

New California Giant Asters

A new giant variety of the Crego type, combined with the Beauty Asters. Have long, strong stems and are fine for cutting. We recommend this type of Aster very highly. 3 ft.

Pkt.	Pkt.
Pure White15c	Dark Purple15c
Peach Blossom15c	Deep Rose15c
Light Blue15c	Fancy Mixed15c
Special Collection, 1	nkt, each of 5 colors 60c.



ASTER



Premium Aster Mixture

We have spared nothing to make this mixture perfect, incorporating in it the best productions of aster specialists of this country and Europe. It includes not only all the splendid kinds offered on this page, but many others purchased especially for this mixture, all beautiful and distinct, giving it a range of color and variety not found in any other aster mixture. Pkt 10c; 16 oz. 35c:

Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz. 35c; 1/4 oz. 60c; oz. \$2.00.

Bachelor's Button (Globe Amaranth) A desirable ever-

sirable everlasting, valued for its handsome small
globular flower heads which, if cut
when well matured, will retain their
beauty through the winter. For use in
winter bouquets the flowers should be
cut before they are fully matured and
dried in a cool shady place hung up by
the stems to keep their natural shape.
Seeds germinate slowly; start in hotbed, or soak in warm water to soften
the wooly husk. Set the plants one foot
apart. Tender annual; twelve to eighteen inches high.

24

Balloon Vine

(Cardiosper mum halicacabum) A favorite with children, being remarkable for its inflated membranous capsules containing the seed. It is sometimes called "Love-in-a-Puff." A rapid and graceful climber. Flowers small, white. The round black seed is marked with a white heart-shaped spot. Sow seed outdoors in open ground early spring and give the plant some support to run upon. Tendannual; six feet high.

PKt. 10c; oz. 25c.

(Cardiosper mum halicacabum) A favorite with children in the containing the seed in the contain

Tender Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

Balsam Sometimes called "Touch-Me-Not" or "Lady Slipper." A tender annual, growing about 18 inches all along the branches showy single and double flowers like small roses. Should be grown in rich soil.

Pkt. 10c: oz. 25c.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c. Balsam Pear

A good climber, with dense foliage and oddly shaped fruit which is claimed to have medicinal qualities when put in al-Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

Bartonia (Aurea) One of the most showy of annuals, excellent both for beds and borders; producing showy, golden yellow flowers. The foliage is shine. It will not stand transplanting, so should be sown where intended to bloom. Pkt. 10c.

Begonia (Ever-blooming Bedding Varieties) A continuous flowering section of begonias of the greatest value for bedding; the flowers, although small, are of brilliant colors and borne in great profusion from summer to autumn. Seedlings of spring bloom in summer while seedlings of summer make valuable decorative plants for the house during winter. house during winter.

A. Martin. Large, brilliant crimson-scarlet with dark fo-

Bellis Perennis Fl. Pl. (English Daisy, 6 to 8 inches.)
A low growing spring flowering plant. Loves a shady place ing plant. Loves a shady place with a mass of blossoms for succeeding years if left undisturbed. Mammoth Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Calliopsis Beautiful annuals; large bright golden yellow flow-from Excellent for cutting and decoration. Height 2 feet.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.



CALENDULA

Calendula (Pot Marigold.) One of the best and showiest free-flowering hardy annuals, growing in any good garden soil. producing a fine effect, in beds or mixed borders, particularly bright in late fall. continuing in bloom from early summer until killed by frost; valuable also for pot culture, blooming freely in winter and early symmer. pot culture, blocand early spring.

ORANGE KING—The outer petals are slightly imbricated, while those of the center are curved like those of the peony. Color glowing orange.

THE BALL—Has fine stems, immense double flower of a brilliant glisteny orange. A great favorite on the Cut Flower market.

Mixed, all colors. For woodlands, wild gardens and perennial borders.

Pkt. 10c: oz. 40c.

Canary Bird Vine

A dainty vine with beautiful cut leaves and pretty, delicate flowers of a clear canary-yellow. From the color of its blossoms and also from a fancied resemblance of their shape to a bird with wings extended, the plant obtained its common name. Does well in the shade.

Pkt. 10c.

Cardinal Climber

This is a very attractive, strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of 25 feet, with beautiful fern-like laciniated foliage and literally covered with a blaze

of fiery cardinal-red flowers from mid-summer till frost. The flowers are about 1 inch in diameter and are borne in clusters five to seven blooms each. Like all Ipomoeas it delights in a warm, sunny situation and good, rich soil. The seed should be soaked in water a few hours before sowing and not planted outside unil about May 1st.

Carnation "Clove Pink," "Florists' Pink," are names applied by different people to the same or to different plants of several species as well as to hybrids between them. They are all easily grown from seed and very free blooming, the flowers being bright-colored and with a most delicious clove-like fragrance. Put 10c

Celosia (Coxcomb) (Cristata or Crested Dwarf Sorts) Very popular annuals of easy culture, producing large. ornamental, comb-like heads like ruffled chenille. Prized for pots or summer flower beds.

EMPRESS-Blood-red combs and brown foliage.

TALL COXCOMB-Mixed, 18 to 24 in.

Pkt. 10c.

Centaurea (Cyanus) (Cornflower or Bachelor's Button).
Hardy annuals of early culture; showy for the garden and fine for cutting. Blooms from June wired wired by the state of the state of

Pkt. 10c.

DUSTY MILLERS-Used for edging beds and borders in the flower garden. Glistening leaves that provide a suitable contrast to the more colorful flowers in the garden.

Pkt. 10c.

Candytuft
Indispensable for cutting, very effective in beds, masses and borders, being fairly covered with bloom earlier. Height 1 foot. All Colors Mixed. Pkt. 5c; 1/2 oz. 20c; oz.30c.

Canterbury Bell (Campanula medium) Handsome, easily grown herbaceous plants of stately branching habit and profitse bloom for beds and backgrounds. They produce long racemes of strikingly effective bell-shaped or saucer-shaped flowers of rich color. Leaves sessile, lanceolate. Usually grown as a hardy biennial, but if seed is sown very early indoors it may be treated as a tender annual.

Pkt. 10c; oz. \$2.00.

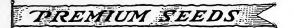
Premium Seeds Are Best Obtainable



Canterburybell Campanula (Belifiower)



CARNATIONS



Chrysanthemum These outdoor "summer Chrysanthemums" are shown and effective for bedding or borders in the garden shapely if pinched back in early growth and the practice of disbudding will result in much larger flowers. These annuals are not the winter flowering sorts sold by florists and which are propagated only by division of roots.

Single Mixed-Pkt, 10c. Double Mixed-Pkt. 10c.

Clarkia (Elegans) A quick growing annual adapting itself to sun or shade. The flowers are borne on long stems and are excellent for cutting. 2½ feet.

Double Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10c.

Clematis One of the best climbers for trellis, veranda, etc. A hardy perennial climber, usually growing 15 to 20 feet high.

PANICULATA—(Virgin's Bower) Star-like, white blossoms in great profusion.

Pkt. 10c.

PANICULATA—(virgin.) soms in great profusion.

Cobaea (Scandens) (Cathedral Bells) One of the best climbers, with fine foliage and large bell-shaped purple flower Grows rapidly, 20 to 30 feet. Plant in the house, edgewise, cover lightly and transplant outside in May.

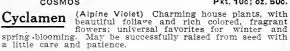
Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c.

Coleus
The most popular of all foliage plants. Easily grown from seeds, but must be started in a box in the house or hot-bed, as the seed is very fine and when sown is scarcely covered, but must be kept moist.

The most popular of all foliage plants. Easily grown scarce is a covered, but must be kept moist.

Pkt. 10c.

Cosmos
A grand fall flowering, hardy an n u a l,
producing thousands
of beautiful blooms when other
flowers are scarce. To have earliest blooms start indoors and
transplant after frost. Pinching
them back several times when a
foot high induces conline blooming them back several times when a foot high induces earlier blooming and a more bushy growth. They prefer a sandy soil, not too rich. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.



GIANT FLOWERED CYCLAMEN—Mixed, extra choice. 10 seeds, 20c; 20 seeds, 30c; 100 seeds, \$1.20.

Seeds, 20c; 20 seeds, 30c; 100 seeds, 31.20.

Cypress Vine
A splendid climber, with dark green, feathery foliage and an abundance of bright, star-shaped white and scarlet blossoms.

Sow thickly after the middle of April. Height. 15 feet.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c.

Datura (Angel's Trumpet) Handsome plants for sub-tropical bedding in summer, having large trum-pet-shaped fragrant flowers. They should be giv-en a light soil and a sunny sheltered nosition. Make fine pot plants for the greenhouse.

CORNUCOPIA—(Horn of Plenty) Immense flowers, triplicate in form, like three cones, one within the other; color rich violet, with white interior.

Pkt. 10c.

Delphinium (Hardy Larkspur) An old-fashioned perennial with tall stately spikes 5 to 6 feet high, producing flowers of exquisite colors. Very effective when used as a background for shrubbery borders.

GOLD METAL HYBRIDS—A highly recommended strain of vigorous habit. The flowers are of immense size, borne on long spikes in the most desired shades of blue, lavender, and other beautiful colorings.

Dianthus or Pink One of our most highly prized ding and cut flowers. Sow early indoors or in a sheltered location, and they will bloom the first season, and if lightly protected, continue flowering the next year. Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00.

Didiscus Coeruleus (Blue Lace Flower) An easily grown garden annual that has within the past few years become very popular for use as a cut flower. The plants grow about 2 feet high and furnish a profusion of beautiful umbel shaped flowers of pale coerulean or heavenly blue color.

Pkt. 10c.



Dolichos (Hyacinth Bean) A rapid-growing annual climber, flowers freely in erect ra-cemes, followed by ornamental seed pods. Pkt. 10c.

Escholtzia (California Poppy) Eas-grown annuals pro-ducing bright, poppy-shaped flowers from spring till frost. Plant either in early spring or fall, and rake in lightly. A bed in full bloom makes a brilliant effect.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

Euphorbia (Snow on the Mountain)
A tall annual of branching habit with veined and margined foliage, surmounted with small white flowers. Hence its name. Very effective for beds and borders. Grows 21/2 ftr bigh.

Pkt. 10c.



FOX GLOVE (Digitalis)

Forget-Me-Not (Myosotis) Charming little flowers. If highly effective if grown in masses. If sown early in sunny border, will bloom the first season. Height 6 to 9 inches.

Mixed Colors-Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00.



Fuchsia Hybrida
Single Mined Well by Doubleand Single Mixed. Well known green-house plant. blooms from seed first year if planted early.

Gaillardia

Showy and free-blooming; remarkable for the brillian
cy, profusion and size of flowers,
continuing in bloom all summer.
Fine for bedding, borders and cut-

Gilia (Capitata) (Blue Thimb'e Flower) 2 feet. Beautiful bushy plant of erect habit with fine feathery foliage covered all summer flowers, 1 inch across, much like Scabiosa. Makes a good cut flower as the blooms last well in water. May also be used as everlasting, as the flowers retain their beautiful color when dried.

Godetia (Satin Flower) A showy hardy annual that will thrive in partial shade and poor soil and give a profusion of bloom. Brilliant Azalea-like flowers. Choice all colors. Mixed. Pkt, 10c.

Gourds

These are desirable in many places where an immense amount of vine is wanted quickly. The blooms of some are quite striking and handsome. With many sorts the fruit is unique and ornamental and often useful. The small fancy gourds are excellent toys for the striking and the small fancy gourds are excellent toys for the small fancy gourds.

The small fancy gourds are excellent toys for official serial. The small fairly gourds are excellent toys for children, while the larger gourds may be used as dippers. sugar troughs and bowls.

Pkt. 10c.

Helichrysum (Strawflower) Helichrysums are an orden when growing, and are everywhere prized for the winter decoration of vases, and for durable bouquets. Flowers intended for drying should be gathered with partially unfolded and suspended with their heads downward in a cool lace. Mixed. place. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Heliotrope
Sow the seed indoors in February, later transplanting to rich soil in a sunny location with plenty of water. This will insure an abundance of fragrant blooms during the summer. Giant Mixed.



GAILLARDIA



Hollyhock In long rows against shrubbery as a background for s maller plants and in clumps, hollyhocks give a striking effect. Hardy, blooming year after year, young plants giving the best flowers. Sow in April or May. Double, ranging from white to almost black. black.

Single Mixed-Pkt. 10c. Double Mixed-Pkt. 10c.

Ice Plant (Mesembryanthemum Foliage very ornamental, being covered with ice-like globules and prized for garnishing; a valuable plant for dry, sunny situations on banks, rock-work, old walls and ruins, etc., also for sunny borders.

Imperialis (Japanese Morning Glory.) Fine Mixed. The Japanese Morning Glory requires a warm situation to do well. The south side of a wall or building where the plants are protected from the north and west winds will mostly be found beneficial for these vines.

Pkt. 10c.

HOLLYHOCK

Equatiful rapid annual climbers. Foliage very dense and in some kinds of remarkable shape. The flowers in their wide range of delicate coloring are poised on slender stems. Many of the sorts open only when the sun rises, others when the sun sets. Some are fragrant. Seeds should be soaked in warm water for 24 hours before sowing to assist rapid germination. The seeds the other was specified as a supply to the stable of the seeds the seeds the stable of the seeds the seed ing to assist rapid germination. The seeds about the size of a pea should be notched with a file before soaking.

BONA NOX (Evening Glory) Violet flowers. Pkt. 10c.

Kochia (Burning Bush) (Trichophylla) A quick-growing, cypress-like annual of pyramidal form attaining a height of 3 feet. Its light green foliage turns to a bright scarlet in the Fall.

Kudzu Vine (Pueraria Thunbergiana) A large leaved, rapid growing hardy climber bearing rosyntain a height of over 25 feet after the first sea-Oz. 50c; pkt. 10c.

MOONFLOWER

Larkspur or Delphinium Annual and perennial plants of the easiest culpulation bearing on long spikes beautiful, graceful flowers of tive when grown among shrubbery.

ANNUALS-Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c. PERENNIALS-Pkt. 15c; oz. \$3.00.

Lobelia Erinus Compacta This charming class forms compact little bushes about 6 inches high and are fairly sheeted with bloom throughout the season. Highly desirable for edgings, ribbon bedding and garden decoration as well as for pot culture.

BEDDING QUEEN — Dwarfest, best for ribbon bedding. Flowers deep purplish violet, with clear white eye.

Marigold One of the easiest grown annuals, furnishing all summer long, quantities of double and single flowers in shades of yellow and orange some being striped with brown.



MARIGOLD

Marvel of Peru (Four O'clock) Open only in afternoon or on cloudy days. Flowers showy and in great profusion. Blooms first season. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

Mignonette
Plant the seed in boxes and thin out to make strong plants. Beginning in March, sow at intervals, outside for a succession; in late summer sow in pots or boxes for winter blooming. Fall sowings bloom early the next spring. Prefers a cool location. Plant where they are to grow and thin out to stand 6 inches apart. Hardy annual. One foot high.

SWEET-The common variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c. MACHET-Very choice large flowered type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

Nasturtium

Few plants are more easily grown or remain longer in bloom than the Tropaeolum with its large shield-shaped leaves and beautiored petals. In favorable soil, flowers are produced in abundance throughout the season. Much used for window boxes. If the black aphis appears, spray the foliage vigorously with water

water.

We have put into our mixtures the cream of all the standard and new varieties. All the brightest colors, the blotched kinds and all the newest varieties of distinct merit are in these mixtures. The colors vary from pearly white to almost black.

Dwarf Mixture—Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

Tall Mixture—Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

Nicotiana (Ornamental Tobacco) Attractive flowers in form and color, emitting a delightful fragrance in the evening. Bears profusely on tall stems about 3 feet high.

AFFINIS — Pure white, sweet scented, star shaped flowers. Pkt. 10c. SANDERAE-Brilliant carmine-red. Pkt. 10c.

Nigella (Love-in-a-Mist) (Damascena) A beautiful hardy annual of bushy, compact habit, producing lovely blue flowers. Grows about 1 foot high. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

OWER

Pansy
These are so easily grown and flower so freely that they are used by all.
Can be sown early in the spring or in Plants from the later sowing live over and flower early in the spring. They require rich soil and quantities of early in the spring. The water to do their best.

HALL'S PREMIUM MIXTURE—A very fancy strain: all plors. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. \$1.50; ½ oz. \$2.75; oz. \$8.00.

LARGE FLOWERING MIXED—Many standard varieties. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. \$50c; ½ oz. \$50; oz. \$1.50. colors.

Petunia
There is no bedding plant of easier culture than the Petunia, and few that make a gayer appearand very popular for bedding. They thrive best in a warm, sunny location. The shape of the flower is similar to that of sunny location. Th

Single Mixed-Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00.

Phlox Drummondii One of the pret-

and most popular of garden annuals. Makes very attractive beds, and continues to bloom throughout the summer. Sow in April in open ground, or can be started earlier indoors.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

Poppy
Hardly any class of plants afford the same brilliant colorings and showy display. They are of easy culture, seed being sown where they are to remain. Thin the plants 6 to 12 inches

Single Mixed—All the fancy and named single varieties mixed.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

Double Mixed—All the fancy and named double varieties mixed.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.



PANSIES





POPPIES, SHIRLEY

Pkt. 10c: oz. \$2.00.

Rhodanthe A popular dwarf everlasting for the border or for pot culture. Grows 1 foot high. Fine mixed.

Ricinus (Castor

ly, strong growing plants, with very ornamental foliwell adapted as age. center plants of groups of Cannas, Dahlias, etc. Moles are troublesome in many gardens, but

they may be kept away by planting Castor Beans in the borders. ZANZIBARIENSIS MIXED—10 to 12 feet. The ornamental leaves are beautifully lobed, are 2½ to 4 ft. across. Each plant makes a perfect pyramid of foliage.

Rudbeckia (Bicolor Superba) (Coneflower)
Produces an abundance of
bright yellow flowers with
brown central disc; fine for cutting.

Salpiglossis (Velvet Flower) A lovely annual bearing in profusion from midsummer until frost. The flowers have the most brilliant colorings.

Large Flowering Mixed-Pkt. 10c.

Salvia Splendens (Scarlet Sage) A well-known favorite bedding plant which bears to October. Although perennial, it blooms the first year from seed, and there is really no flower that can rival it in brilliant color.

Pkt. 10c: oz. \$2.00

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride) Have perfectly double flowers, are useful for cutting and they are gracefully borne upon long tender stems well above the foliage, and makes a beautiful cut-flower; height 2 ft.

Tall Mixed-Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.



SCABIOSA



Large Flowering Mixed-Pkt. 10c.

Sensitive Plant (Mimosa) Curious and interesting little plants with pinkish white flowers.
The leaves close and droop when touched.

Pkt. 10c; oz. §1.00

Smilax A charming, delicate and graceful indoor climber, running 6 feet or more and very useful for decorations. A very desirable window vine.

Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00

Statice (Sea Lavender) Extremely showy flowers, borne in attractive clusters. They are cut and dried like Everlastings. Free bloomers and fine for cutting or winter bouquets. 1 to 2 ft.

Pkt. 10c.

Portulaca A low growing or creeping tender annual 6 to 8 inches high, and bearing glossy, cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant and gorgeous colors. The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass or when the weather is hot. These flowers love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

DOUBLE MIXED—Extra large flowering. From 50 to 60 per cent of the flowers will come double. These are especially beautiful and showy.

Pkt. 10c: oz. \$2.00.

SINGLE MIXED—This is an extra fine strain with very large blossoms and splendid colors. Pkt. 10c: oz. 60c.

Pyrethrum (Foliage Plant) (Aureum Golden Feather) One of the best plants for edging, grown for its beautiful yellow foliage. Most successfully treated as an annual.

Stocks, Dwarf German (Ten Weeks) Desirable for bedding or pot culture. They bear an immense quantity of fragrant blooms, each plant forming a perfect bouquet and are splendid for cutting.

Single Mixed-Pkt. 10c; oz. S1.25.

Sunflower

(Helianthus) These stately old-fashioned flowers with the newer improved varieties are coming into special favor as a background for lower to hide unsightly places and sometimes used to mitigate the evil of adjacent swamp holes. Their very tall dense growth and bright yellow disc-like flowers of very large size and long blooming period make them one of the most deserving and useful of hardy annuals.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.



SWEET

Sweet William
A beautiful class of hardy free-blooming plants of extreme richness and diversity of colors. Produces a fine effect in beds or mixed flower borders.

STOCKS

Single Mixed—Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

Double Mixed-Pkt. 10c: oz. 75c.

Verbena
These well-known flowers are splendid for beds or massing. The flowers are of the most brilliant colors, blooming from early summer till late in the fall. Verbenas grown from seed are always thrifty and do not rust.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

Vinca Rosea (Periwinkle) Ornamental free-blooming plants, with dark laurel-like foliage and handsome pink and white flowers. Seed should be sown early and then the plants will bloom the first summer. They can be taken up in the fall like Chrysanthemums, potted, and kept in bloom through the winter. Seed germinates slowly. Mixed—Pkt. 10c.

Viola Odorata (Sweet-scented Violet) Large-flowered. Very fragrant, hardy, perennial. Blue—Pkt. 10c.

Wistaria Chinensis
One of the most beautiful and rapid growing of the hardy pertablished in good soil it will often grow fifteen to twenty feet during the season and frequently blooms both in spring and

fall. The flowers are very fragrant, single, pale blue, peashaped and are borne in long drooping grape-like clusters, often over a foot in length. Foliage light green, pin-nate. The seed should be sown in mellow loam early in the spring, or in greenhouse or hotbed in winter and when plants are one foot high transplanted into permanent situations. Pkt. 20c.

Xeranthemum (Everlast-

nuum) An abundance of pretty bright rose, purple and white flowers. Showy and useful as dried flowers in winter bouquets. Sow outdoors May 1 in a sunny position. Blooms from

early summer till frost. 3 ft.

Mixed-Pkt. 10c.



VERBENAS

Spencer or Orchid Flowering Sweet Peas

AN OUNCE WILL PLANT 25 FEET OF ROW

CULTURE—Early planting is advised so that they may bloom before very hot weather. Dig the soil deeply to allow deep rooting. Open a trench four to six inches deep, in which plant the seeds early in February and cover with an inch of soil and press it firmly. When up about two inches begin cultivating and gradually fill the trench until it is level. Do not allow the roots to become too dry; water at least twice a week. Be sure to gather the blooms, otherwise the vines will stop flowering.

FALL PLANTING—Sweet peas may also be started in October, November and December, planting four to six inches deep: give them slight protection and they will become well rooted and grow off at the first opening of spring and produce an abundance of blooms earlier and for a longer season than spring plantings.

The Spencers offered here have all proved their merit and represent the cream of the best varieties and a wide range of colors. They are our selection from a long and confusing list of many hundreds of varieties.

ALL VARIETIES-Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 90c; lb. \$3.00, postnaid.

AUSTIN FREDERICK—An exquisite shade of lavender the standard being a slightly deeper shade than the wings. A splendid extra large flower nicely placed on long stiff stems, most of which bear four blooms.

CONSTANCE HINTON—Decidedly the best of all the white Spencers. When first open the flowers have a tint of pink, but they change to pure white. The flowers are large, the vines are strong growers.

CRIMSON KING — Without exception the most magnificent crimson yet introduced. A profuse bloomer with remarkably large rich deep crimson waved flowers carried on strong stems. Does not sunburn.

DOBBIE'S CREAM—The flowers are deep cream, are of unusual size, very much waved or crimped, the standards sometimes being double. A strong grower and profuse bloomer.

ELFRIDA PEARSON—Lovely blush pink, beautifully shaded. When young the pink color seems to have a bronze sheen. A large and magnificent flower, a fine bloomer, frequently four blooms to the stem.

HERGULES—A splendid large rich pink waved flower, often more than two inches across. Verv much like the original Countess Spencer, but a much finer and larger flower.

MIRIAM BEAVER—Soft shell pink or cream pink. overlaid with hydrangea pink. Exceptionally large and waved and sometimes double; does not sunburn. An exquisite and dainty flower.



SPENCER SWEET PEAS

GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS

CHOIGE MIXED—This mixture has been most carefully grown from our selected stock seed and it will afford a splendid variety of blooms of improved forms and in the widest possible range of desirable colors. Many of the most pleasing and brilliant colors are included.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00.

ZINNIAS, DAHLIA FLOWERED

Illustrated Natural Colors Back Cover Page

New Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias

New Dahlia-flowered Zinnias are distinct. The flowers are of immense size and are made up of a great number of small-sized petals. The individual petals stand well apart, giving an attractive grace and looseness to the flowers. They are strong growers, blooming profusely all during summer and fall.

CRIMSON MONARCH—One of the best, with immense flowers. A bright and attractive shade of crimson-scarlet. The blooms are perfect form; borne in great profusion.

Pkt. 250.

EXQUISITE—The flowers resemble a large Decorative Dahlia. They are a pleasing shade of reddish rose with deeper rose in the center. One of the most attractive of this type.

Pkt. 25c.

GOLDEN STATE—An excellent color. Rich golden yellow, shading to orange as the flower ages. Blooms are large, of true Dahlia form, borne on long stems.

Pkt. 25c.

DREAM—The large flowers are a distinct shade of deep lavender, shading to purple as they age. Very large and of fine form. A free bloomer of strong and sturdy growth.

Pkt. 25c.

DAHLIA-FLOWERED MIXTURE—This is a complete mixture of Dahlia-flowered Zinnias, including all the above separate colors and many other beautiful rich shades. Pkt. 15c. MRS. TOM JONES—A most attractive bright delphinium blue. The flowers are very large, beautifully waved, of fine substance and the extra long stems usually carry four blooms.

R. F. FELTON—Bears the largest blooms and is the finest of all the lavender Spencers. The color is an exquisite soft lavender with a slight suffusion of rose.

ROBERT SYDFNHAM—The most individual color in sweet peas, being a bright orange salmon. The blooms are of immense size and exquisite soft texture. Grow in a shaded place.

ROYAL PURPLE — The name well describes the color—a rich royal purple which deepens as the flower ages. It is without doubt the finest purple Spencer sweet, pea yet introduced.

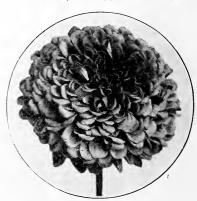
ROYAL SCOT—The most brilliant cerise or range scarlet. The large, finely waved blooms stand the hottest sun without fading or burning. A strong plant and a free bloomer.

WARRIOR — Rich deep, pure maroon flushed with bronze. The blooms are remarkakly large and finely waved. Lovers of dark shades will appreciate this fine flower.

WEDGEWOOD—A wonderfully beautiful shade of light blue. The long stout stems rarely bear fewer than four daintily waved or frilled blooms. A sturdy grower and free bloomer.

SPENCERS MIXED—A splendid mixture of Spencer varieties grown for us by the most careful methods from proven stocks. A wide range of colors is thus assured in this comparatively new class of Sweet Peas of such remarkably large size and wonderful attractive form.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.



ZINNIA

SWEET, MEDICINAL AND POT HERBS

CULTURE—For early use sow seed in hotbed in March or open ground in May, in rows one foot apart. Cover very lightly and thin out when large enough to six or eight inches in row. They should be cut on a drv day, before they come into full bloom. Tie in bunches and keep where they will dry quickly.

bloom. Tie in bunches and keep where they will dry quickly.

BASIL, SWEET—Seeds sown in April, indoors, in rich, light soil and in beds in June.

Pkt. 10c; 0z. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

BORAGE—Used for flavoring and flowers furnish bee pasture.

Pkt. 10c; 0z. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

CARAWAY—Grown for the seeds, which are used for flavoring.

Pkt. 10c; 0z. 15c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 60c,

CARAWAY—Grown for the seeds, held of the seeds, held of the seeds, held of the seeds of the seed

MARJUHAM, SWEE1—Hardy pereinial, cultivated 10, as 3 10. Rosemary—Foliage used for medicinal purposes.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ½ lb. 55c; lb. \$3.00.

SAFFRON—Hardy annual. Used for flavoring and coloring.

SAGE—Used for seasoning.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

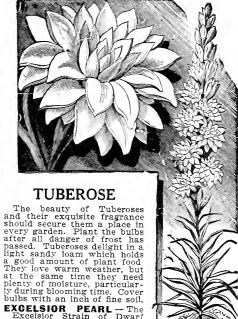
Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ½ lb. 53.00. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

CALADIUM—Elephant's Ear ceive an average amount of sunshine, water, and humidity. If grown in the greenhouse, they look their best. Caladiums are native to the tropical swamps of Brazil and will thrive best in rich soil containing plenty of humus. They are easily grown in any ordinary garden soil. They should be watered regularly, but not in excess, and the water should never be sprinkled on the leaves. Start the bulbs in pots indoors during March and keep in a warm window but shade against the mid-day sun. About the time the maples are in full leaf, transplant them to the open. The roots of Esculentum may be planted right in the open late in May.

ESCUILENTUM—This is the well-known Elephant's Ear, which is so effective if planted singly or in masses either in the border or in beds. Excellent combined with a planting of young shrubs to fill in; 3 feet tall.



EXGELSIOR PEARL—The
Excelsior Strain of Dwarf
Pearl Tuberose has been improved in dwarf habit of
growth, extreme doubleness of the large flowers,
flowering very early. Bulbs are sure to bloom.

10c; 4 for 25c; 6 for 35c; 12 for 60c; 100 for \$4.50

HALL'S PREMIUM ENSILAGE CORNS



A FIELD OF SOUTHERN PROLIFIC ENSILAGE CORN

Southern Prolific Ensilage

This is without doubt, the best and most profitable variety of corn that can be used for filling silos. It fills the demand for a corn with lots of ears, plenty of stalk and an abundance of foliage. There are usually i to 6 well filled ears to the stalk, and several shoots that do not fill out; however, it makes a fine silage. The grains are nearly white, hard and flinty, with 8 to 10 rows to the ear.

Lb., 30c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.00

Albemarle Prolific Very prolific variety, stalks grow from 12 to 14 feet high, 4 to 7 ears to a stalk, a heavy crop of leaves and blades said to have produced over 70 tons of silage on one acre of ground, enough to feed 10 head of cattle 1 year.

Lb., 30c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

Pamunkey Ensilage Corn

Our Pamunkey Ensilage Corn is bred for height of stalk, breadth and thickness of foliage, as well as size and number of ears. It is of strong and vigorous growth, attaining a height of 13 to 15 feet, yields an unusually heavy growth of fodder and usually bears 2 ears to the stalk. Ears are 10 to 12 inches long, 24 to 24 inches in diameter, with a good depth of grain. In tonnage of ensilage we do not believe it can be surpassed. It is a real silo filler, as proved by reports from dairymen and stockmen in every section of the country. the country.

Lb., 30c; pk., \$1.00: bu., \$3.50



KENTUCKY YELLOW DENT CORN

WHITE CORNS

OONE COUNTY—There is probably no one white corn as extensively planted as Boone County. It has had unusual care in breeding and selection, and is recognized as one of the biggest yielders and has taken numerous prizes at state and county fairs for the best ears. It makes a 10 to 11-foot stalk of medium size with a fair amount of fodder. The stalks bear one to two good ears, usually 10 to 11 inches long, that are carried 4 to 5 feet high. The grains are not flinty, so make good corn for feeding and milling. The ears are well filled at butt and tip; the grains are deep.

Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

tip; the grains are deep.

JOHNSON COUNTY WHITE DENT—A very highly bred White Corn, of large size, containing a high percentage of oil and protein. It is medium late-maturing variety. The ears are from 9 to 11 inches in length and 7½ to 8 inches in circumference containing from 18 to 22 rows. The cob is medium in size and white in color and butts of ears deeply rounded with medium shank. The ears are cylindrical in shape. Tips of ears fill well, a large per cent being completely covered with grain. The kernels are wedge-shape, very deep and moderately rough. The stalks grow from 9 to 11 feet in height. The rooting system is extensive, affording great facilities for gathering plant foods.

Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

DIAMOND JOE—This excellent variety of corn was originated and first introduced by the Ratekin Seed House of Shenandoah, in 1905, and has been planted during this time in every section of this country where corn is grown, also in a number of foreign countries, and everywhere, north, south, east and west, it has proven one of the best, most wonderful in uniform large yield and early maturity that has ever been produced, 95 days from time planted and a record in hundreds of instances of 100 to 125 bushels and over per acre.

Lb., 30c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.00

Stances of 100 to 125 bushels and over per acre. Lb., 30c; pk., \$1.00; bl., \$3.00

THE PURE GENUINE SILVER MINE GORN—Is one of the greatest yielding of all the white varieties. It is drought proof of extreme vitality and does better on old, poor or hill land than any other variety. Early to mature, a big yielder and unexcelled for feeding, ensilage or fodder purposes. It is adapted to a wide range of conditions and a great success in the north, south, east and west. It makes good where others fail and brings satisfaction to the farmer who plants it. Because of the great popularity of this corn thousands of bushels of white corn are offered and sold every year under the name of lowa Silver Mine which bears no likeness to it. Our stock is Pure. Lb., 30c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

TENNESSEE RED GOB—A splendid mammoth variety, produces largest crop of finest quality corn. The red cobs are well filled with pure white, broad, deep grains of superior quality for feeding or milking purposes.

Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

ALICO—This corn is an old fashioned sort. The strain we offer is the large eared kind, deep grain and small cob, thus insuring early maturity. Largely planted by stock feeders. Full of protein and very rich. Stock like it and eat it in preference to other corn.

Lb., 25c; pk., 10c; pu., \$3.00

HICKORY KING —THE BEST CORN FOR CORN MEAL—The grain is so wide and deep and the cob so small that often a single grain will cover the end of a broken cob. It has been called the Poor Man's Corn because it can be depended upon to produce a crop on poor, thin land. On good land it bears two ears to the stalk.

SPECIAL: IF ORDERED EARLY WE CAN FURNISH SELECTED CORN ON EARS for \$1,00 per bushel extra. Boone Co. White, Johnson Co. White \$3.50 bushel, Diamond Joe \$4.00 bushel, Reid's

Yellow Dent \$3.50 bushel. Put up in 2 bushel barrels or burlap bags.

YELLOW CORNS

REID'S YELLOW DENT—Has a long and honorable record for dependability, good yields and generally satisfactory crops.

Since 1910, when it won the \$1,000 Grand Prize at the National Corn Show over yellow corns from every part of the country, our strain has been in the hands of the same grower, and in the meantime has been steadily improved by careful and conmand heavy land, making ears

stant selection. A big yielder on good loam and heavy land, making ears that average 9 to 10 inches long with 18 to 24 rows to ear, well filled out at butt and tip. A true dent corn, grains are medium narrow, wedge-shaped, and rows are so close that there is practically no waste space between rows. Cob is small for the size of the ear; makes 1 to 2 ears to the stalk. the stalk. Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

IOWA GOLD MINE—The earliest to mature; the purest yellow; the deepest grain; the best early; standard field variety. This wonderful early variety of yellow corn has made the State of Iowa famous, as it is more widely known than any other variety grown and is planted in every State in the Union. Gold Mine is a favorite with every farmer who ever planted it. It matures in 80 to 90 days. Ears are medium in size, 8 to 10 inches long; color a bright golden yellow. It is free from barren stalks; every stalk bears one and two good years.

Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

IMPROVED LEAMING—Does not make a large growth of either stalk or fodder, all the vigor of the plant going to make corn, making generally two big ears to the stalk with rarely a barren stalk. It does well on all soils, but prefer light to medium soils. The grain is wedge-shaped and covers the entire cob.

Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50 Lb., 25c; pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50

KENTUCKY YELLOW DENT GORN—The best large eared early maturing Yellow Dent Corn in the United States.

Description—Kentucky Yellow Dent grows a rugged stalk of medium height, producing ears 9 to 12 inches in length, and often as large as 8½ inches in circumference. Ears are well filled out with solidly set, deep kernels, rich in oil, 16 to 22 rows on the cob. Color beautiful golden yellow. Matures in 100 to 115 days. Lb., 25c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.00



DIAMOND JOE CORN



HALL'S PREMIUM CLOVER SEEDS





RED CLOVER

Alsike Clover

Not as rank in growth as red clover, but grows finer and thicker. It is well adapted to moist or cold ground, and on account of it not being as early as red clover it is better suited to be sown with timothy, red top and other grass mixtures. It makes very fine hay and does excellent for grazing purposes. Sow 6 to 8 pounds to the acre. Use "Oolite Ground Lime."

Lb., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.00; bu., \$20.00.

Japan Clover

(LESPEDEZA)

CLESPEDEZA)

On cultivated lands or those that will produce paying crops we do not recommend the sowing of Japan Clover; but on waste and idle lands, poor, worn-out, sandy, gravelly soils, in grazing woodlands or wherever another crop cannot be grown at a profit we recommend Japan Clover in the highest terms. It grows on galled hillsides and on all kinds of soils, even on the poorest where a paying crop of anything else cannot be grown, and being a legume, will extract nitrogen from the atmosphere and store it in the roots for the benefit of later crops. Its abundant long tap-roots and laterals when decayed open up the subsoil and leave in it great quantities of nitrogenous matter that will increase the yield of succeeding crops. Deeply penetrating roots enable it to withstand severe droughts as well as bring up valuable plant food from the subsoil. Sow at the rate of 10 to 15 lbs per acre in March or April. It does not make much of a showing the first season but will spread rapidly second year. When sown with Red Top or Herd's Grass, sow 10 lbs. Japan Clover and 8 lbs. Red Top. Lb., 40c; bu., \$5.00; 10 bus. @ \$4.75. Korean Japan—Lb. 60c; 10 lbs. 50c; 100 lbs. @ 45c.

WHY SOW CLOVER

it does not exhaust the soil, but improves it. To make two cuttings of fine hay a year. To make an excellent pasture. To put humus in your land. To make your land friable and easily worked. To increase the yield of the crop that follows it. To save in your fertilizer bill by storing nitrogen in your soil. Because it belongs in every crop rotation. Because it is the corner-stone of good farming.

WRITE FOR QUANTITY PRICES

We sell these field seeds we sen these new secus according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write what you want and we will quote lowest price and give freight or express rates to your station.

Preparation for Clovers and Grasses

A firm seed bed is of first importance, and the land should be well and deeply plowed, and then harrowed and reharrowed, so as to have the surface as fine as possible. It is always better to prepare the land for clovers and grasses, if possible, some time previous to seeding, and then wait for a good rain before seeding. As soon as the land is dry enuogh run the harrow over the soil to break the surface crust, then sow your grass and clover seeds, covering afterwards with a light or brush harrow, or a roller can be used if the ground is not wet. Grass and clover seeds should not be covered more than an average of about half inch deep, but if sown on land that is not well prepared it is almost impossible to prevent deeper covering. Our experience is so strongly in favor of a firm, well-prepared seed bed, that we feel we cannot urge it too strongly as of first importance if you desire good stands and good crops of grasses and clovers. We sell only the best grades of recleaned clover seed. It does not take a great deal of difference in the appearance of clover seeds to make a considerable difference in the quality and price; however, the best is always the cheapest, if it does cost more. Cotton Bags to contain Clover 40c each.

Prices Subject to Market Changes

Prices Subject to Market Changes

Cotton Bags to contain Clover 40c each.



The standard soil improver as well as a bountiful feed plant, both for pasturage and hay. Can be sown in the spring from this valuable crop; be sure and use a heavy coat of lime; this valuable crop.

The standard soil improver as well as a bountiful feed plant, both for pasturage and hay. Can be sown in the spring from this valuable crop; be sure and use a heavy coat of lime; this vou in getting a big crop.

The standard soil improver as well as a bountiful feed plant, both for pasturage and hay. Can be sown in the spring from the spring from the surface of the standard soil improver as well as a bountiful feed plant, both for pasturage and hay. Can be sown in the spring from t

Mammoth or Sapling Clover

Similar to red clover, both in appearance of seed and its habiter and a little later. Considered more valuable as a soil improver on account of its extra growth. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre and try "Nitragin" (Inoculation) on a portion of your field and see the difference.

ALFALFA

When once established Alfalfa has no equal as a hay producer—
three to four cuttings in a season, the yield averaging from 4 to 6
tons per acre. It is a true leguminous perennial and sends down
into the subsoil long tap roots. It does best
on a rich loose limestone soil, with porous subsoil, but thrives on most soils. It is one of the
best forage crops, as it contains very high food
values; as a soil-enricher it is extremely valuable. Sow from 20 to 30 pounds per acre.
Lb. 60c; 10 lbs. S4.00; bu. S16.00.

Grimm's Alfalfa Sealed Stock

The hardiest of all Alfalfas—has stood the severe winters of the Northwest year after year without being winter killed. The principal difference between Grimm and ordinary alfalfa is in the root growth, the Grimm having a spreading or branching root with many laterals, while the ordinary alfalfa has a long tap root with but few laterals. This branching root growth gives the plant a firmer hold on the soil and prevents the plants from being heaved out of the ground by frequent freezes and thaws.

Lb. 60c; 10 lbs. \$5.00; bu. \$28.00.

Crimson Clover

You will make no mistake if you sow Crimson Clover on every piece of land that will be unoccupied by another crop next winter. Whether you grow it for grazing, for hay or for improving your land, it will pay handsomely. A crop of Crimson Clover plowed under is considered worth from \$20 to \$30 an acre in soil improvement.

Lb. 35c; 10 lbs. \$2.50; bu. \$9.00.



SWEET

Bokhara or Sweet Clover

BOKHARA OR SWEET CLOVER-Used extensively in this section for the restoration of depleted and worn out soil. Its value is unlimited for this purpose. It is also a very desirable forage plant. When young, resembles in growth alfalfa, but develops into a tree-like plant, growing four to six feet high, and has a feed value equal to that of alfalfa, when properly cut and cured. It also serves to inoculate

the ground to be followed with alfalfa. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre in fall or spring.



Hall's Premium Seeds are Tested for Vitality and Purity

and properly tagged in accordance with the Kentucky Seed Law. Prices fluctuate, write for prices. WE TRY TO SHIP ORDERS WITHIN A DAY AFTER WE RECEIVE THEM.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Our stock of this popular grass is grown in the Blue Grass section of this State, fancy recleaned seed and extra heavy. It succeeds well on most fertile soils in the Central and Northern States. It grows slowly at first, but makes a thick, compact turf if properly cared for after sowing. For lawn purposes sow from 3 to 4 bushels per acre, and for pasture sow about 2 bushels per acre.

Lb. 40c; bu. \$4.50; 8 bu. bags at \$4.35 per bu. ORCHARD GRASS—Very fast hay-producing grass. Is very vigorous, often growing five feet high and yielding large crops of nutritious hay, if cut while in bloom. It starts very early in the spring and will afford an abundance of excellent pasturage all through the season. It is inclined to grow in clumps and is benefitted by pasturage. If not pastured too close, it is possible to cut two crops in a single season. It is adapted to most any soil except very low, wet ground. Sow early in the spring or in fall. Sow from two to three bushels per acre for pasture and hay

Lb. 30c; bu. \$2.60; 10 bu. at \$2.50 RED TOP OR HERD GRASS—A very valuable grass for the farm with low, moist soil; however, will thrive well on uplands. It spreads and thickens from year to year and will gradually supplant other grasses; it is one of the finest grasses for hillsides or land likely to wash. Fancy Recleaned Seed.

Lb. 30c; 25 lbs. at 18c; 100 lbs. at 16c. TIMOTHY-Makes the most nutritious and salable hay of all grasses; however, not extra good for pasture, as it is injured by close cutting or grazing. It thrives best on low, heavy soil and will do well on most any fertile land.

Good results are obtained if mixed with red top, red clover, alsike, or some other grass maturing at same time. Sow one-quarter bushel to acre.

Per bu, \$3.50; 10 bu, at \$3.40.

Cottom Bags for Timothy and Red Top 40c.



TIMOTHY

COW PEAS

THE SOUTH'S **ECONOMICAL** SOIL IMPROV-ING AND HAY CROP



Pea prices fluctuate; ask for quotations when ready to buy.

GANADA FIELD PEAS—Field peas can be sown in open weather during February and March, and produce large yields of excellent feed which can be used green or cured for hay. The crop matures about the first of June. Sow 1½ bushels to an acre alone; or with oats, one bushel peas and one bushel oats.

Bu. \$4.25; 10 bus, at \$4.00.

NEW ERA—We recommend this variety as one of the best for this section. It is about two weeks earlier than the Whip-poor-will and produces as heavy crop of vines and lead-colored medium-sized peas, that do not crack in threshing as badly as the larger sorts.

Bu. \$4.25; 10 bus. at \$4.00.

WHIP-POOR-WILL-A sure cropper, producing a large crop of vines and brown speckled seed. The Whip-poor-will is more largely grown than any other variety. any other variety.

Bu. \$4.50; 10 bus. at \$4.25.

BRAHAM OR LITTLE WHIP-POOR-WILL—Splendid new variety from which we hear only the best reports. Bushy growth, producing an abundance of hay and long, well-filled pods. The seeds are same color as the Whip-poor-will, but about half as large requiring less quantity to seed an acre. Bu. \$4.50; 10 bus. at \$4.25.

CLAY—This variety matures a little later than the Whip-poor-will and is highly esteemed as an "All-Purpose" Bu. \$4.50; 10 bus. at \$4.25.

BLACK—The standard of excellence among the trailing varieties, pro-duces a very heavy crop of vines; unexcelled as a soil improver. Bu. \$4.75; 10 bus. at \$4.50.

These can be profitably used for fertilizing purposes, or hay, and can be purchased at slightly lower prices than straight stocks.

Bu. S4.25; 10 bus. at \$4.00.

Soy or Soja Beans

Sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels per acre broadcast for hay, or 1/3 bushel per acre, in rows, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart for seed, and cultivate. When the seed first germinates, the sprouts or young plants are very tender and often cannot push their way through the crust that has formed by the ground baking; therefore, in order to get a good stand, we recommend sowing just after a rain, when the ground is warm and moist.

EARLY HABERLANDT—A splendid early variety for this latitude, about two or three weeks earlier than Mammoth Yellow, easily matured and makes a splendid yield of nutritious hay.

Bu. \$3.25: 10 bus. \$3.00.

EARLY HOLLYBROOK—A very popular early variety on account of the beans maturing before frost. Splendid for hay crop also. The seed is light yellow.

MANCHU—A small, round, yellow soy bean with a black eye, producing an immense amount of seed and maturing early. Very popular in Indiana, Ohio and the middle west. Grows in bush form, standing up excellent for hay.

Bu. \$2.60; 10 bus. \$2.35.

VIRGINIA BROWN—On account of its abundant growth and large yield of beans the Virginia Brown makes most excellent hay and ensilage. As it is about 20 days earlier than Mammoth Yellow, it can be grown further North and throughout the corn belt. The vines make a fine growth, are filled with pods, stands about 3 feet high are easy to cut and easy to cure. The stems being fine and the leafage profuse adapts it particularly well for hay making.

Bu. \$3.25; 10 bus. \$3.00.

wilson Early Black—A very prolific variety, and one of the best where a quick, early variety is desired. Average height on good land is about three feet. The Delaware State Experiment Farm, after a most extensive investigation, recommends the Wilson Black as ahead of any as a combination hay and seed variety. It was found to mature in about 115 days, to stand up well, make pods a good distance from the ground and retain its seed. Its fine stem enables it to cure quickly for hay. Its tall growth and absence of lower branches makes it one of the easiest soy beans to harvest.

Bu. \$3.25; 10 bus. \$3.00.

MAMMOTH YELLOW—More largely planted than any other variety. Produces the largest amount of forage and beans.

Bu. \$2.85: 10 bus. \$2.60. Bu. \$2.85; 10 bus. \$2.60.

Sorghum or Cane for Feed

ED TOP—This is the most popular variety for feeding purposes. It makes a luxuriant growth of stalks and leaves. The head is very close, and compact. If wanted for feed, it should be sown thick so it will not grow too large and coarse. Sow twenty pounds to the acre in drills three and one-half feet apart; broadcast, sow one and one-half bushels to the acre.

Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00. RED TOP-

EARLY ORANGE—This is an old variety, very popular in some sections. Makes large growth and forms loose heads. Syrup made from this variety is light in color and with a distinct flavor.

Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00. Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00.

EARLY AMBER-Grows 10 to 12 feet high, yields heavy, nutritious forage.

Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00. Pk. 75c: bu. \$2.50.

HONEY DEW-Good for both feed and molasses.

We Offer Only One Grade of Grass Seeds-Premium Stock The Very Best



A FIELD OF SUDAN GRASS (PREMIUM STOCK)

Sudan Grass

SUDAN GRASS—It is a tall, annual grass reaching a height of 7 to 9 feet when planted in rows and allowed to mature for seed crop; broadcast and cut in the bloom for hay about four feet. It is easily cured and handled as a hay crop. Stock of all kinds crop; broadcast and cut in the bloom for hay about four feet. It is easily cured and handled as a 'hay crop. Stock of all kinds eat is readily. Should not be planted until the soil becomes warm in the spring. Two to four cuttings per year can be obtained when sown broadcast for hay, the number of cuttings secured depends upon the length of the season and the moisture. The first crop will mature in from 50 to 60 days and the second crop is ready for harvesting in from 20 to 30 days. Three tons of cured hay per cutting per acre has been secured, and three cuttings made. It is a great drought resister. It is an annual and must be seeded each spring. When seeded in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, drill 4 to 6 lbs. Sown broadcast 16 to 24 lbs. per acre.

Lb., 20c; 10lb., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

Dwarf Essex Rape

THE ECONOMICAL PASTURE CROP, SHEEP WITHOUT GRAIN

A quick and cheaply grown pasturage for sheep, hogs, cattle and poultry. Ready in 6 to 8 weeks from sowing. Sow it as early as possible—late March or early April is not too late. Three or four pounds plant an acre in drills; six to eight pounds broadcast.

Lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs. at 10c.

Millet

SOUTHERN GERMAN—One of the most valuable quick-growing hay crops in cultivation. It can be sown May first to the latter part of July and will produce a fine crop in 6 to 8 weeks, If sown thick and cut when in bloom it makes a very fine nutritious hay. Our seed stock of this is Tennessee grown and makes much heavier yield than western seed. Cotton Bags 40c. Bu. \$3.00; 10 bus. at \$2,85.

Buckwheat

JAPANESE-A week earlier and larger-grained than Silver Hull. A good yielder. Bu. \$2.00. SILVER HULL-Makes pure white flour; has a plump, full berry and very thin hull. Bu. \$2.00.



Price, \$2.00.

Seed Oats

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE

BURT OR NINETY-DAY OATS—Quickest growing, most prolific and surest cropping of Spring Oats; free from rust, healthy, clean and vigorous growth of straw; makes a good yield. Bu. \$1.00; 10 bus. and over, 90c.

WINTER TURF—If sown early will furnish a light winter pasturage for sheep and calves, as well as produce a good crop of oats in the spring.

Bu. \$1.50; 10 bus. at \$1.25. WHITE SPRING OATS—Our seed stock of this popular variety is recleaned and northern grown. Bu. 85c: 10 bus. at 75c.

BLACK MIXED SPRING OATS-Often preferred to the white oats as they make a large growth. Bu. \$1.00; 10 bus. at 90c.

SUNFLOWER—Mammoth Russian—It is immensely productive and can be raised cheaper than corn. Seeds are very valuable for poultry feed; especially when Lb. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$8.00.



THE SECTIONAL TUBE STYLE

Price, \$1.00.

THOMPSON'S WHEELBARROW GRASS AND CLOVER SEED SOWER

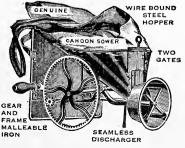


Master's Rapid Plant Setter Price, \$6.00 each



Distributes evenly, accurately, more quickly and better than other styles of seed sowers. Run easily and sow evenly in windy weather, the seeds being dropped thru small holes underneath seed box which is 14 ft. long. Does not injure or bunch the seeds.

CAHOON SEED SOWER



Price, \$4.50.



The Planter's Time Table

WHAT, HOW AND WHEN TO PLANT

Variety	When to Plant	Quantity For 100 Feet	Quantity For An Acre	Distance Between Rows	Distance Apart in Row	Depth to Plant	Pounds to the Bushel
ALFALFA	Mar., April—Aug., Sept.	Broadcast.	20 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	% to 1 inch.	60 lbs. *
ASPARAGUS ROOTS	Spring and Fall.	50 to 65 roots.	5,000 to 7,000	4 to 6 feet.	18 to 24 ins.	4 inches.	
BEANS, DWARF SNAP	April to Aug. 15.	1½ lbs.	100 lbs.	2 to 3 feet.	3 inches.	2 inches.	60 lbs.
" POLE	May and June.	1 lb.	30 lbs.	4 feet.	3 to 4 feet.	2 inches.	60 lbs.
" DWARF LIMA	May, June, July.	1 to 11/2 lbs.	30 to 60 lbs.	3 feet.	15 to 18 ins.	1½ inches	56 to 60 lbs.
" NAVY	June and July.	1 lb.	15 lbs.	3 feet.	1 foot.	2 inches.	60 lbs.
" SOY or SOJA	April, May, June.	1 lb.	15 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet.	6 inches.	1 to 3 ins.	60 lbs.
" VELVET	May and June.		1/4 to 1/2 bu.	5 feet.	2½ to 3 feet.	3 to 4 ins.	60 lbs.
BEET, GARDEN	March to August.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	15 to 18 ins.	4 inches.	1 inch.	
" STOCK	April, May, June.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	2 to 2½ feet.	8 inches.	1 inch.	
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	May, June, July.	1 oz.	¼ lb.	2½ to 3 feet.	18 inches.	½ inch.	
CABBAGE, EARLY	Jan. to June, Sept., Oct.	1 oz.	6 to 8 ozs.	2½ to 3 feet.	18 inches.	½ inch.	
" LATE	April to July.	1 oz.	6 to 8 ozs.	3 feet.	2 feet.	½ inch.	
CARROT	March to August.	1 oz.	3 to 4 lbs.	12 to 24 ins.	3 to 4 ins.	½ inch.	
CELERY	Feb., Mar. and April.	½ oz.	3 lbs.	2 to 4 feet.	6 to 8 ins.	1/8 inch.	
CLOVER, CRIMSON	July to October.	Broadcast.	15 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	½ inch.	60 lbs.
" JAPAN	March and April.	Broadcast.	10 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	¼ inch.	25 lbs.
" SWEET	April, May-Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	20 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	¼ inch.	
" RED	Feb., Mar.—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	½ inch.	60 lbs.
" SAPLING	Feb., Mar.—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	½ inch.	60 lbs.
" ALSIKE	Feb., Mar.—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast.	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	½ inch.	60 lbs.
COLLARDS	March to August.	1 oz.	½ lb.	2½ to 3 feet.	2 feet.	½ inch.	
CORN, GARDEN	April to early August.	Lb., 100 hills.	10 to 12 lbs.	3 feet.	12 to 18 ins.	1 to 2 ins.	
" FIELD	April to July.	Lb., 100 hills.	10 to 12 lbs.	3½ to 4 feet.		2 inches.	56 lbs.
CUCUMBER	April to July.	Oz., 50 hills.	2 lbs.	4 feet.	4 feet.	1 inch.	
EGG PLANT	Feb., Mar., April.	½ oz.	6 ozs.	3 feet.	3 feet.	¼ inch.	
ENDIVE	March to Sept.	½ oz.	1 lb.	18 inches.	1 foot.	¼ inch.	
KALE, SPRING	Feb. to Apr., Aug. to Oct.	2 ozs.	8 lbs.	18 to 24 ins.	6 inches.	½ inch.	
" WINTER	Feb., Mar., Aug. to Oct.	1 to 2 ozs.	4 to 7 lbs.	18 inches.	6 inches.	½ inch.	
KOHL RABI	March to July.	1 oz.	1 lb.	18 inches.	5 to 6 inches.	½ inch.	
LETTUCE	Feb. to May, July to Oct.	1 oz.	2 lbs.	8 to 12 ins.	18 inches.	¼ inch.	
LEEK	Feb., March, Sept.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	4 to 6 inches.	½ inch.	
MUSTARD	Feb., Mar., Apr., Sept., Oct.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	6 to 12 ins.	3 to 4 inches.	½ inch.	
MELON, MUSK or CAN-							
TALOUPE	May and June.	Oz., 50 hills.	2 lbs.	4 to 6 feet.	4 to 6 feet.	34 to 1 inch.	
MELON, WATER	May and June.	Oz., 30 hills.	3 lbs.	8 to 10 feet.	8 to 10 feet.	1 inch.	
MILLET, GERMAN	May, June, July.	Broadcast.	1 bus.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	½ inch.	50 lbs.
OATS	Feb. to Apr., Sept., Oct.	Broadcast.	2 to 3 bus.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	1 to 2 ins.	32 lbs.
OKRA	April, May, June.	3 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	3 feet.	1 foot.	1 inch.	
ONION	Jan., FebAug., Sept.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	3 to 4 ins.	½ inch.	
PARSLEY	Feb., Mar.—Sept., Oct.	1 oz.	4 to 5 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	2 to 3 ins.	½ inch.	
PARSNIP	March to June 15th.	4 ozs.	5 lbs.	18 inches.	4 to . 6 ins.	1/4 to 1/2 inch.	
PEANUTS	May and June.	1 lb.	35 to 40 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet.		1 to 2 ins.	22 lbs.
PEAS, GARDEN	Feb. to May.	2 lbs.	90 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet.		2 to 3 ins.	56 to 60 lbs.
" cow	May, June, July.	Broadcast.	1 to 11/2 bus.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	2 inches.	60 lbs.
" CANADA FIELD.	Jan., Feb., March.	Broadcast.	1½ bus.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	4 inches.	60 lbs.
PEPPER	Feb. to July.	Oz., 1000 plts.	1/2 to 3/4 lb.	18 inches.	2 to 3 feet.	¼ inch.	
POTATOES, EARLY	March, April.	½ peck.	10 to 12 bus.	3 feet.	15 inches.	4 inches.	60 lbs.
" LATE	June, July, August.	½ peck.	10 to 12 bus.	3 feet.	15 inches.	4 inches.	60 lbs.
PUMPKIN	May and June.	Oz., 20 hills.	3 lbs.	8 to 10 feet.		1 inch.	
RADISH	Feb. to May, Aug. and Sept.	2 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	18 to 24 ins.	4 to 6 ins.	½ inch.	
RAPE	Feb. to Apr. 15, Aug. to Nov.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	1 to 11/2 feet.	4 to 6 ins.	½ inch.	
RHUBARB	March and April.	1 oz.	8 to 10 lbs.	Trans. 6 feet.	4 to 5 feet.	½ inch.	
RYE	July to November.	Broadcast.	1½ bus.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	2 inches.	56 lbs.
SALSIFY	March to July.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	18 inches.	4 to 6 ins.	½ inch.	
SORGHUM	May and June.	4 ozs.	5 to 8 lbs.	3½ to 4 feet.	4 to 6 ins.	1/2 to 1 inch.	50 lbs.
SPINACH	Feb. to Apr., Aug. to Dec.	2 ozs.	12 to 15 lbs.	1½ to 2 feet.	4 to 6 ins.	1 inch.	
SQUASH	April to July.	2 ozs. (hills).	3 to 4 lbs.	3 to 4 feet.	3 to 4 feet.	1 inch.	
TOBACCO	February.		1 to 2 ozs.	3½ to 4 feet.	3 feet.	inch.	
TOMATO	Jan. to July.	Oz., 1,500 plts		4 feet.	3 feet.	¼ inch.	
TURNIP	Feb., July to Sept. 15.	1 oz.	1½ to 2 lbs.	2 feet.	4 inches.	½ inch.	
VETCH	Feb., MarJuly to Nov.	Broadcast.	25 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast.	Broadcast.	2 inches.	
							60 lbs.



CUT DOWN YOUR FERTILIZER BILLS

Get Your Nitrogen from the Air—Nitrogen is the most expensive ingredient in the fertilizers you buy, although it is plentiful in the air. When legume crops are inoculated this nitrogen is stored in nodules on the roots. These little bacteria working on the roots of the plants do a wonderful thing. They make plants stronger and bigger so that they yield more hay and forage, and at the same time they are storing up nitrogen in the nodules on the roots of the plants, making the soil richer.



INOCULATE LEGUMES WITH NOD-O-GEN

PRICES ON NOD-O-GEN

For Clovers, Alfalfa and Sweet - Clover	Bushel size\$1.00 Half-Bushel size60
For Soy Beans, Vetches, Field Peas and Cow Peas	Bushel size
For Garden Beans, Peas and Sweet Peas	Garden size20

Be sure to specify crop to be inoculated

INSURES QUICKER CATCH BIGGER CROPS

We believe in inoculation and we believe in both Humogerm and Farmogerm.

We recommend that all legume seeds be inoculated before planting. TWO DIFFERENT FORMS

Humogerm, humus media in tins: Farmogerm, jelly form in bottles. Prices for Alfalfa, Clovers and all small seeded varieties. 2½-bus. unit \$2,25, 1-bus. \$1, ½-bus. 60 cts., ¼-bus. \$5 cts. For Soy Beans, Vetch, Cowpeas, Beans and all large legume seeds. 5-bus. unit \$2,25, 1-bus. 60 cts., ½-bus. 35 cts.



SEED INOCULATION

GLORIOUS GARDENS PERFECT HOUSE PLANTS

STIM-U-PLANT is the only complete plant food in tablet form. Guaranteed analysis 11 per cent Nitrogen, 12 per cent Phosphoric Acid, 15 per cent Potash—all of which elements are water-soluble and immediately available to the feeding root-hairs of the plant. TABLET FORM OF GREAT VALUE

TABLET FORM OF GREAT VALUE

1. They give an EXACT FEEDING UNIT.
2. No MESSY MIXING:
3. No UNPLEASANT ODOR.
4. MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY because no food-value lost in scattering, leaching, or run-off of soll surface-water.
5. Makes REPOTTING of plants UNNECESSARY as it replaces the food withdrawn by the growing plant,
EASY TO USE—Simply insert tablets in soil about 3 inches from stem of plant, or dissolve in water at the rate of 4 tablets to the gallon and apply as liquid manure. Complete directions with every package.
Order STIM-U-PLANT tablets with your seed and plant.

Order STIM-U-PLANT tablets with your seed and plant order. Price: 10 tablets 15c., 30 tablets 25c., 100 tablets 75c., 1,000 tablets \$3.50



SAVES MONEY BY SAVING CROPS AND YOUNG POULTRY

Government statistics puts damage by rats and mice at \$20,000,000 a year. The wide-spread use of RAX would save much of this waste.

RAX IS NOT A POISON—While it is absolutely deadly to rats and mice, it is harmless to human beings, animal pets, poultry, and birds, It may be used anywhere with complete safety. It is therefore the ideal rat-killer.

RATS LEAVE BEFORE THEY DIE—Within five to ten days after some of the rats or mice have eaten the bait, they infect the rest of the colony; all become feverish and seek the open air and fresh water, where they die-outdoors.

where they die—outdoors:

HOW TO USE RAX—Simply add water to the bottle and shake contents until the water is cloudy. Then moisten bait (stale bread, crackers, or cheese) with the mixture and place it easily available to holes and runways where the rats and mice will readily eat it.

Directions are furnished with each package. One bottle is enough for an ordinary house; allow one bottle to each 500 feet of floor-space in barns, warehouses, etc.

The Improved Soil Inoculator, Nobbe-Hiltner Process Restores and Maintains Soil Fertility

The Original Soil Inoculator

The simplest and most profitable system of soil inoculation for all legumes. Enriches the soil, increases yield, hastens maturity, and saves fertilizer bills. Granular in substance; easy to mix with seed. Packed in tins and sold on convenient bushel basis; one bushel size will inoculate one bushel of any legume

IMPORTANT: When ordering always name the seed you wish to inoculate.

Prices below cover Alfalfa, Red Clover. Sweet Clover. 4-bu. size inoculates 15 lbs. seed (wt. 4 oz.)...\$0.40
12-bu. size inoculates 30 lbs. seed (wt. 6 oz.)...60
1-bu. size inoculates 60 lbs. seed (wt. 10 oz.)...100
5-bu. size inoculates 800 lbs. seed (wt. 3 lbs.).4,75
Garden Size, Peas, Beans, Lima Beans....20

Nitragin Prices Greatly Reduced on Soy Beans and Cow Peas

		\$0.40
5-bu. size inoculat	es 300 lbs. seed	2.5 0



Plantabbs are small, white, odorless tablets more effective than the finest fertilizer. Ideal for house plants where smelly fertilizer cannot be used, but equally good for all garden planting particularly roses.

We highly recommend Plantabbs because they are economical, there is no waste, no run-off, no weeds, they are clean, odorless, easy to apply, give uniform feeding and by dissolving quickly produce immediate fertilization. Four sizes.

	tablets																	
	tablets																	
1000	tablets tablets	::	 	:	: :	:	:	 :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	3.50

"FOR THE LAND'S SAKE"



ATTRACTIVE PRICES

For Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Vetch and Other Peas and Beans

1 Bu. Size Inoculates 60 lbs. seed.. \$0.50 2 Bu. Size Inoculates 120 lbs. seed.. 1.00 3-2 Bu. Size Inoculates 360 lbs. seed.. 2.50 6-2 Bu. Size Inoculates 720 lbs. seed.. 5.00 10-2 Bu. Size Inoculates 1200 lbs. seed.. 7.50

For Clovers and Alfalfa

Bu. size treats 30 lbs. seed....\$0.50 1 Bu. size treats 60 lbs. seed....1.00 6-1 Bu. size treats 360 lbs. seed.....5.00 10-1 Bu. size treats 600 lbs. seed.....7.50 Garden size for Garden Beans, Peas, Sweet Peas and Lima Beans20

POSTPAID

Always state kind of seed you wish to Inoculate.



Du Bay Seed Disinfectants, like many agricultural chemicals, are poisonous in nature and owing to present Postal Regulations cannot be sent through the mails but must be sent by express or freight.



SEED DISINFECTANTS

Control Seed-borne Diseases of Farm Crops Stimulate Germination-Improve Stands Generally Produce Increased Yields of Higher Quality

SEMESAN BEL

for seed Irish and sweet potatoes



Simply mix, dip, drain, dry and your seed potatoes are ready for planting. Semesan Bel may be used on either whole or cut seed pieces. Semesan Bel effectively controls such seed-borne disease organisms as trois such seed-borne disease organisms as scab, rhizoctonia and black-leg. By controlling these diseases, germination is generally increased, stand improver and the resultant crop bigger and of better quality. One pound treats 16 to 20 bushels of seed.

PRICES

4	oz	. \$0.50	25 lbs \$ 31,25
1	lb	. 1.75	100 lbs 120.00
5	lbs	. 8.00	300 lbs 345.00

SEMESAN JR.

for seed corn field and sweet

Semesan Jr. is especially effective in controlling seed-borne infections of diplodia, Gibberella and Basisporium, without harming the seed embryo in the least. Its use protects the seed from rotting in the ground and makes possible earlier planting which generally results in increased yields. Improved germination, better stands, control of certain diseases, increased yields are the benefits which thousands of farmers are reaping, at a cost of less than 3c, an acre.



		r n	10=3		
4	oz	 \$0.50	25	lbs	.\$ 31.25
1	lb	 1.75	100	lbs	. 120.00
5	lbs	 8.00	300	lbs	. 345.00

SEMESAN

for flower and vegetable seeds



Semesan may be applied in dust or liquid form to the seed before planting. It is harmless to the seed but deadly to disease harmless to the seed but deadly to disease organisms that may be on the seed. Semesan is such a powerful and effective disinfectant that seed treatment with it is ridiculously low in cost, ranging from ½c to 1c. per pound of seed. One ounce treats 15 lbs. of seed. Effective in controlling damping off and such devastating gladiolus diseases as hard rot and scab.

PRICES

2	oz\$0,50	25	lbs S 50	3.25
	lb 2.75	100	lbs 22	0.00
5	lbs	300	lbs 64!	5.00

CERESAN

for seed treatment of small grains

Ceresan has proven effective in controlling Ceresan has proven effective in controlling such seeds-borne diseases as bunt or stinking smut of wheat; stripe disease of barley; loose and covered smuts of barley and oats and covered kernel smut of sorghum. It is the only dust treatment which has successfully controlled these destructive grain diseases. Ceresan does not injure the seed nor the grain drill. Only 2 oz. of Ceresan required per bushel of wheat, rye or sorghum and 3 oz. for barley and oats. Easy to apply, economical to use.



					PRI	CES	
8	0z				.\$0.50	25	lbs \$ 12.50
1	lb				75		lbs 49.00
5	lbs				. 3.00	300	lbs 144.00

FAIRMOUNT

The Original Weed Killer

The Standard Since 1892

Positively destroys any kind of weed and vegetation wherever applied. One gallon Fairmount Weed Killer makes 50 gallons of treating liquid, sufficient to effectively cover 100 to 150 square yards. Just the thing for driveways, tennis courts, baseball diamonds and walks where weeds are not wanted. Will not injure or discolor marble, gravel or stone, but makes it clean and bright. For 35 years—The successful Weed Killer. By using FAIRMOUNT WEED KILLER vou avoid digging up your paths and roads and they will soon become firm and free from dust. FAIRMOUNT WEED KILLER acts by destroying seeds, germs and roots of plants.

Directions For Use—Dilute one (1) gallon of Fairmount Weed Killer with 49 gallons of water. Stir until well mixed, and apply where needed with a watering pot, a sprinkling wagon or an old broom, preferably after a light rain. Failure to get results are most times due to

using just before a rain, thereby diluting to a point endangering efficiency. Fairmount Weed Killer, when used as directed, will not fail. Remember that Fairmount Weed Killer has 35 years of successful weed killing history back of it.

List Prices—Qt., 70c; ½ gal. can \$1.00; 1 gal. can \$1.75; 5 gal. can \$7.25; 30 gal. drum \$33.00; 55 gal. drum \$55.00.

This spray destroys all tracts of these pests, outdoors or under glass, in two or three applications, for roses, chrysanthemums, golden glow and all others subject to plant lice. Will not discolor the foliage. Aphistrogen is complete. No soap required—simply splendid for house plants.

Splendid for house plants. Prices By Mail 2 oz. \$0.50 ½ lb. 1.25

A highly effective insecticide for leaf-chewing insects, including caterpillars, slug worms, Japanese Beetle, etc., and many blights. It is equally effective detergent for Black Spot on Phlox, etc.

Fertilizes through the Leaf

Like all the celebarted Rosenbluth formulae, Insectrogen carries a nitrogenous element which stimulates the plant through the foliage. Insectrogen is a complete spray.

ctrogen is a complete spray,	Prices	By Mail
4 oz	80.60	\$0.70
Half Pint	1.00	1.15
Pint	1.75	2.00
Quart	2.75	3.10
Half gallon	4.50	By Express
Gallon		By Express

Fungtrogen highly concentrated form of fungicide that will conquer mildew, practic-ally over night, and con-trol black spot, hereto-fore considered incurable.

Being highly concentrated, Fungtrogen should be combined with 60 parts of water, which makes it very economical. It does not disfigure the foliage, or clog up the pores of the leaves. It remains suspended in solution and does not precipitate to the bottom of the sprayer.



(Rosenbluth Formula)

A Remarkably New Discovery for Roses

Half Pint Pint Quart Half gallon Gallon	. 1.25 . 2.00 . 3.50	By Mail \$0.90 1.50 2.35 4.00 By Express
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SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PRODUCTS

varnishes and insecticides. For more than half a century this line has been a world's leader—that's why we selected it. And we are leaders in this locality—that's why the manufacturers granted us the agency for this well known line. A pretty good combination to do business with.

When you have need for anything in the paint and varnish line, you can depend upon full satisfaction and the most courteous attention to your requests for prices, color cards, and other information.

FERTILIZER SPREADER

Sour soil means poor crops. It must have lime. The "Holden" Spreader makes bigger crops. Guaranteed to handle lime in any form, fertilizer, phosphate, gypsum, wood ashes or crushed shells. Cannot Clog. The Holden Lime and

Fertilizer Spreader will make your soil healthy and productive. Spreads twice as far as any other; 20 ft. Attaches to any wagon or truck. No

holes to bore. Spreads evenly 100 to 10,000 pounds per acre. Handle material only once from car to field. Come in and see the Holden.



NEW WAY TO KILL GARDEN BUGS

PROTECT your flowers and vegetables this age way. Surprisingly easy! Simply sprinkle with a new kind of non-poisonous powder called PLANTGARD. Not only are bugs, worms

called PLAN I GARD. Not only are I and insects killed, but this almost magical powder also fertilizes the ground. No wonder flowers grow larger and brighter colored! Vegetables mature quicker and are more tasty. Yet it costs only a few cents to project an entire yearden bed to protect an entire garden bed.
Ask for Plantgard today.

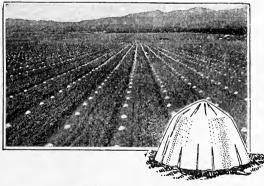


You get a big box of Plantgard for 35c—larger size 60c. Also offered in bulk at very attractive prices.



PLYMOUTH BINDER TWINE

Plymouth is a very splendid Binder Twine. Long Fibre, strong, smooth and Runs uniform size. Does not kink or break like some other brands. If you have never used it, be sure and try some this season and be convinced. We are sure you will like it.



Protect Plants for Profit

CERMACO HOTKAPS can make you extra dollar this season. They protect plants from wind, rain, insects and ground crusting. Thus they produce hardier, quicker crops. You get higher prices!

Thousands were used in 48 states last year. They cost so little that growers cannot afford to be without them.

Prices: 1,000 lots, \$11.50; 5,000 lots, \$11.00; 10,000 lots, \$10.75. 250 trial package, including garden type waterproof setter, \$4.00; Germaco steel HOTKAP set-

waterproof setter, \$4.00, Germaco Steel 110 ter, \$2.50.

If you need HOTKAPS for your backyard garden, note these prices: 50 with garden setter, \$1.50; 100 with garden setter, \$2.25; garden setter alone, 50 cents.

Hotkaps

HOOVER VISIBLE POTATO PLANTER

WITH AUTOMATIC SEED CONTROL

The "visible" planter with automatic seed control. Accuracy assured because the proper amount of seed is always in the picking chamber. The machine is so constructed that when the operator is on the seat the whole planting operation is in clear view; he can make certain that the planting is being done properly.

The Hoover is light draft and easy to handle Is prac-The "visible" planter with automatic seed control.

to handle. Is prac-tically all steel and very strong and durable.

durable.
Furrow openers and disc coverers are handled by one lever and are so placed as to secure uniform depth of planting and covering seeds. Opener makes a narrow grooved furrow for seed.

seed.



HOOVER POTATO DIGGERS

These famous mechanical diggers get all the potatoes dirt-free and unbruised. Shovel, of best quality, tempered steel, scours and works in difficult conditions without bending or breaking. Main sides are Bessemer steel rolled with a rib—much stronger than cast sides. Beams of high-carbon channel steel are bolted solidly to main sides and are adjustable for both hilled and level rows. carbon spring steel removes dirt readily and elevates potations or bruising them. All-steel, riveted vine separator rack has backward and forward motion which sifts all dirt out and deposits and clean condition; vines are deposited at one



deposited at one

Insecticides and Spraying Materials



Paris Green sects. It is a strong poison and should be used with care. Mix one pound of paris green to 50 pounds of plaster, or with water to 150 gallons. On vines and tender vegetables use a larger proportion of plaster and water. Not prepald, ½ lb. 15c; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 45c; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.00, Cannot be mailed.

Arsenate of Lead For Leaf-eat-ing Insects. Sticks to the leaf better than paris green and remains

leaf better than paris green and remains longer in suspension; requires fewer applications; does not burn the leaf, thus allowing stronger solutions. White in color and shows just where it has been applied. These advantages make it preferable to paris green for destroying leaf-eating insects. Use 1 to 2 lbs. to 50 gals. of water for general spraying. We handle only the dry powdered arsenate of lead, which has proved in every way superior and more economical than the paste. Not prepaid, lb. 35c; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.25; case of 48 lbs. \$14.00. Cannot be mailed.



For Sucking In-sects. Kills plant lice on roses, shrubbery, fruits and vegetables. A con-centrated solution centrated so of nicotine

to contain not less than 40 per cent of nicotine. A solution in the proportion of a teaspoonful to a gallon of water, to which add 4 lbs. soap to each 100 gallons of solutions, will kill the garden pea louse and not injure the vine. Mix with 800 times it bulk of water. 1 oz. bottle 35c; ½ lb. \$1.25; 2 lbs. \$3.50; 10-lb. pkg. \$13.50. Cannot be mailed.

"Nico-Fume" Tobacco Paper of paper impreg-strength Nicotine; folded and punched ready to hang up and burn. Contains not less than 20 per cent Nicotine. 24-sheet can \$1.25 (wt. 1 lb.); 144 sheets \$5.50 (wt. 5 lbs.); 288 sheets \$10 (wt. 8 lbs.) Postage extra.

Black Leaf "F 2" Nicotine Dust strength free nicotine and contains not less than 2 per cent of actual (100%) nicotine. Recommended for use against Pea Aphis, Onion Thrip, Cucumber Beetle, Squash Bug (young), Asparagus Beetle (young), Leaf Hopper and similar pests attacking vegetables, etc. For Field Use—

5 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$4.50; 50 lbs. \$8.25; 100 lbs. \$15.75

For Greenhouse-

1 lb. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$4.75; 10 lbs. \$8.50

Bordeaux Mixture

This mixture not only prevents blight, scab, rust, mildew, blackrot and other fungus diseases of nlants and fruits, but improves the quality and largely in-

plants and fruits, but improves the quality and largely increases the yield. It should be used on all vine-crops, grapes, cucumbers, melons, tomatoes, etc. Potatoes especially respond generously to thorough spraying. Eight lbs. to 50 gallons water makes a 4-4-50 mixture. 1 lb. 350; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.25; 10-lb. pkg. \$2.25; case of 48 lbs. \$8.65; 100 lbs. \$16.00. Cannot be mailed.

Kerosene Emulsion For Sucking Insects. A safe and sure remedy for squash-bugs, caterpillars, rose-bugs, green-fly, melon and pea louse, and all sucking insects. Ours is a perfect emulsion and will not separate. It is in concentrated form—add 25 to 50 gallons of

rated form—add 25 to 50 gallons of water to one gallon of emulsion and it is ready to use. Spray before the blossom buds open and again after the blossoms fall. The second spraying should have paris green mixed with it to kill leaf-lice, aphides and insects. Not prepaid, qt. 65c; 2 qts. \$1.00; gallon \$1.65; 5 gals. \$9.25. Cannot be mailed.



Scalecide Highly recommended as a scale killer and as a controller of fungous diseases, such as apple canker, collar rot, root rot and blight canker, that cause the twig blight and fire blight.

Use while trees are dormant, 1 to 15 parts water.

> Qt., 75c; gal., \$1.75; 5 gal., \$6.25; 10 gal., \$10.60; 15 gal., \$13.50. Cannot be mailed.

tive remendy for San Jose Scale.

tive remendy for San Jose Scale.

Dry Lime-Sulphur—Exactly like limesulphur solution except that the water
has been taken out. No freight to pay
on water, no leakage, never freezes. For
fall and spring spraying, use 12 to 15 lbs.
to 50 gallons of water. Summer spraying,
2½ to 3 lbs. to 50 gallons water. To the
summer spray add 2 lbs. of arsenate of
lead or ½ lb. to 1 lb. paris green to make
a combined insecticide and fungicide. By
mail, postpaid, lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$2.50. Not prepaid,
lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$3,75; 50 lbs. \$6.50;
100 lbs. \$12.00

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Para-di-Chloro-Benzene

Stests show approximately \$5% control. Apply to six-year trees and older in September or October when the ground is dry. One pound will treat fifteen trees. Ask the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Bulletin No. 1169. By mail, postpald, 1 lb, pkg. 60c; 5-lbs. pkg. \$2.50. Not prepaid, 1 lb. pkg. 50c; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.25.

Fish Oil Soap (Sometimes called Whale Oil Soap) Effectually destroys the mealy bug and almost all lice on both indoor and outdoor plants. Very effective against scale and soft bodied sucking insects on ornamental plants and shrubbery. It penetrates the crevices where the eggs and larvae are hidden and destroys them. By mail, postpaid, lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.50. Not prepaid, lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.25.

Lemon Oil

The very best remedy for house plants, effectively destroying green fly, red spider, scale, mealy bug, mildew, etc. It has no bad handle, being soluble in water, and can be applied to plants of most delicate foliage without danger. The Lemon Oil is a capital wash for dogs; it cures mange, destroys insects, and removes impurities from the hide. Will also destroy lice and insects by spraying in hen pens and poultry houses. Direction for use on each can. Price, ½-pt. 40c; pt. 70c; qt. \$1.25; postpaid. Not postpaid, ½-pt. tins, 35c. pt. 60c; qt. \$1.00; ½ gal. \$1.75; gal. \$3.00

Mexican Bean Beetle Dust
Arenate and Lime that is very effective in fighting this new destructive pest.

A combination of Caldium Arsenate and Lime that is very effective in fighting this new destructive pest.

Lb. 250; 5 lbs. fective in fighting this new destructive pest. Lb. 25.75c; 25 lbs. \$2.75; 50 lbs. \$5.00. Cannot be mailed.

Pyrox 1. Kills leaf-eating insects and worms—potato bugs, flea-beetles, apple worms.

2. Controls fungus diseases such as potato blight and rot, apple scab and blotch.

3. Increases yields by keeping the foliage healthy and vigorous right through the season.

4. All ready to use; mixes easily; will not clog the finest nozzle, sticks like paint—thus saving time, labor and material. 5. Use it on apples, pears, cherries, small fruits, potatoes, tomatoes, cucumbers, squashes, and other vegetables; and for coating seed corn to prevent birds pulling.

1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 25 lbs., \$6.50 lbs., \$10.75; 100 lbs., \$15.50; 300 lbs., \$43.50



A highly effective non-poison use insecticide. Absolutely harmless to man, live Stock, birds and pets. (No danger of eating poisoned vegetables.) Cannot burn or otherwise injure most delicate plants even in the concentrated solutions. Sary—remains in solution and will not gum sprayers. Will not injure rubber, metal, hands or clothing. Tests show EVER GREEN to be effective against cutworms, cucumber beetles, cabbage worms, aphis (plant lice), leaf hoppers, thrips, rose slugs, melon beetles, currant worms and most other insects, both chewing and sucking. Being non-poisonous it is mailable. One gallon makes 800 gallons effective aphis spray. Prices: 1½ oz., 35c (makes 9 gal. spray); 6 oz., \$1.00; 16 oz., \$2.00; 32 oz., \$3.85; Gal. bottles, \$13.00. Full instructions with each

Slug Shot A reliable remedy for destroying cabbage worms and used extensively on melons, cupoisonous to human life. 1-lb. canister 20c; 5-lb. package 50c

Tobacco Dust

An inexpensive and a very effective remedy for destroying insects on cabbage, cucumbers, melons and other vine bage, the destroying insects on cabbage, the destroying insects of cabbages, and the destroying insects of cabbages.

Lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$3.00

PREMIUM SEEDS Z

MYERS' SPRAY PUMPS No. R336B

Here is a Myers Outfit that is unequalled for general spraying work. It is complete in every respect being equipped with Tank, Trucks, Pump, Hose, Pipe Extension and Nozzle, ready to spray. It is not only adapted for spraying, but can be used for whitewashing, painting and disinfecting. Tank is galvanized iron and holds 12½ gallons. The pump is the same as No. R318, described above. Wheel and handles are wrought steel, thoroughly braced. A handy outfit to own and a most serviceable one in every respect.

No. R336B Myers Handy Portable Sprayer, complete as illustrated and described with Mechanical Agitator \$23.00

No. 327/6. Little Glant Brass Spray Pump. with Agi-

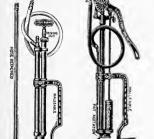




No. 3271/2 Little Glant Brass Spray Pump, with Agitator, complete with Hose and Imperial Combination fine and coarse spray and solid stream Nozzle, with Malleable Foot Rest. Price. \$4.00

No. R324 Myers Cog Gear Bucket Spray Pump, with Agitator, complete with Detachable Hose and Graduating Vermorel fine, sprinkling and solid stream nozzle, packed one in a carton. Price \$6.00

No. R318B Myers Cog Gear Barrel Spray Pump, with one lead of 15 feet of \(\frac{1}{2}\)-inch Discharge Hose, Graduating Vermorel Nozzle and both Jet and Mechanical Agitator. Price......\$14.00



No. 3271/2 No. R324



Consists of a tight, valveless bellows with a distributing tube, a funnel, a spreader for diffusing the spray and an elbow for placing spray on under side of leaves. Handles of convenient length. Bellows are made of russet leather with sides of bass wood. painted vermilion. Kills bugs and worms by spraying dry insecticides such as Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead on potatoes, to-bacco, garden truck, flowers and shrubs. Also used for lice killer on poultry, stock and animal pets, and for persian insect powder for house flies. Price......\$1.50

plants

FEEENY MODEL B DUSTER



A valuable distributor for spray-g melons, flowers and all small THE BEST DUSTER MADE

Pump Jack—This jack is touble geared for any style of vertical pump where the jack can be clamped directly to the pump\$10.00



The Myers Pneumatic Compressed Air Sprayer with self-locking D handle and screw top with adjustable long distance spray nozzle complete as illusstrated and described.

2½ gallon size......\$5.00 4½ gallon size.....\$6.00



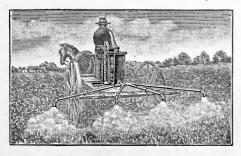
MYER'S FAULTLESS SPRAYER



A valuable distributor of Paris Green, Dry Arsenate of Lead and Fungicides of different kinds in the Or-chard, Vineyard, Garden or Field. Price with all at-tachments, complete. Price \$14.00

LITTLE GIANT DUSTER

Similar to Champion only smaller. Will do identically



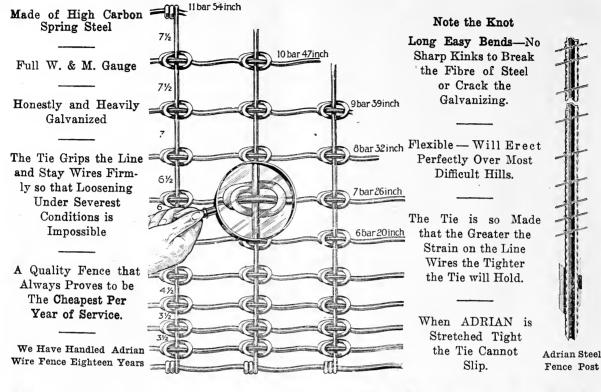
LEGGETT'S FOUR-ROW POTATO DUSTER

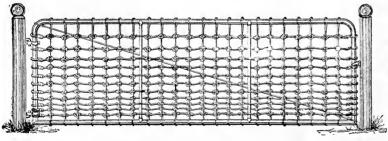
Leggett's Four-Kow Beetle Dusters for dusting Paris Green smaller. Will do identically on potatoes. Puts on tour rows at a time. Price, \$135.00 the same work. Price, \$10.00



ADRIAN FENCE—The Tie That Binds

WRITE FOR SPECIAL DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR AND PRICES

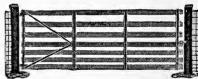




ADRIAN FARM GATES-10 and 12-foot Sizes



For the benefit of our customers we have added to our stock of wire standard weight single loop bale ties. (Price on Application)



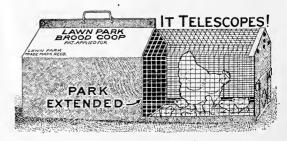
CAN'T SAG GATES

Put up guaranteed CAN'T SAG GATES and improve the appearance and value of your farm. You will find them stronger, lighter, finer looking and a pleasure to open and close them. They swing both ways easily, they are built with a backbone of steel, they can never sag, drag, warp or twist out of shape. Every one is guaranteed for five years. Cost no more than all-wood gates and last so much longer. Can furnish both 10 and 12 foot sizes. We also carry Steel gates.

THE "LAWN PARK" COOP

gives the chicks sunshine, fresh air, grass and protection from all enemies. It is made so as to telescope the wire run into the coop and pull out like a drawer. When closed, it is snow and rain proof. It is constructed of galvanized metal throughout and has a removable metal bottom in the main coop, which makes easy cleaning. Size, closed, 18 x 24 inches; when park is extended, 18 x 48 inches; height, 24 inches.

Price, \$3.25 each; 3 coops at \$3.00 each



Planet Jr. Garden Tool

NO. 3 HILL AND DRILL SEEDER-This Hill and Drill Seeder is very popular with the market gardener and onion set grower. It drills very accurately and distributes the seed evenly at most any depth deof seed can be stopped instantly. The steel drive wheel is 15 inches in diameter, seed hopper holds 3 quarts. Price, \$17.50

No. 4D-Hill and Drill Seeder.. \$14.25

No. 4 -Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe...,\$18.00

No. 25 -Hill and Drill Seeder, Double Wheel Hoe ... \$21.50

No. 3 Hill and Drill Seeder

No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe THE DOUBLE WHEEL HOE is a favorite with a great many gardeners, especially onion set growers, and the bear a popular new as it is a combined double and single wheel hoe. The steel frame can be set at will be more popular now as it is a combined double and single wheel hoe different heights to suit any kind or depth of work. The arch is high enough

No. 13-Side Hoes only SINGLE WHEEL HOES are lighter than the double and do almost the same variety of work, but are used mostly between the rows; yet by mounting the wheel on the other side of the arm, it can be used to hoe both sides at once while plants are small.

Numbers 16, 17 and 18; wheels, frame and handle are alike.

No. 100D 5-Tooth Cultivator



No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe

No.	16—Has	8 tools, Hoes, Plow, Teeth, Rakes	\$9. 0 0
No.	17—Has	6 tools, Hoes, Plow and 3 Teeth	7.75
No.	18—Has	Side Hoes only	5,75

PLANET JR. 5-TOOTH CULTIVATORS are widely known and bear a higher reputation than any 5-tooth cultivator ever made.

If you are a farmer, trucker, orchardist, or suburbanite with a garden, ere is a Planter Jr. made for your special need. Write us.

11101	o is a righter or, made for your special need. Write us.	
No.	4D—Without Wheel\$	8.50
No.	9D—Has Expanding Lever	10.75
No.	100D-Planet Jr.'s New 5-tooth Cultivator	7.50

20-D FERTILIZER DRILL

When you broadcast fertilizer before seeding—you waste it. Put it where and when it will do the most good—by side-dressing your crops with a Planet Jr. No. 20D Fertilizer Drill.

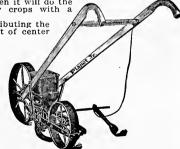
The new type Spout permits distributing the fertilizer; both to the right and left of center of rows; directly in center and all to one side—either right or left as

of rows; Girectly.

to one side—either right or leit as you desire.

The No. 26 Seed Drill has now been tested out in practical field work for three years, and improved wherever we found improvement possible. Even before it was put on the market, many growers who saw the first model in the experimental stages were so enthusiastic about it that we had to take their advance orders. This was substantial proof that they meant it when they said it was the best seed drill for all soils they had ever seen in operation. When you see one of these machines at work it will appeal just as strongly to you.

Price, \$20.00



Planet Jr. No. 26 Drill Seeder "A New Drill Seeder for All Solis"



Planet Jr. 20-D Fertilizer Drill



THE BRINLY RASTUS CULTIVATOR "THE WEED-KILLER"

Brinly "Rastus" is the biggest success that ever went into field of tobacco, corn, cotton or truck garden.

One minute's plowing will make you its friend for life. Get right up to the plants without injuring them. Kills weeds so dead that owners know it as "Rastus" the Weed Killer. Shovels throw weeds to the center of the row and a fine dust mulch on the plants Leaves smooth furrow bottoms. Just the thing for hillsides. Easy on man and horse. Right or left throw.

Brinly "Rastus" is sold under a positive guarantee to give full satisfaction or your money refunded.

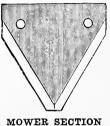
Regular Equipment, Three 3-inch Blades and Oscillating Fender.

Rastus Cultivator

MOWER and BINDER **CUTTING REPAIR PARTS**

TO FIT ALL THE LEADING MAKES OF MACHINES





WE STAND BACK OF EVERY REPAIR PART WE SELL

Write for Price List of Parts For Your Machine



MOWER GUARD

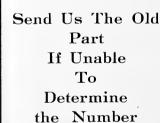


PITMAN BOX

Knives Sections Guards Guard Plates Knife Heads Knife Clips Knife Head Caps Pitmans Pitman Straps Pitman Bolts Grass Boards Shoe Soles Gears and Pinions Crank Shaft Bushings Pitman Boxes Wrist Pins



TRY US FOR SERVICE





GUARD PLATE



KNIFE HEAD



KNIFE CAP



MOWER PAWL



MOWER PAWL



PITMAN BOLT



PITMAN STRAPS

SHOE SOLE



WEARING PLATE



BINDER SECTION



Lengthen
the Feeding
Value of
Your Crops

FULLY 50,000 farmer owners have positively proved that you can lower the cost of producing milk, beef, pork or

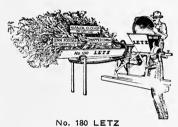
mutton with Letz System of Home Crop Feeding. They have actually proved that Letz Mixed Feed Makers will:

- Save 25% to 50% of present feed crops by utilizing waste.
- 2. Release up to 30% of your present feed crop acreage for cash crops.
- 3. Increase milk and meat production up to 30% through better feed preparation.
- 4. Save up to 25% of labor in handling feed crops.
- Improve health and condition of all farm animals.

Write today for free copy of "The Letz System of Home-Crop Feeding." Filled with practical suggestions and records of results on feeding the Letz way.



Will handle home-grown crops or other feed material in any condition they are brought to the grinder. Damp, oily, frozen or otherwise.



The No. 180 Letz is especially constructed for the small, individual feeder, who feeds from 3 to 15 dairy cows and a few other farm animals or the equivalent.

The No. 180 Letz makes a fine combination for engines as small as 5 to 6 H.P. by taking out the 10" plates and bolting the 8" plates in the mill.

CAPACITY NO. 180 LBS. PER HOUR

Mediur	P. 20 H.P. m Medium g Grinding
Ear Corn 2100	4500
Oats 1100	2200
Corn Stalks with Ear 1200	2000
Alfalfa and Clover 900	1800
Straw or Sheaf Oats 900	1800

RECUTS
ROUGHAGE
COARSE,
GRINDS
GRAIN
FINE,
THEN
MIXES
ALL
IN ONE
DUSTPROOF
OPERATION

No. 344 LETZ
With Exhauster Fan, Steel Tower
and Dust Collector on Truck.

The No. 344 "Letz Mixed-Feed Maker" is for the feeder who feeds more animals than recommended for the No. 180 Letz.

Exhauster fan is used on this mill to deliver the prepared feeds wherever they are to be stored. This equipment, while a convenience and time and labor saver, it is not necessary for satisfactory operation of the grinder.

CAPACITY No. 344 LBS. PER HOUR

	Medium	Medium
(rinding	Grinding
Ear Corn	3500	7000
Oats	1500	3000
Corn Stalks with Ear	2000	5000
Alfalfa and Clover Hay	1800	4000
Straw or Sheaf Oats	2000	4000

"Saved \$680.00 in Feed Bill, Produces \$261.00 More Butter Fat"

Stanford, Kentucky, February 10, 1927. The Letz Manufacturing Company Crown Point. Indiana

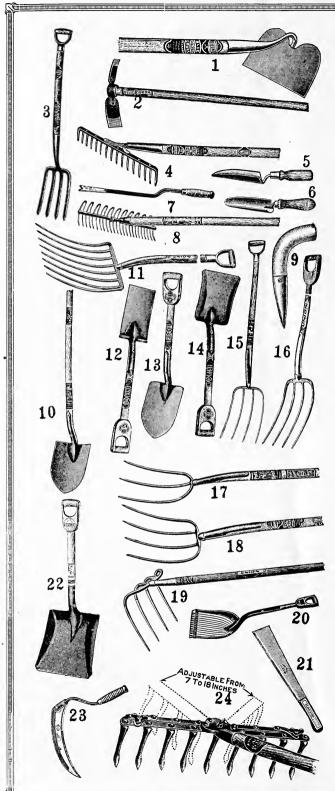
Gentlemen:

I am entirely satisfied with my Letz Mixed-Feed Maker. I shall be very glad to send you a yearly feed bill for my dairy herd, the year previous to installing my Letz and for the year the Letz has been in use.

To state that I have saved \$680.00 in feed bill and produced \$261.00 more butter fat, may give you some idea of what I think of the Letz.

John O, Reid.

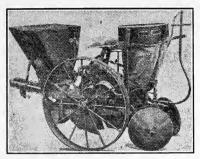




Farm and Garden Hand Tools

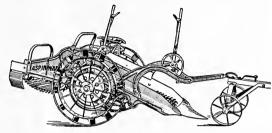
Fig. 1—B. G. Hoe-Made of high-grade
Fig. 1—B. G. Hoe—Made of high-grade steel and fully polished, with straight grained ash handle, waxed; 6, 6½ and 7 inches wide\$1.20
grained ash handle, waxed; 6, 61/2 and
7 inches wide\$1.20
Cyclone Hoe, with solid shank90
Cyclone Hoe, with riveted shank55
Fig. 2—Garden Mattock 1.00
Fig. 3—B. G. Spading Fork
Pine Knot Spading Fork 1.50 Fig. 4—B. G. Steel Garden Rake.
12-tooth
14-tooth
12-tooth .90 14-tooth .95 16-tooth 1.00
Fig. 5—Transplanting Trowel. All steel, solid shank
Fig. 6-Transplanting Trowel.
Steel blade, riveted to shank
Fig. 7—Asparagus or Dandelion Knife35
Fig. 8—Wire Lawn Rake.
20 teeth
24 teeth
36 teeth
Fig. 9—Dipple—For transplanting cab- bage and other such plants, with iron
point, wood handle
point, wood handle
Point Shovel 1.00
B. G. Long Handle Round Point Shovel
Fig. 11—Eight tine Manure or Ensilage Fork
Fig. 12—B. G. Spade
Cyclone Spade
Fig. 13—B. G. Round Point Shovel 1.35
Cyclone Round Point Shovel 1.00
Fig. 14-B. G. Square Point Shovel 1.65
Cyclone Square Point Shovel, black 1.00
" " polished 1.25
Fig. 15—P. K. Manure Fork 1.45
Five-tine Manure Fork 1.65
Fig. 16—B. R. Diamond Tine Manure
Fork, four-tine, heavy 2.25
Five tine, heavy 2.90
Fig. 17—B. G. Hay Fork. 5½-foot, straight handle 1.60
5½-foot, straight handle
4½-foot, bent handle
5 -foot bent handle 1.40
P. K.—5½-foot, straight handle 1.15
P. K.—5½-foot, straight handle 1.15 P. K.—6 -foot, straight handle 1.40
Fig 19 B G Long Handle Manure
Fork
Fig. 19—Potato Hook
Fig. 20—Potato Scoop
Fig. 21—B-2, Corn Knife
Fig. 22—L. E. Coal Shovel
Fig. 23—Little Giant Grass Hook
Fig. 24—Adjustable Garden Rake and
Cultivator 1.25

ASPINWALL—McKENZIE POTATO MACHINERY



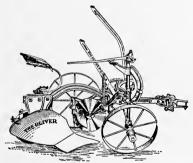
McKenzie No. 5 Planter, the Planter for those who want the best. Furnished as a two-row Planter, the No. 55.

We Carry Complete Stock of All ASPINWALL REPAIRS

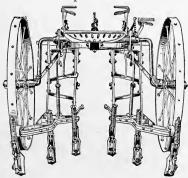


These light draft Diggers stand up under the hardest usage year after year without annoyance of expensive delays or costly repairs.

Headquarters For Oliver Chilled Plows



Oliver No. 11 is the most popular sulky ever built. Without an equal in simplicity, lightness of draft, ease of operation and field performance.



Oliver No. 35 Riding Cultivator

We Carry
A
Complete Stock
GENUINE

OLIVER CHILLED

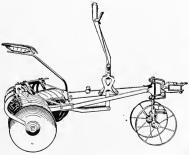
Plow Points
All Sizes
and
Other
REPAIRS



Oliver Steel Beam Chilled Walking Plow



Oliver Hillside Walking Plow



Oliver HDH Disc Harrow

JOHN DEERE FARM IMPLEMENTS

SYRACUSE MELLOW LAND PLOWS SLOPING LANDSIDE

Regarded highest grade chilled plows made. Steady made. Steady running, easy handling and light draft are basic qualities. light draft are basic qualities. Moldboards have

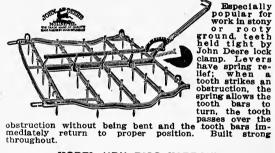


Moldboards have superior turning qualities. Plows have full horn share, so that a fresh cutting edge on the shin is obtained with each new share. Beams, jointers and wheel standards are steel, and will not bend or break. Sizes: 5 to 7-inch and 14 to 16-inch furrows.

SYRACUSE HILLSIDE PLOW These are exceptionally strong and durable plows, handle easily and will do excellent work on either hillside or level land. Are furnished with The state of the s

rurnished with clevis as shown, can be equipped with a wheel. Sizes, 7 to 8-in., and 8 to 10-in. furrow.

UNIVERSAL HARROW

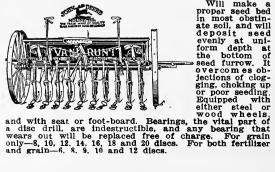


Especially popular for work in stony or rooty ground, teeth held tight by John Deere lock clamp. Levers

MODEL "B" DISC HARROW

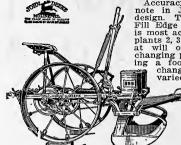
Spring pressure secures greater penetrating power and more thorough cultivation. Instant leveling for all conditions enables operator





Will make a proper seed bed in most obstinate soil, and will deposit seed evenly at uniform depth at the bottom of seed furrow. It

NO. 999 CORN PLANTER



Accuracy of drop is the keynote in John Deere Planter design. The new Natural Cell Fill Edge Delivery seed plate is most accurate. The No. 999 plants 2, 3 or 4 kernels per hill at will of operator without changing plates—merely shifting a foot lever makes the change. Drilling distances varied in the same manner. Nine drilling distances with each set of plates. Handles great variety of corn and other seeds most satisfactorily. Fertilizer attachment handles

any standard fertilizer, any quantity ment handles per acre. Fertilizer can be checked with each hill of corn or drilled along the row while corn in being checked.

NO. 245 CORN DRILL

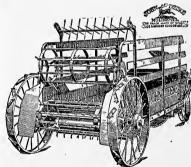
An accurate gear driven drill with double-curve discopener, polished steel coulter covsteel coulter cov-erers, tip-over hopper, and Na-tural Cell Fill edge delivery seed plates for



seed plates for corn, beans, peas, sorghum, feterita and all other seeds. Three rows of teeth on drive wheel give three drilling distances for each seed plate. Fertilizer and pea attachments extra. Pea attachment plants peas in the same hill with the corn, or alternately with the corn.

JOHN DEERE MANURE AND STRAW SPREADERS

THE SPREADER WITH THE BEATER ON THE AXLE The Low-Down Spreader with High Drive Wheels



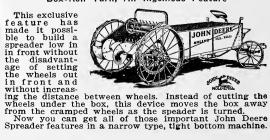
Drive Wheels
Few Parts. No
clutches, no
chains and few
adjustments; in
fact, some fifty
types of castings
are entirely done
away with. New
and exclusive revolving Rake
keeps the beater
dear and workkeeps the beater clear and work-ing free. Ball bearing Eccen-tric Apron Drive. Simple, but a positive drive. John Deere Wide-Spread At-tachment. For use when desired

Wide-Spread Attachment. For use when desired to spread wider than ordinary. Quickly attached or detached, or merely disconnected when desirable to use spreader without attachment. Patented. Spreads manure evenly seven feet wide.

John Deere Straw-Spreading Attachment. Special equipment can be furnished for John Deere Spreaders with which straw can be effectively spread. Only one man is required to operate the machine. Manure and straw can be spread with the same equipment.

THE NEW JOHN DEERE SPREADER

WITH FRONT AXLE SAME WIDTH AS REAR Box-Roll Turn, An Ingenious Feature



JOHN DEERE FARM IMPLEMENTS

JOHN DEERE HIGH LIFT MOWER

An unusually light-draft, clean-cut-ting, durable mower. Simple and ac-cessible driving gears so arranged as cessible driving gears
to equalize thrust and
prevent strain and
wear on driving parts.
Simple wrench adjustments keeps knife centered and cutter
bar in proper
alignment. Powerful lift. Easily
handled. handled.

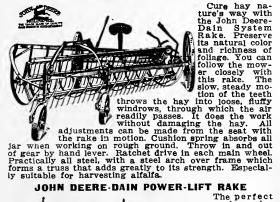
JOHN DEERE SELF-DUMP SULKY RAKE



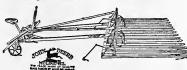
A rake you can keep in good running order for years. Important working parts inter-changeable, reversible or adjustable, giving extra wear with no repair expense. Arched and gather at all g. Made in 3, 9,

steel axles give wheels proper pitch and times. Foot trip secures instant dumping. 10 and 12-foot widths.

JOHN DEERE-DAIN SYSTEM RAKE



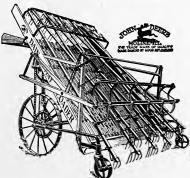
Cure hay nature's way with the John Deere-Dain System Rake. Preserve



The perfect carrying rake. Horses furnish power for lifting teeth to carrying position. Automatic foot levers lock the teeth when raised or

lock the teeth when raised or lowered. Horses walk back of the teeth so that hay can be gathered close to fences or ditches. Teeth points can be held close to the ground. They gather hay properly from swath, windrow or cock. Cushion springs allow teeth to yield and pass over obstructions. Caster wheels make the rake easy to guide.

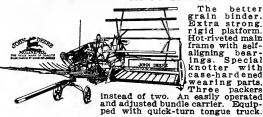
JOHN DEERE-DAIN HAY LOADER



The one-man hay loader with the force delivery that pushes hay forward on wagon. Straight chain drive, and geared at proper speed for best work. Gathers hay cleanly from swath or windrow, as strokes of rakes overlap. Rakes can be of rakes overlap. Rakes can be raised or lower-ed from one side of the machine. Hinged apron prevents hay from working of sides of the loader. The John Deere-Dain Hay Loader is mount.

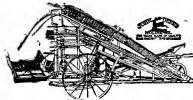
entirely on wheels. It will work close to fences or ches. Tongue hinged to axle suits any size wagon.

JOHN DEERE GRAIN BINDER



The better grain binder. Extra strong, rigid platform. Hot-riveted main Hot-riveted main frame with self-aligning bearings. Special knotter with case-hardened wearing parts. Three packers

JOHN DEERE CORN BINDER



The binder with power carrier and quick-turn tongue truck. By simply pressing a foot lever causes carrier to deliver bundles free of horses' path. Quick-turn tongue truck takes of neck weight and permits A light-draft and long.

quick and easy turning at ends. equipped with roller bearings. A lived machine.

JOHN DEERE-DAIN MOTOR PRESS

For either private or custom work. Eccentric gear drive gives increased leverage on compression stroke and a quick return of the plunger; the a quick return of the plunger, the reason why rapid work is possible. Improved ble. Improved block dropper, patented auto-matic tucker, positive self-feed

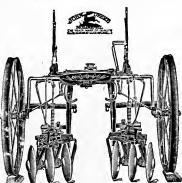
positive self-feed and powerful plunger with its rocking action, makes neat, well-pressed bales rapidly and easily without any sudden jar or shock. Engine extension can be furnished when desired. Quickly attached, with engine always properly lined up, 14x18, 16x18 and 18x22-inch bales. 1½ to 3 tons per hour.



JOHN DEERE POTATO CULTIVATOR

A combined Potato and Corn Cultivator, which will cultivate 24-inch to 48-inch rows. A cultivator that we can absoluteguarantee.

JOHN DEERE JA DISC CULTIVATOR



This automatic horse-lift, pedal guide, disc cultivator is widely used among corn growers. All adjustments are convenient and convenient and
easy, no bolts to
loosen. Frame
shifts automatically, the pole
stays down.
Rigs are always
parallel. Hump
in axle pipe gives wheels uni-form pitch at any position. All connections on connections on the channel steel frame are riveted, no bolts to work loose.

Tread can be varied 16 inches. Oscillating scrapers may be set to the inside or outside of the discs. The JA may be converted into a shovel or spring-tooth cultivator simply by changing the rig. Sizes: 14 or 16-inch discs.

Tractor Farming Implements

JOHN DEERE NO. 40 FORDSON TRACTOR PLOW



Built especially for use with Fordson tractor. New-process John Deere steel makes it lighter than average horse-drawn sulky, but very strong. Beams guaranteed not to bend or break. Self-adjusting hitch automatically adjusts itself to correct line of draft as depth of plowing is varied. An extremely light-draft, strong plow that every Fordson owner will appreciate.

JOHN DEERE MODEL "L" FORDSON TRACTOR
DISC HARROW WITH YIELDING LOCK



The new type John Deere Disc for tractors only. Convenient angling cranks operated from tractor seat; automatic yielding lock coupling and self-aligning device keep rear discs from trailing front discs; flexibility insures complete disking of all the soil; adjustable scrapers keep disc clean; low-hitch adjustable to any standard tractor drawbar.

Stationary Saw Frame is Saw Frame is built of selected lumber, strongly bo

This Saw Frame is built of selected lumber, strongly bolted at each joint with heavy iron braces. It is equipped with a wide tilting table, adjustable saw guard, 1%-inch cold rolled steel shaft running in wide babbitt bearings and a 5-inch driving pulley with a 7-inch face.

This saw frame can be operated by either a stationary or portable 5, 7, 9 or 12 H.P. Hercules engine and we recommend a 26-inch saw for use with one 5 H.P. engine and a 30-inch saw for use with our larger size engines. The 26-inch saw should be run from 800 to 1200 revolutions per minute and the 30-inch saw from 700 to 1000 revolutions per minute. We have not provided this frame with a balance wheel as the two heavy fly wheels on our engines furnish sufficient

momentum to run the saw at an even speed and best results will be obtained by using a mber of this frame is 15 and its

30 ft. belt in operating it. The style number of this frame is 15, and its shipping weight is 185 lbs. Saws and belting are furnished extra.

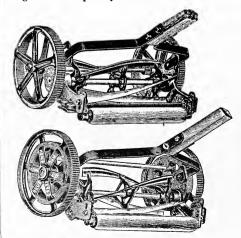


The HERCULES Engines are great favorites with farmers on account of their high grade quality and fool-proof construction.

HERCULES Bearings are white bronze, die cast, removable and interchangeable, the kind found only on high grade engines and automobiles.

If you are thinking of buying COME and let us SHOW you this fine engine and surprise you at the small sum it takes to buy one.





Genuine Herschel Lawn Mowers THE STANDARD OF QUALITY

The Genuine Herschel Lawn Mowers are recognized Standard for High Class Lawn Mowers. Herschel Lawn Mowers are made of the Best Materials for hard constant use. They are light Draft. A Herschel Lawn Mower for home use, will be the Best Labor saving device one could invest in—always sharp, easy running and going for years with very small Repairs. We list below the most Popular Herschel Lawn Mowers.

No. 200	Plain	Bearing 14-inch	Mower\$ 7.00
No. H	Plain	Bearing 16-inch	Mower 11.00
No. 350			Mower 9.50
No. 400	Ball	Bearing .16-inch	Mower 11.00
No. 500	Ball	Bearing 16-inch	Mower 12.75
No. 500	Ball	Bearing 18-inch	Mower 13.50
No. 600	Ball	Bearing 18-inch	Mower 15.00
No. 1	Grass	Catcher	1.50

ORDER SHEET for PREMIUM SEEDS

HALL SEED COMPANY

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

HALL SEED CO. Gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds it sends out, and will be in no way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

DateFORWARD BY		AMOUNT ENCLOSED (Loose money is not safe)				
(State here if wanted by Mail, Express, or Freight) Send to (Name) (Write Plainly—Ladies will please put the prefix Miss or Mrs.) Postoffice: State		Cash Stamps Wrap carefully to prevent sticking	Put up by _	Order No Put up by Shipped by Date Shipped		
Shipping Depot or Express Office if different from Post Office On what Railroad is your shipping point? NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED					PRICE	
		AMOUNT CARI	RIED OVER			
	(State her d to ne) (Write Plainly-toffice:	(State here if wanted by Mail, Expr d to me) (Write Plainly-Ladies will please put the toffice: nty ping Depot or Express Office if different from Post Office Quantity Be sure and ad	(State here if wanted by Mail, Express, or Freight) d to me) (Write Plainly—Ladies will please put the prefix Miss or Mrs.) toffice: State R. F. D. No. Box No. ping Depot or Express Office if different from Post Office Quantity Re sure and add postage to articles of	Close money is not safe)	FORWARD BY (State here if wanted by Mail, Express, or Prelight) d to me) (Write Phinly—Ladies will please put the prefix Miss or Mrs.) tofffice: State State Stamos Wrap carefully to prevent Shipped by and Dept or Express Office Halfferent from You Office On what Railroad is your shipping point? NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED Be sure and add postage to articles ordered by mail if not quoted postpaid	

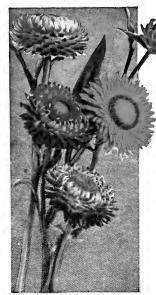
Shipper's Check	Quantity	NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED	PRICE	
		AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD		
		AMOUNI BROUGHI FORWARD		
			TT TT	
		·		
	1			
		If you will kindly send us below names and addresses of your friends		
	ļ 	and neighbors who buy Seeds or Poultry Supplies, we will take pleasure in mailing each of them our catalogue.		
		the manning cases of steem car caracogues.		
			 	
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Scabiosa-Mourning Bride.



Larkspur-Annual Delphinium.



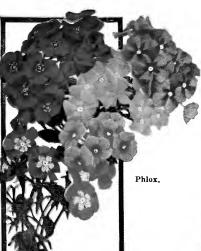
Helichrysum-Strawflower

Magnificent Garden SPECIAL COLLECTION

This choice collection of gorgeous annuals will bring beauty to your garden and joy and cheerfulness to your home. All of them are immensely popular because of their exquisite colors and the comparative easiness with which they may be grown.



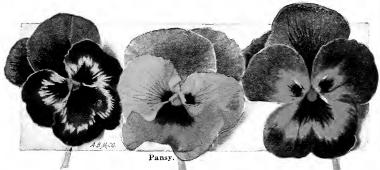
Asters



Six Colorful Annuals, 40c

The "Magnificent Garden" assortment will give you a wide range of colors and a succession of bloom throughout the Summer. Larkspur and Phlox will appear first, then Pansy and Helichrysum, followed by Asters and Scabiosa. Most of them will bloom continuously until frost

1 Each 40c of the Six







HALL'S Giant Crego Asters

Asters are so incomparably beautiful that every-one wishes to have them well represented in their one wishes to have them well represented in their garden. We know of no other type of Asters that are more charming than the Giant Crego. The flowers are large, measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter and 2½ inches thick. They are fully double and are composed of long, graceful petals, attractively curled and twisted, giving them the appearance of Chrysanthemums ance of Chrysanthemums.

Crimson Azure Blue Rose Pink Lavender Purple White Shell Pink Dark Blue Packet, 10c; 3 packets for 25c; ounce, \$1.50.

HALL'S Giant Mammoth Zinnias

These glorious annuals will furnish your garden with a riot of colors throughout the Summer until frost. The flowers are of massive size, often measuring 6 inches in diameter, and of all Zinnias they are the most perfectly formed. They may be grown successfully in any soil or climate and are especially suited to withstand the hot Summer weather. KNOW THEM—GROW THEM IN YOUR, GARDEN.

Orange Yellow Scarlet Crimson White Giant Mixed Purple Packet, 10c; 3 packets for 25c; ounce, \$1.25.

Hall Seed Company Incorporated

PREMIUM SEEDS

219-221 East Jefferson St., opposite Gardeners' Market

Louisville, Kentucky